

To
The Head of Institution/Principal

Sub:-MGNCRE-MoE-GOI – One District One Green Champion Award – Swachhta Action Plan-Exemplary Performance Awards - Reg.

Dear Professor, Namaskar! Congratulations from Mahatma Gandhi National Council of Rural Education(MGNCRE)!

The MGNCRE in the Ministry of Education in Government of India recognizes you as one of the Exemplary Performers in Swachhta Action Plan (SAP) Green Campus Initiative. Your contribution to the field of Swachhta aspects is well appreciated and we congratulate you. We recognise you as "One District One Green Champion".

In this Context, you are requested to send the details of the official bank account of your institution/college. A reward amount of Rs.5000/- (Five thousand Rupees only) and a Certificate from MGNCRE, Ministry of Education will reach through Collector/District Magistrate.

In this regard, kindly submit the Bank account details and relevant information through following link:

https://forms.gle/NRKLLcP4mhLWVptQ7

Thank you.

Best Wishes



भारतसरकार /Government of India

महात्मा गांधी राष्ट्रीय ग्रामीण शिक्षा परिषद / Mahatma Gandhi National Council of Rural Education उच्चशिक्षाविभाग/Department of Higher Education शिक्षामंत्रालय / Ministry of Education



District Green Champion Certificate

This is to certify that St. Joseph's College (Autonomous) is hereby recognized as District Green Champion of Kohima District for the Academic Year 2020-21. The Institution has successfully set up the Swachhta Action Plan Committee, adopted and implemented the best practices in the areas of Sanitation, Hygiene, Waste Management, Water Management, Energy Management and Greenery Management.

This certificate is given in the presence of Shri Gregory Thejawelie, NCS, Deputy Commissioner Kohima District, Nagaland.

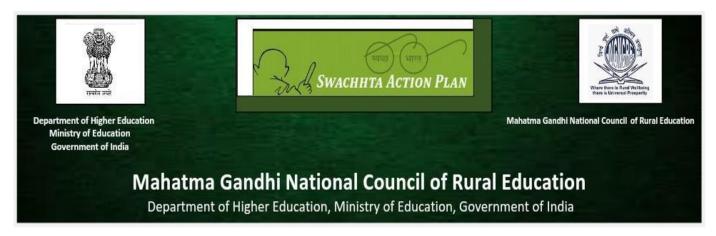
JULY 2021

Dr W G Prasanna Kumar Chairman MGNCRE, Ministry of Education Government of India

Mahatma Gandhi National Council of Rural Education Announces the Recipients of

"One District One Green Champion" Awards! Swachhta Action Plan 2020-2021

CONGRATULATIONS!!



| SL.NO | STATE/UT | DISTRICT | HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUITION |
|-------|---------------------------|---------------|--|
| 1. | ANDAMAN & NICOBAR ISLANDS | SOUTH ANDAMAN | ANDAMAN COLLEGE (ANCOL) |
| 2. | ANDHRA PRADESH | ANANTAPUR | SRI SATHYA SAI INSTITUTE OF HIGHER LEARNING |
| 3. | ANDHRA PRADESH | CHITTOOR | APOLLO INSTITUTE OF MEDICAL SCIENCES AND RESEARCH |
| 4. | ANDHRA PRADESH | EAST GODAVARI | P.R. GOVERNMENT COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KAKINADA |
| 5. | ANDHRA PRADESH | GUNTUR | KONERU LAKSHMAIAH EDUCATION |

| | | | A.E.KALSEKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE & |
|------|-----------|------------------|--|
| | | | MANAGEMENT |
| 184. | MANIPUR | BISHNUPUR | PANDIT DEEN DAYAL UPADHYAY INSTITUTE |
| | | | OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES |
| 185. | MANIPUR | IMPHAL WEST | REGIONAL INSTITUTE OF MEDICAL SCIENCES |
| 186. | MANIPUR | SENAPATI | DON BOSCO COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) |
| | | | MARAM |
| 187. | MANIPUR | THOUBAL DISTRICT | INSTITUTE OF RURAL EDUCATION -IRE |
| 188. | MEGHALAYA | EAST KHASI HILLS | ST. EDMUND'S COLLEGE |
| 189. | MEGHALAYA | WEST GARO HILLS | DON BOSCO COLLEGE, TURA |
| 190. | MP | SHAJAPUR | SHUBHAM ACADEMY |
| 191. | NAGALAND | DIMAPUR | UNITY COLLEGE |
| 192. | NAGALAND | PEREN | ST. XAVIER COLLEGE |
| 193. | NAGALAND | KOHIMA | ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), |
| | | | JAKHAMA |
| 194. | ODISHA | BARGARH | IMPERIAL COLLEGE, BARGARH |
| 195. | ODISHA | GAJAPATI | CENTURION UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY |
| | | | AND MANAGEMENT, PARLAKHEMUNDI |
| | | | CAMPUS |
| 196. | ODISHA | GANJAM | ROLAND INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY |
| 197. | ODISHA | JAJPUR | SHRI DADHIBAMAN JEW SANSKRIT |





GREEN AUDIT REPORT

Of

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), JAKHAMA

Kohima, Nagaland – 797001 INDIA

NAGALAND POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

GREEN AUDIT Certificate

NPCB/GAR/2023/03



This is to certify that

St. Joseph's College (Autonomous) Jakhama, Kohima, Nagaland

has successfully undergone a Green Audit during 2022-2023 under the Supervision of Nagaland Pollution Control Board.

The college has submitted necessary data and credentials for scrutiny. The activities and measures carried out by the college have been verified. The efforts taken by the college towards conserving environment and sustainability is appreciated and commendable.

(K. HUKATO CHISHI, IFS)

Member Secretary

Member Secretary

Nagaland Pollution Cs. Soard

Nagaland: Dimapur

MEMBERS OF GREEN AUDIT TEAM

INTERNAL COMMITTEE

- 1. Dr. Fr. George Keduolhou Angami, Principal, SJC (A)
- 2. Rev. Fr. Peter Solo, Dean of Science, SJC (A)
- 3. Dr. Hormila G Zingkhai, IQAC Coordinator, SJC (A)
- 4. Department of Botany, SJC (A)
- 5. Department of Chemistry, SJC (A)
- 6. Department of Physics, SJC (A)
- 7. Department of Mathematics, SJC (A)
- 8. Department of Zoology, SJC (A)

EXTERNAL EXPERT COMMITTEE

Nagaland Pollution Control Board Government of Nagaland Dimapur, Nagaland

CONTENTS

| | | | Page No | |
|-------------------------------|------------|--|----------|--|
| ACKNOWL | EDGE | MENT | 1 | |
| DISCLAIME | DISCLAIMER | | | |
| EXECUTIVE | SUN | MMARY | III - VI | |
| 1 | Env | ironment Management Plan and Policy of the college | 1-7 | |
| 2 | Esse | ence of Green Audit | 8-9 | |
| 3 | Met | thodology | 10 | |
| 4 | Ana | lysis report | 11-24 | |
| | 4.1 | Assessment of Soil | 11-16 | |
| | 4.2 | Assessment of Water Quality | 17-18 | |
| | 4.3 | Energy consumption Audit | 19-20 | |
| | 4.4 | Waste management | 21-23 | |
| | 4.5 | Water Management | 24 | |
| 5 | Gre | en Initiatives of the College | 25-42 | |
| 6 | Con | clusion | 43-44 | |
| Annexure I Diversity of Flora | | 45-55 | | |
| Annexure l | II | Diversity of Fauna | 56-65 | |
| Annexure l | III | List of Energy Consumed | 66-78 | |
| Annexure I | IV | List of E-Waste Collected | 79-83 | |

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

St. Joseph's College (Autonomous), Jakhama, acknowledges the Green Audit Report Team for meticulously compiling the report. The college appreciates the cooperation received from the management, faculties, non-teaching staff and students during the entire process.

At the outset, we acknowledge the efforts of the college Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC) for striving to achieve and maintain an environment- habitable and pristine in its state.

We also acknowledge the help rendered by the Department of Chemistry for the analysis of the water samples collected from in and around the campus. We thank the Department of Zoology for the analysis of the soil samples and for providing data of the fauna present in the college campus. The same goes to the Department of Botany for providing and analyzing the biodiversity data of the flora available in the college campus. Special thanks to the Department of Mathematics and Physics for preparing the Energy Audit Report of the whole campus.

The college is ever grateful to Nagaland GIS & Remote Sensing Centre, Government of Nagaland, for furnishing the aerial map of the college along with the topography and ecological cover of the surroundings areas. Mention is made here of our indebtedness to the External Expert Committee from the Nagaland Pollution Control Board, Government of Nagaland, for the expert opinions and recommendations, thereby authenticating this report.

DISCLAIMER

Green Audit Team has prepared this report based on the primary data collected from different locations within the college campus. All considerations have been taken into account to analyse the samples scientifically without any bias. Details contained in this report have been compiled in good faith based on the information gathered.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

One of the major concerns of the world today is of the deteriorating environment and its adverse impact on planet earth, particularly the human race. It occupies the main headlines of every news and is the subject of debate and discussion in every forum at the world's arena. The reality which hit the world fast and thick at the beginning of the 21st century is that of the climate change and the rising earth's temperature. This phenomenon came about all of a sudden because the world at large did not heed to the cautious words of the environmentalists and the ecologists. No corner of this earth is now spared by the onslaught of this climate change. Every nation is faced with the surmounting problem due to the havoc caused by nature. This altogether have upset the social, economic and political scenario, thereby compelling the people and the governments to reflect and restructure their policies and principles as it requires a collective effort of the nations to tackle this pressing issue.

Though, one cannot turn back the clock and revert back to the original state, yet efforts can be made individually and collectively to restore the ailing planet. Apart from homes and government offices, one of the best places to address this issue is the educational institutes.

Educational institutes whether small or big, consist of a milieu where students, scholars, faculties and academicians get to interact and exchange ideas to bring about positive changes. The studies and findings of educational institute have always influenced the policy makers and aided in the decision making of any government, paving a way forward for a sustainable development and a secured future. In this regard, St. Joseph's College (Autonomous), Jakhama is no exception.

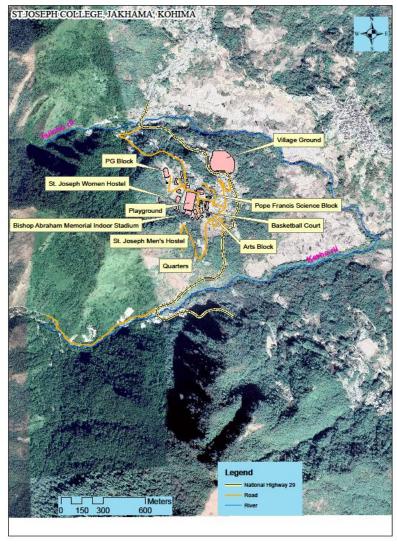
Adhering to the norms and standards set by St. Joseph's College (Autonomous) and in tune with the plans and policies formulated by the institution pertaining to environment and related issues, the Green Audit Report takes into consideration those initiatives meant for maintaining a balance between the anthropogenic activities and nature, and the overall

up-kept of the environment. This calls for the involvement and the participation of all the stakeholders in and around the campus. It has always been the policy of the college to disseminate information and create awareness with regard to its environment. The college since its inception in 1985 have maintained cleanliness, tranquillity and co-existence with nature and the community around it, a legacy that still continues.

The Green Audit Report of St. Joseph's College (Autonomous) is an effort to estimate both the positive and adverse impact on the environment due to the presence of the educational institution. It also provides a way forward for fulfilling and achieving a more positive approach towards maintaining a balance between the need of the institution and the surrounding environment. Though considered as a small initiative made by the college, nevertheless the small step taken is a giant leap towards mankind's effort to protect Mother Nature.



Photo: Panoramic View of St. Joseph's College (Autonomous), Jakhama



Source: GIS and Remote Sensing Office, Government of Nagaland, 2023

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTINGS OF THE COLLEGE

OVERVIEW OF THE COLLEGE

St. Joseph's College (Autonomous), Jakhama, Nagaland is a Catholic institution of higher learning established and managed by the Diocese of Kohima, Nagaland. It is the first college established by the Catholic Church in Nagaland. It aims at imparting quality higher education that is based on the Christian vision of life. Catholic education stresses the formation of the whole person by recognising and developing the vast potentialities latent in the student in a balanced manner, taking into account the student's socio-cultural context.

The college admits students from all social milieus, thus at present, it has a total enrolment of around 4058 students hailing from different communities from North East and across the rest of the country. The college offers undergraduate programmes in Bachelor of Arts with Honours in Economics, Education, English, History, Political Science and Sociology, Bachelor of Commerce, Bachelor of Business Administration and Bachelor of Science with honours in Botany, Chemistry, Mathematics, Physics and Zoology. The college also offers Post Graduate Programmes in Master of Arts in Economics, English, History, Political Science and Sociology, and Master of Science in Botany.

The college is included in the List of Colleges under Section 2 (f) & 12 (B) of the UGC Act, 1956, and has been Re-accredited by the National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC) with A Grade (CGPA 3.12). The college was conferred autonomous status in the year 2018. To keep pace with the new educational policy of the country, the college has introduced the Curriculum and Framework of NEP 2020 from the academic year 2023-2024.

VISION AND MISSION OF THE COLLEGE

The vision of St. Joseph's College is to impart quality education at the higher level in a Christian atmosphere to deserving students, especially those belonging to the Catholic, Christian communities and those belonging to Scheduled Tribes, Scheduled Castes and OBCs and thus help in the diffusion of knowledge and advancement of educational activities in all its branches

including vocational, technical, professional, cultural, social and moral education. The mission of the college is to form men and women who are intellectually alert, morally upright, religiously oriented, socially conscious, culturally distinct and nationally integrated. Thus, the college aims at formation of the whole person by recognising and developing the vast potentialities latent in the student in a balanced manner, taking into account the student's socio-cultural context.

OBJECTIVE OF THE COLLEGE

- 1. To enable students to become men and women of character with sound moral principles.
- 2. To inculcate in the students life-long desire for learning.
- 3. To create in the students harmonious blend of faith and culture.
- 4. To strive towards excellence in every field.
- 5. To educate the young minds on selfless service to the society.
- 6. To sensitise the students on the current socio-economic, political and cultural issues.
- 7. To provide quality education which is socially relevant and useful for life.

ENVIRONMENT SETTING

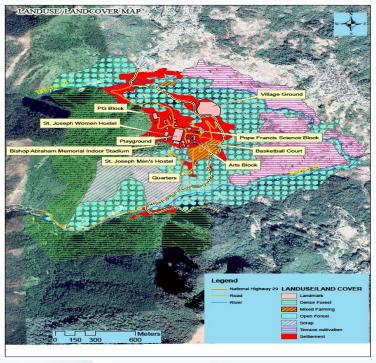
The college is situated at the foot of the mountain *Thubo*, also called *Cheyiezho*, just above the National Highway 29. Located at 25°06′ N and 27°04′ N latitude (North of Equator) and 93°20′ E and 95°15′ E longitude (East of GMT) in a sprawling campus South-West of Jakhama village, about 18kms from Kohima, the state capital of Nagaland, the college is spread over 26.9 acres which includes the college buildings, a multi-disciplinary playing ground, basketball court and a mini zoo. The College infrastructure includes three academic buildings- Arts Block, St. Pope Francis Science Building, Post-Graduate and Research Block Building, five hostels- SJC Men's Hostel, Adoration Women's Hostel, St. Joseph's Girls Hostel, Ave Maria Women's Hostel and CMC Women's Hostel, Auditorium, Bishop Abraham Memorial Indoor Stadium, Staff Quarters, Father's Residence and the college chapel. The hostels and residences are provided with sustainable technological equipments such as solar panels, rain harvesting system and solar lamps and solar bulbs are fixed within the whole campus area for lighting the campus.

Furthermore, the college maintains its own green belts such as lawns, gardens, Herbal Plant Heritage cum Botanical garden and orchards within its campus.



Photo: Environment setting of St. Joseph's College (Autonomous) Campus

MAP OF LANDUSE/ ENVIRONMENT SETTING OF ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS)



Source: GIS and Remote Sensing Office, Government of Nagaland, 2023

FLORA AND FAUNA ENDEMIC TO THE COLLEGE

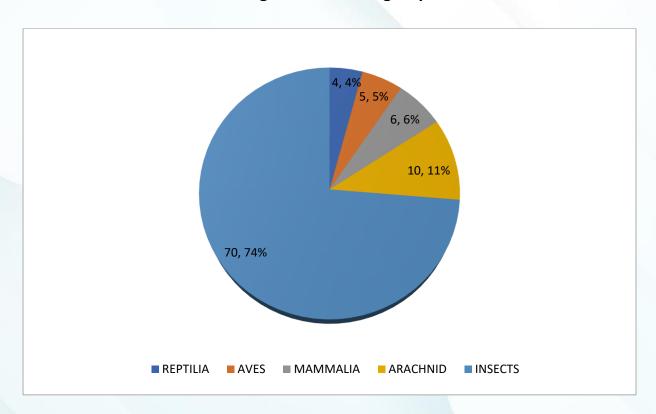
The college is surrounded by luscious greeneries adorned with pine trees, herbs and shrubs with magnificent view of beautiful mountains. The most common plants belonging to the family *Asteraceae* was observed with approximately 30 species being identified. However, the number of species in *Asteraceae* is rivaled only by the species *Orchidaceae*, but the quantity of extant species in each family is unknown. The members of *Asteraceae* found are generally easy to distinguish from other plants because of their unique inflorescence and other shared characteristics, such as join anthers of the stamens.

There are 76 Numbers of families with approximately 176 species identified in St. Joseph's College Autonomous, Jakhama. These are Rutaceae, Poaceae, Geraniaceae, Apocynaceae, Polygonaceae, Orchidaceae, Amaranthaceae, Eupatorieae, Asteraceae, Phyllanthaceae, Papaveraceae, Ericaceae, Malvaceae, Athyriaceae, Tropaeolaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Lamiaceae, Verbenaceae, Fagaceae, Fabaceae, Cannabaceae, Passifloraceae, Primulaceae, moraceae, Arecaceae, Asphodelaceae, Brassicaceae, Woodsiaceae, Cannaceae, Oleaceae, Apiaceae, Asperaceae, Commelinaceae, Compositae, Asparagaceae, Hypoxidaceae, Plantaginaceae, Araliaceae, Caryophyllaceae, Proteaceae, Solanaceae, Dennstaedtiaceae, Aspleniaceae, Cystoptesidaceae, Onagraceae, Scrophulariaceae, Ranunculaceae, Smilaceae, Cupressaceae, Liliaceae, Polypodiaceae, Betulaceae, Cyperaceae, Myrtaceae, Caryophyllaceae, Musaceae, Lindsaeaceae, Dryopteridaceae, Meliaceae, Dracaenaceae, Zamiaceae, Rubiaceae, Lythraceae, Nyctaginaceae, Urticaceae, Leguminoseae, Selaginellaceae, Acanthaceae, Aistroemeriaceae, Theaceae, Rosaceae, Taxaceae, Pandaceae, Cucurbitaceae. 51 families were found to have the least number of species out of the 79 families in Jakhama village. Some of the examples are Papaveraceae, Cyperaceae, Asperaceae, etc.

The college ecosystem is also endowed with abundance of medicinal plants, such as Catharanthus roseus, Mimosa pudica, Polygonum moll, Allium sativum, Mentha spicata, Psidium guayava, Fagopyrum esculentum, Curculigo capitulat,Blumea spp., Eryngium foetidu,Ageratum conyzoide,Solanum nigrum,Centella asiatica,Solanum indicum,Houttuynia cordata,Equisetum arvense,Plantago major etc.

The campus and its surrounding is rich in faunal diversity which includes amphibians, reptiles, birds, mammals mostly rodents, spiders and other insects. However, due to the high fenced walls around the campus, larger species of mammals can hardly be seen though the forest around the campus is abound with varied species of wild life. The college is maintaining a miniature enclosure kept as mini zoo on an experimental basis.

Pie-chart showing % of different groups of animals:



ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLANS AND POLICIES OF THE COLLEGE

St. Joseph's College (Autonomous) Jakhama, is situated midway between Kohima, the capital of Nagaland and the bordering state Manipur. A less noticeable feature of the college and its surrounding area is that, it experiences most of the temperamental weather phenomenon not witnessed in the immediate vicinities. Being situated in an ecologically and topographically fragile environment, all the infrastructural development plans are executed keeping in mind the slope gradient, surface run off and to mitigate the impact of human activity on the environment.

It has always been the policy of the college to disseminate information and create awareness with regard to the surrounding environment especially of the campus through the Green Initiative of the college such as —

- Promulgating Environmental consciousness by introducing individual courses such as Environmental Studies (EVS), Economics of Agriculture, Environmental Sociology (both UG and PG), Green Chemistry etc., as part of the curriculum.
- 2. Inculcating the students with a sense of environmental responsibility through active involvements by enrolling in NSS, NCC, Eco Club and E-waste Management clubs introduced in the college.
- 3. Conducting of Environmental Awareness Campaigns regularly.
- 4. Carrying out environment based activities like mass social works, tree plantations, maintenance of Botanical Garden cum Herbal Heritage, maintenance of Mini Zoo.
- 5. Introduction of Eco-friendly products like paper pencil, plantable badge and paper pen by the Department of Sociology.
- 6. Diligently carrying day to day waste management, besides laboratory waste are disposed securely and safely.
- The college also takes keen interest in creating awareness for proper disposal of Ewaste.

8. The College was recognised as the District Green Champion of Kohima district for the Academic Year 2020-2021, under Mahatma Gandhi National Council of Rural Education "One District One Green Champion"

Thus, the college community including the management, the faculty, Non-teaching staff and more significantly the students are committed in pursuing various activities for a sustainable development with efficient resource utilisation. This is further achieved through the following efforts:

- 1. Sensitising the college community on the proper management of water
- 2. Maintaining and utilising the 'Rain Water Harvesting facilities available in the campus.
- 3. Maximising the use of ICT (information and Communications Technology) and minimizing the use of paper ushering towards a 'Paperless Office'.
- 4. Encouraging vermi-composting of biodegradable waste in the campus for use as manure and other purposes.
- 5. Protecting and nurturing the Flora and Fauna in the campus by identifying and preserving them.
- 6. Moving towards clean and renewable energy source like solar, wind and bio-fuel etc., in future.

ESSENCE OF THE GREEN AUDIT REPORT

The Green Audit Report (2022-2023) of the St. Joseph's College (Autonomous) is compiled and furnished for the record and future references. This report is meticulously prepared in a systematic and scientific manner with the sincere and keen efforts of the college community and all the stake-holders having a common goal – "to preserve and protect the pristine environment in and around the college.

This Report will serve as an annual document with respect to the policies and progress made by the college to protect and preserve the healthy yet fragile environment in the college premises and is done by carrying out various tasks viz., water analysis, soil analysis, waste management and analysis of energy consumption with a view to understand the current environmental condition of the college campus and to device better method and formulate further measures for a better and greener environment.

GOALS AND OBJECTIVES OF GREEN AUDIT

The purpose of the audit is to identify, quantify, describe and prioritize a definite guideline of the college for a sustainable and renewable environment in compliance with the applicable regulations, policies and standards. Thus, the goals and main objectives of carrying out Green Audit are:

GOALS OF GREEN AUDIT REPORT

- To preserve and protect the flora and fauna of the fragile ecosystem in and around the college, thereby protecting the environment without destroying it.
- To enable certain scientific procedures for the efficient disposal of waste and its management
- To maintain a balance between nature and human activity
- To save energy by utilising it efficiently

- Adopting scientific method of disposing biological and chemical wastes produced in the laboratories
- To monitor the daily weather phenomenon in the campus and thereby ascertain the climate change.
- ❖ To build a sustainable future in harmony with nature.

OBJECTIVES OF GREEN AUDIT

- To examine the method adopted by the college for energy consumption and proper utilisation of natural resources.
- To examine the scientific methods of waste management both biodegradable and non-biodegradable.
- To examine the types and quality of the soil besides assessing the quality of the water.
- To study the flora and fauna in and around the college, thereby advocating approaches to conserve it.
- To generate a database for a future sustainable management of the environment.

METHODOLOGY

In order to perform the task of compiling the Green Audit Report, the methodology includes and employed different tools such as laboratory experiments, physical inspection of the college infrastructure and surrounding environment, observation and review of the documentation, interviewing key persons, data analysis, calculations and recommendations relating subjects of specialization. The details below are the assessments carried out by adapting the given methodology:

| S. No. | Area of Assessment | Methodology |
|--------|----------------------|--|
| 1 | Soil assessment | Experimental verification in the Laboratory |
| 2 | Water assessment | Experimental verification in in the |
| | | Laboratory |
| 3 | Assessment of Energy | Physical interviews, verifications, and data |
| | Consumptions | collection in all the campus buildings |
| 4 | Waste Management | Spot verification |
| 5 | Water Management | Spot verification |
| 6 | Flora diversity | Spot verification, data collection and |
| | | literature survey |
| 7 | Fauna diversity | Spot verification, data collection and |
| | | literature survey |

ANALYSIS REPORT

Assessment of Soil

Soil samples were collected from within the college campus from four different sites viz-Sample I (Arts Block), Sample II (Science Block), Sample III (PG Block) and Sample IV (Above Football Ground).

The parameters for the analysis are as follows:

- 1. Moisture content
- 2. pH
- 3. Electrical conductivity
- 4. TOC
- 5. Phosphate
- 6. Water Holding Capacity
- 7. Sulphur
- 8. Potassium
- 9. Chloride

The analyses for the following were done as per the standard procedure. The procedures followed and results tabulated are presented as follows:

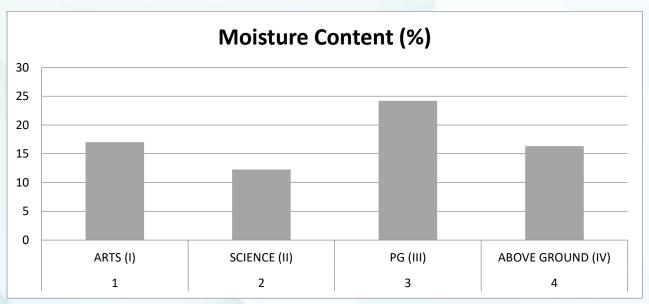
Methods and procedure used for the assessment of Soil

| | Analysis | Procedures |
|---|-------------------------|--|
| 1 | Moisture content | A certain amount of soil is placed in a container that is heated to 105 °C and dried until all moisture is evaporated. The resulting difference in mass represents the water that has evaporated. |
| 2 | рН | The pH is measured using a pH sensitive electrode system. Values on the pH scale are broken down to distinguish the relative acidity or alkalinity |
| 3 | Electrical conductivity | The EC is measured using an EC meter. The meter is equipped with a probe that is inserted into the soil extract, and the reading is displayed on a digital screen. |
| 4 | TOC | The determination of soil organic carbon is based on the Walkley-Black oxidation method. Oxidisable matter in the soil is oxidized by 1N K2Cr2O7 solution. The reaction is assisted by the heat generated when two volumes of H2SO4 are mixed with one volume of the dichromate. The remaining dichromate is titrated with ferrous sulphate. The titre is inversely related to the amount of C present in the soil sample. |
| 5 | Phosphate | The amount of phosphate present is determined by comparison of the blue colour with known standards of phosphate, subjected to the same reaction with molybdate reagent. From this information, the concentration of phosphate in the soil can be calculated. |

| 6 | Water Holding Capacity | The maximum amount of water retained by soil per unit of its dry weight after the gravitational flow has ceased is called water holding capacity or field capacity of the soil. Take 100 gm dried sample soil. Pour 100 ml of water in each funnel. Record the volume of filtered out water in the measuring cylinder when the dripping of water stops from the funnel. |
|---|------------------------------|---|
| 7 | Sulphur | Take 5 g of air dried and sieved soil and added 50 ml of distilled water to make a uniform suspension. The above samples absorbance was measured at λ max of 420 nm using distilled water as blank. The calibration curve was drawn using the standard sulphate solutions of different strengths and recorded the absorbance for each. |
| 8 | Potassium | Flame photometer quantifies the concentration of Potassium content in the samples. The basic concept of working of flame spectrometer is that, a flame through its heat can raise the atoms from a lower energy state to a higher energy state and when it comes back to its ground state, there is emission in the form of radiations. And determination of these radiations is by flame photometer is proportional to the concentration of ion concentration in the sample. |
| 9 | Chloride | Titration method: This method uses a back titration with potassium thiocyanate to determine the concentration of chloride ions in the soil sample. |

1. Moisture content

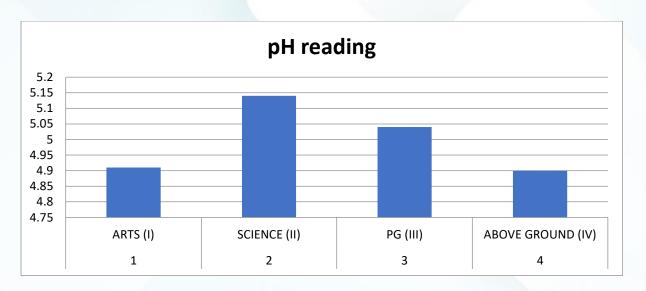
| Sl. No | Soil Sample/Location | Moisture Content (%) | Remarks |
|--------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. | ARTS (I) | 17.01 | Optimum moisture content |
| 2. | SCIENCE (II) | 12.25 | u |
| 3. | PG (III) | 24.18 | и |
| 4. | ABOVE GROUND (IV) | 16.32 | и |



2. Ph

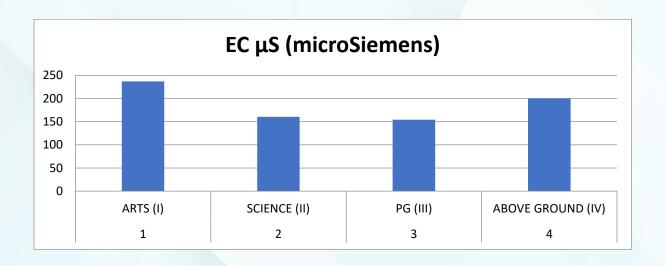
| SI. No | Soil Sample | pH reading | Remarks |
|--------|-------------|------------|-------------------------|
| 1. | ARTS (I) | 4.91 | Slightly/ weakly acidic |

| 2. | SCIENCE (II) | 5.14 | u |
|----|-------------------|------|---|
| 3. | PG (III) | 5.04 | и |
| 4. | ABOVE GROUND (IV) | 4.90 | и |



3. Electrical Conductivity

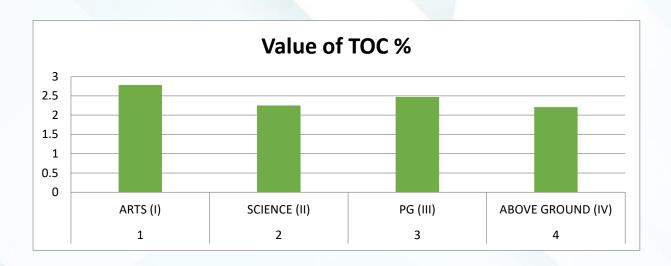
| SI. No | Soil Sample/ Location | EC μS (microSiemens) | Remarks |
|--------|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. | ARTS (I) | 236.8 | Optimum salinity |
| 2. | SCIENCE (II) | 160.4 | Salinity low, effect negligible |
| 3. | PG (III) | 154.4 | Salinity low, effect negligible |
| 4. | ABOVE GROUND (IV) | 200.1 | Optimum salinity |



4. Total Organic Carbon

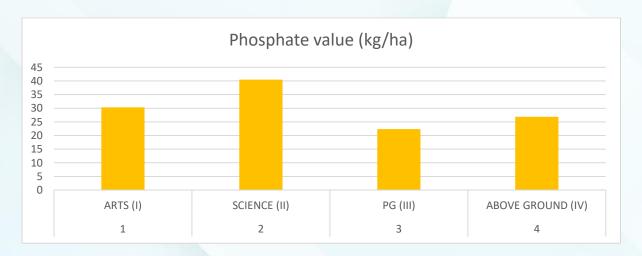
| SI. No Soil Sample/ Location Value of TOC % Remarks | SI. No | Soil Sample/ Location | Value of TOC % | Remarks | |
|---|--------|-----------------------|----------------|---------|--|
|---|--------|-----------------------|----------------|---------|--|

| 1. | ARTS (I) | 2.78 | High TOC content |
|----|-------------------|------|------------------|
| 2. | SCIENCE (II) | 2.25 | u |
| 3. | PG (III) | 2.47 | u |
| 4. | ABOVE GROUND (IV) | 2.21 | и |



5. Phosphate

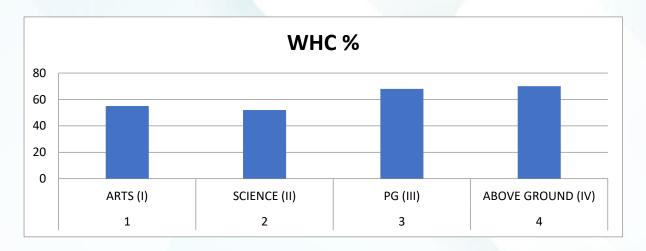
| SI. No | Soil Sample/Location | Phosphate value (kg/ha) | Remarks |
|--------|----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. | ARTS (I) | 30.3 | High in Phosphate content |
| 2. | SCIENCE (II) | 40.5 | u |
| 3. | PG (III) | 22.35 | u |
| 4. | ABOVE GROUND (IV) | 26.85 | и |



6. Water Holding Capacity

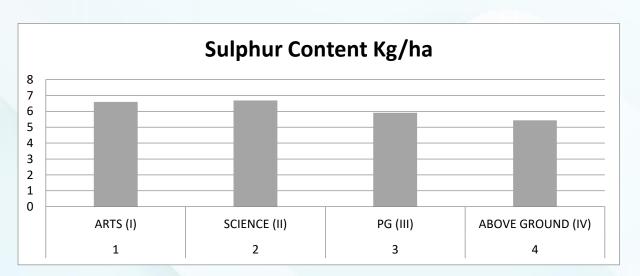
| SI. No | Soil Sample/Location | WHC % | Remarks |
|--------|----------------------|-------|-----------------------------|
| 1. | ARTS (I) | 55 | High Water Holding Capacity |

| 2. | SCIENCE (II) | 52 | и |
|----|-------------------|----|---|
| 3. | PG (III) | 68 | и |
| 4. | ABOVE GROUND (IV) | 70 | и |



7. Sulphur

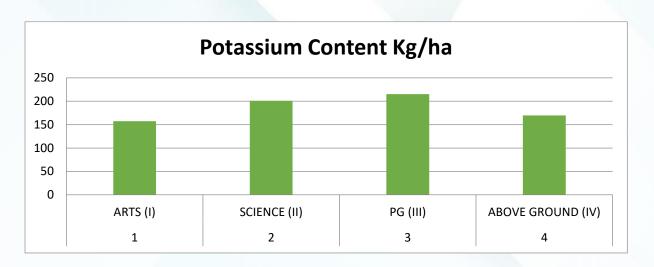
| SI. No | Soil Sample/Location | Sulphur Content Kg/ha | Remarks |
|--------|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| 1. | ARTS (I) | 6.5944 | Low in Sulphur |
| 2. | SCIENCE (II) | 6.6784 | u |
| 3. | PG (III) | 5.9076 | u |
| 4. | ABOVE GROUND (IV) | 5.4343 | и |



8. Potassium

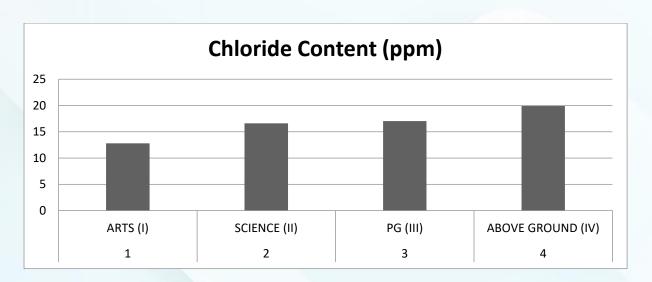
| Sl. No. | Soil Sample/ Location | Potassium Content Kg/ha | Remarks |
|---------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| 1. | ARTS (I) | 157.28 | Medium range |

| 2. | SCIENCE (II) | 200.87 | u |
|----|-------------------|--------|---|
| 3. | PG (III) | 215.35 | u |
| 4. | ABOVE GROUND (IV) | 169.57 | u |



9. Chloride

| SI. No | Soil Sample/Location | Chloride Content (ppm) | Remarks |
|--------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. | ARTS (I) | 12.78 | High in Cl⁻ content |
| 2. | SCIENCE (II) | 16.61 | u |
| 3. | PG (III) | 17.04 | и |
| 4. | ABOVE GROUND (IV) | 19.88 | u |



Assessment of water quality

The water samples were collected from three different sources within the college campus and analysed as per standard procedures. The major parameters include pH, Total Dissolved solids, Conductivity, DO, Total Hardness, Calcium, Magnesium, Iron, Sulphate BOD and ORP. The results are compared with the values of drinking water standards prescribed by BIS.

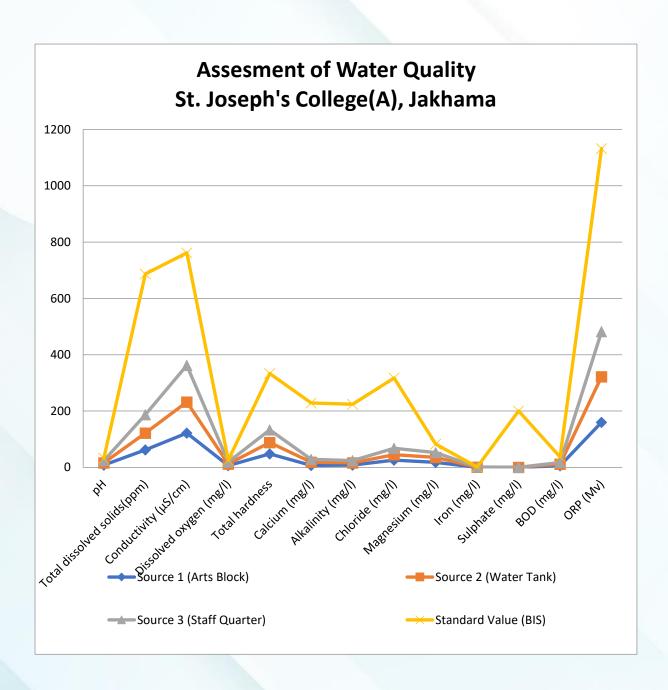
Methods used to test the Parameters

| Parameters | Methods | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| pH | pH meter | |
| Total dissolved solids | Gravimetric analysis | |
| Conductivity | Conductivity meter | |
| Dissolved oxygen | Titration method against (0.1 N) hypo solution | |
| Hardness | Titration method against (0.05 N) EDTA solution | |
| Calcium and magnesium | Titration with sodium salt of EDTA | |
| Alkalinity | Indicator via titration method with (0.01N) hypo solution | |
| Chloride | Titration against (0.01 N) AgNO₃ solution | |
| Iron | Titration against (0.01 N) potassium permanganate | |
| Sulphate | Turbidity technique | |
| BOD | Titration method against (0.025 N) hypo solution | |
| ORP | - | |

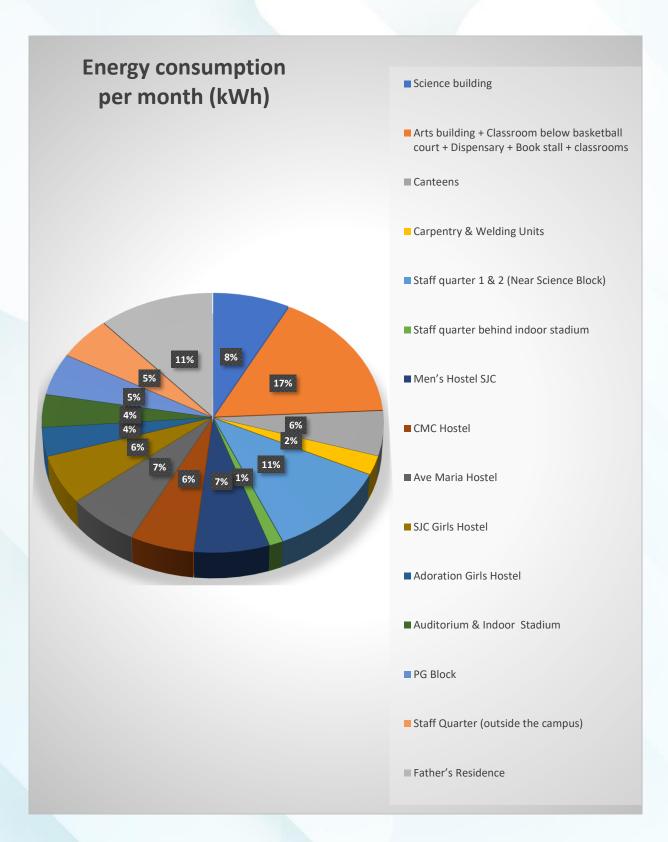
The various water quality parameters selected for chemical analysis are listed in the table below:

| Parameters | Source 1 (Arts Block) | Source 2 (Water Tank) | Source 3 (Staff Quarter) | Standard Value (BIS) |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| pH | 8.27 | 7.68 | 8.20 | 6.5-8.5 |
| Total dissolved solids(ppm) | 62 | 60 | 65 | 500 |
| Conductivity (µS/cm) | 122 | 110 | 130 | 400 |
| Dissolved oxygen (mg/l) | 6.11 | 6.05 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| Total hardness | 48 | 40 | 45 | 200 |
| Calcium (mg/l) | 7.21 | 11.22 | 10 | 200 |
| Alkalinity (mg/l) | 8.27 | 7.68 | 8.20 | 200 |
| Chloride (mg/l) | 25.5 | 19.8 | 22.3 | 250 |

| Magnesium (mg/l) | 17.9 | 17.5 | 16.9 | 30 |
|---------------------|------|------|------|-----|
| Iron (mg/l) | 0.15 | 0.50 | 0.35 | 0.3 |
| Sulphate (mg/l) | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 200 |
| BOD (mg/l) | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 20 |
| ORP (Mv) | 160 | 162 | 160 | 650 |



ENERGY AUDIT REPORT FOR COLLEGE CAMPUS



| SI. No | Location | Energy consumption per month (kWh) |
|-----------|--|------------------------------------|
| 1 | Science building | 930.19 |
| 2 | Arts building + Classroom below basketball court + Dispensary + Book stall + classrooms | 2013.933 |
| 3 | Canteens | 683.28 |
| 4 | Carpentry & Welding Units | 285.792 |
| 5 | Staff quarter 1 & 2 (Near Science Block) | 1397.7815 |
| 6 | Staff quarter behind indoor stadium | 151.05 |
| 7 | Men's Hostel SJC | 842.34 |
| 8 | CMC Hostel | 713.418 |
| 9 | Ave Maria Hostel | 800.324 |
| 10 | SJC Girls Hostel | 740.228 |
| 11 | Adoration Girls Hostel | 432.24 |
| 12 | Auditorium & Indoor Stadium | 501.174 |
| 13 | PG Block | 642.349 |
| 14 | Staff Quarter (outside the campus) | 656.95 |
| 15 | Father's Residence | 1398.74 |
| | Total energy consumption in kWh/month | 12189.79 |
| | Energy cost per month (Rs.6.8/kWh) | Rs. 82,890.572/month |

Waste Management Mechanism and Implementation

The college besides being a hub of educational activity includes residential campus and a vibrant community performing different functions and duties. Waste generated during the process are managed and controlled by the college itself.

Segregation of waste for degradation, recycling and disposal are done at the source to prevent threat to life and the environment. The details of waste management practices are highlighted below:

| Types of Waste | | Constituents | Disposal method | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|--|---|--|
| E-Waste | | Old computer parts, electronic boards and wires, old printers, old batteries etc | Partnering agency E-Circle | |
| Non Bio-degradable solid waste | | Broken glass wares, empty plastic & glass containers | Broken glass wares are segregated from other waste and disposed off. Reusable empty plastic/glass containers are washed thoroughly and reused for different purposes. | |
| Biodegradable | solid waste | Food waste, vegetable peels, leaves etc | Piggery, Vermi-composting | |
| Chemical waste | Solid | Filter paper, broken glass wares, | Incineration Land fill | |
| | Liquid | Acids, organic solvents | Diluted with water | |
| | Toxic | Heavy metals | Disposed in isolated surroundings | |
| Water waste | | Urinals, bathrooms | Proper drainage system | |

Solid waste: The solid wastes collected from different labs are mostly composed of filter paper, waste chemical, broken glass wares, empty plastics/ glass containers. Reusable empty plastic/ glass containers are washed thoroughly and reused for different purposes. The rest of the wastes are disposed-off by thermal incineration (90%) and land fill (10%).

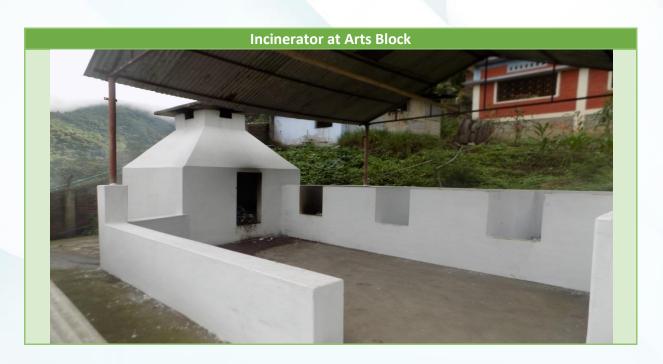
Liquid waste: Concentrated inorganic acids such as HCl, H₂SO₄, HNO₃, etc., that are used during experiments are diluted with copious amount of water before disposing. Contaminated organic solvent such as acetone from washing glass wares are recovered using rota-evaporator and reused.

Chemical waste: The chemical wastes that are collected from different laboratories can be categorised into three categories: Solid, Liquid and Toxic. Each of these categories of chemical wastes is disposed-off using standard and safety methods.

E-waste: Electronic waste poses one of the present day hazards. The management of this waste requires expert handling. As such, E-circle is the partnering agency of the college for the management and disposal of the E-waste.









Since the college is managing the waste on its own, efforts are on, to evolve a better and efficient system by appointing a Welfare Committee along with a disposal unit or squad and building a common dumping site, all with the involvement of the whole community.

Water Management

Water is an essential yet a luxurious commodity in today's world. St. Joseph's College (Autonomous) and its community are fortunate to be abound with pure clean water from natural source without undergoing any stages of treatment. The college receives a continuous and steady water supply from Dzukou valley through the pipeline. The water is collected in a primary reservoir and distributed throughout the college by subsidiary pipelines. In addition, Rain water Harvesting facilities are available at five different locations and more such facilities to be constructed are in the offing.



To inculcate the efficient utilisation of water and reserving it for future use (especially during the dry season) requires environmental consciousness and a love for Mother Nature. Thus, the college always encourages judicious utilisation of water available in the campus.

GREEN INITIATIVES OF THE COLLEGE

The college promulgate Environmental consciousness by introducing individual courses such as Environmental Studies, Environmental Sociology (both UG and PG), Green Chemistry etc., as part of the curriculum. Apart from the curriculum, mention may be made of various environmental friendly activities conducted by the college:

- World Water Day was observed on 27th March, 2019 by the NCC (Girls) Cadets of the College. They visited the nearby Hostels and gave talks to create awareness about the judicious use of water and rain water harvesting
- 2. World Environment Day observed on 5th June 2019, by the NCC of SJC with 15 cadets by distributing old newspapers to the canteens in and around the college and cloth bag to the staff.
- 3. On 14th May, 2020, the NNC (Girls) cadets under the activity "Mission Paper Bag India" made 1,000 self-made eco-Friendly paper bags and distributed it to the shopkeepers, green grocers and streets vendors. This was taken up in order to train the cadets the skills of self-dependency and at the same time promote eco-friendly environment in the most economical way and aid greengrocers, shopkeepers and street vendors during the lockdown.
- 4. On 5th June, 2020, the NCC (Girls) cadets of the college observed World Environment Day by donating and distributing 500 paper bags to green grocers and street vendors at PR Hill, IOC and Mhonkhola area in Kohima, to promote eco-friendly environment and non-plastic products. The paper bags were made by the NCC girls and the Associate NCC Officer (SW) from old newspapers, magazines, calendars, and books. Also, 18 cadets participated in Quiz on National Environment Awareness organized by 24 NL (I) COY NCC, Kohima and an NCC Unit from Uttar Pradesh.
- 20th 23rd July, 2020: 11 NCC (Girls) cadets attended an online Capsule on Disaster Management for NCC organized by NDRF Academy, Nagpur (Maharashtra)
- From 12th to 14th Dec., 2020, as activity under Swachhta Pakhwada, cleaning of statues
 was carried out at Kohima Catholic Cathedral and at St. Joseph's College (Autonomous)
 Campus, by 30 NCC (Girls) Cadet.

In addition to the environment and Eco- friendly activities, the college has undertaken Green Initiatives, some of which are given below:

1. SOLAR PANELS, SOLAR LAMPS AND SENSOR-BASED ENERGY CONSERVATION LIGHTING ARE INSTALLED IN THE CAMPUS TO SAVE ENERGY



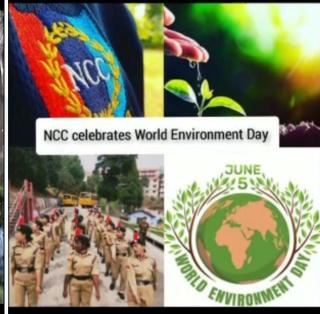


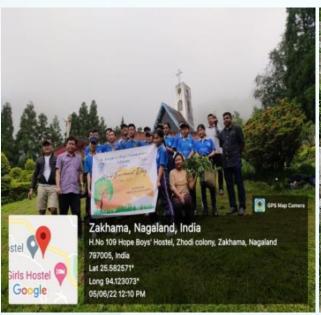




2. ANNUAL OBSERVATION OF WORLD ENVIRONMENT DAY ON 5TH JUNE









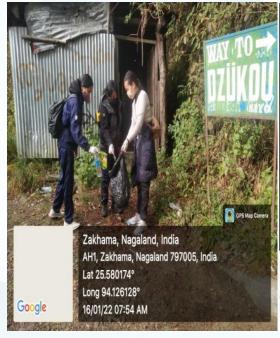
3. CONDUCTING CLEANLINESS DRIVE IN THE CAMPUS AND THE SURROUNDING AREAS







4. CONDUCTING OF CLEANLINESS DRIVE ON SITES OF IMPORTANCE IN KOHIMA DISTRICT





Initiated by Col Manjeet Katoch, Commanding Officer, 1 Nagaland Girls' Battalion NCC, Kohima, 13 NCC cadets (Senior Wing) of St. Joseph's College (Autonomous), Jakhama along with their Associate NCC Officer and 2 PI staff undertook a trek cum plogging to Dzükou Valley on April 29 as a gesture of environmental protection.





5. DUSTBINS AND WASTE BOXES ARE KEPT IN DIFFERENT AREAS OF THE COLLEGE CAMPUS AND ALSO IN ALL THE CLASSROOMS FOR REGULAR COLLECTION OF WASTES



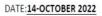


6. PLANTATION DRIVES





ST.JOSEPH'S COLLEEGE JAKHAMA(AUTONOMOUS) ECO CLUB PLANTATION CUM CLEANLINESS DRIVE



VENUE: Near SJC Women's hostel

ORDER OF THE PROGRAMME

1.Invocation

:Br.Joel Ajay

2.Welcome note

:Mr.Vihuzo Kense

3.Short speech

:Fr.Binoy(Administrator)

followed by the plantation of the sapling

4. Vote of thanks

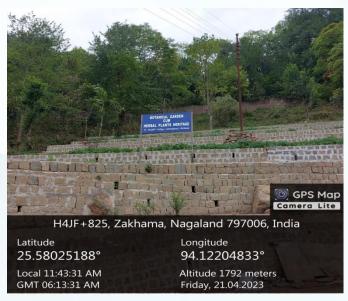
:Daniel Tep





7. HERBAL PLANTS HERITAGE SITE AND GARDENS

The college maintains Botanical Garden cum Herbal Plants Heritage. In addition, the Department of Botany undertakes gardening of Medicinal Plants and Floriculture with the objectives to help students gain knowledge, experience and practice the different methods of propagation of different plants and understand the basic physiology, metabolism, growth and development of plants. Such practices help in enhancing their knowledge of the plants and flowers and the medicinal properties of plants they cultivate and also contribute to the ecological diversity of the campus.







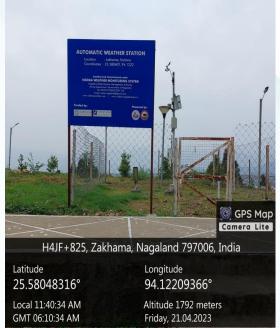
8. ORCHARD AND FARM





9. WEATHER STATION

10. MINI ZOO





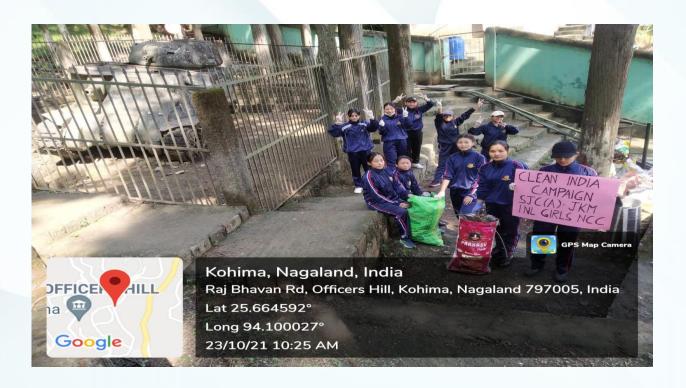


10. OBSERVATION OF ENVIRONMENT AND ECOLOGICAL DAYS AND ACTIVITIES

i. Commemorating the **International Youth Day** on 12th August 2021, the Ambassadors of the College conducted a Cleanliness drive around the Raj Bhavan area in Kohima



ii. **Clean India Campaign:** 23rd – 30th Oct., 2021- The NCC (Girls) Cadets of St. Joseph's College (A), Jakhama, participated in the Clean India Campaign by carrying out sanitation drive in Jakhama and Kohima





iii. On the occasion of the 25th National Youth Festival, celebrated from 12th – 16th January, 2022, the NCC (Girls) Cadets of the college conducted a cleanliness drive from the footpath till the Dzukou Valley



iv. Observation of World Sustainable Energy Day: 26th February 2022



v. Celebrating Earth Day: 22nd April, 2022



vi. Swachata cum Yoga Program was held on 14th May 2022 at JCC Kigwema organized by NSS Cell, Nagaland, Department of Youth Resources and Sports, Govt of Nagaland in collaboration with Japfu Christian College, Kigwema. 19 Volunteers from NSS Unit of St. Joseph's College participated at the event



11. Organising Environmental awareness campaigns and activities

 i. In order to create awareness about the rich biodiversity of the state, the NSS members of the college organised a **Biodiversity Walk** on the 11th February 2022.





ii. On the 7th of November 2022, the Eco Club of St. Joseph's College (A) Jakhama, in collaboration with Department of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Govt. of Nagaland, under National Mission on Himalayan Studies organised an Essay Competition on the theme "GREEN NAGALAND".



iii. The Eco Club of St. Joseph's College (Autonomous) Jakhama, organised a One day seminar on the theme "Single Use Plastics" on the 24th of March 2023



iv. Dr. Joyrison Kamba, Director of Eco Club, St. Joseph's College (Autonomous) Jakhama, participated in "One day seminar cum cleanliness drive" on the theme Mission Life (Lifestyle for Environment), held on the 24th May 2023 and organised by Department of Environment, Forest & Climate Change under NMHS Nagaland



12. MANAGEMENT OF E-WASTE

E-waste club, of St. Joseph's College (A), signed an **E-Waste management agreement** with **e-circle**, Dimapur Nagaland, on the 12th of September, 2022 for a period of 1 year from the date of its execution, which can be renewed at the end of every period by mutual consent. e-Circle in partnership with the first party Hulladek Recycling Private Limited, Kolkata, a company incorporated under the companies Act 2013, takes part in the collection and storage of E-waste in Nagaland.

The E-Waste Club, SJC (A) in collaboration with e-Circle joined hands in quest for a sustainable and pollution free environment.

The E-Waste club, SJC (A), Jakhama, with the aim of e-waste free environment carried out door to door collection drive at CMC Women's Hostel, Art's Block and Men's Hostel. The E-Waste club conducted the collection drive on the 12th of February, 7th and 9th of March, 2023. Some of the wastes collected were earpiece, desktop, laptop charger, wires etc.



13. ONE DISTRICT ONE GREEN CHAMPION

St. Joseph's College (Autonomous), Jakhama, was recognized as the District Green Champion of Kohima district for the Academic Year 2020- 2021 under the Mahatma Gandhi National Council of Rural Education "One District One Green Champion", Swachhta Action Plan 2020- 2021



14. LAUNCHING OF ECO-FRIENDLY PRODUCTS BY THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY

Launching of Newspaper Pencils: The first ever Newspaper pencils in Nagaland was launched by the Department of Sociology, St. Joseph's College (Autonomous), Jakhama under the entrepreneurial initiative of Mr. Keneisezo Thomas Belho, a Post Graduate Student of Department of Sociology of the College



Launching of Plantable Badge: An Eco- Friendly Initiative by the Department of Sociology, St. Joseph's College (Autonomous), Jakhama





CONCLUSION

Environmental sustainability is becoming an increasingly important issue for the nation whereby the role of higher educational institutions in relation to environmental sustainability is becoming more prevalent. Moreover, a clean and healthy environment aids in effective learning and provides a conducive learning environment. Accordingly, educational institutions are becoming more sensitive to environmental factors and more concepts are being introduced to make them eco-friendly. To preserve the environment within the campus, various modules are applied by the educational institutions to solve their environmental problems such as promotion of the energy savings, recycle of waste, water reduction, water harvesting etc. However, such activities pursued by the institution can also create a variety of adverse environmental impacts. Thus, the Green Audit of St. Joseph's College (Autonomous), Jakhama is conducted to ascertain the environmental performance of the college (based on its environmental policies and objectives) by evaluating the actual scenario at the campus.

The Green Audit Report of the college can serve as a useful tool to determine how and where the college is utilization of energy; the college can then consider how and where to implement changes and make savings. It can help manage the type and volume of waste, thereby determining better method to improve waste minimization plan and recycling project. Green auditing and the implementation of mitigation measures is a win-win situation for the whole institution and the environment. The report can be a basis to create health consciousness and promote environmental awareness, values and ethics. The Green Audit Report can also aid the college in financial savings through reduction of resource use besides providing the management, faculties, students and staff a better understanding of the Green impact on campus, giving an opportunity for the developing a sense of personal and social responsibility to the students and teachers. It is, thus, an imperative action of the college to evaluate its own contributions toward a sustainable future

The Green Audit Report is a clear indication that no matter the insignificant stride made to create a better environment, it is not a trivial affair at all. These efforts of St. Joseph's College (Autonomous), Jakhama, Nagaland, India, are a big leap towards ensuring a better environment for the future generation toward a habitable and sustainable world.

BENEFITS OF GREEN AUDIT

- Serve as an aid to protect and conserve the environment
- Recognise the cost effective methods through efficient waste management and resource optimisation.
- Comprehend the impact of human activities on environment
- Ensures conformity with the applicable laws pertaining to pollution, ecology and environmental factors.
- Ensuring the college with an environmental friendly campus
- Utilisation of energy efficiently
- Promotes environmental awareness to all.

FUTURE ACTION PLAN OF THE COLLEGE:

- i. To set up committees, units and groups to manage and oversee specific areas of environmental concern.
- ii. To enrol and encourage every member of the college community for active participation and responsibility.
- iii. Earmarked plans and project related to environment to be done on a priority bases within a given time.
- iv. Conduct seminars and programmes on environmental management and protection with specialists, experts and professionals for all the stakeholders.
- v. Periodically analyse and collect data of the ecosystem and the environment of the college, with the active involvement of the faculty, research scholars and students.
- vi. Maintain records and reports of the surrounding environment.

Annexure 1: Diversity of Flora

| S.N | Names | S.N | Names | S.N | Names | S.N | Names |
|-----|----------------------------|-----|-------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|-----|---|
| 1 | Leucosceptum canum | 39 | Cupressus lusitanica | 77 | Coelogyne mossiae | 115 | Rumex dentatus |
| 2 | Laggima crispata | 40 | Araucaria heterophylla | 78 | Tropaeolum majus | 116 | Brassica campestris |
| 3 | Phyllanthus tenellus | 41` | Debrigiasia longifolia | 79 | Chamaerops humilis | 117 | Rhododendron lapponicum |
| 4 | Nuttalanthus floridanus | 42 | Punica granatum | 80 | Galinsoga parviflora | 118 | Chenopodium giganteum |
| 5 | Eragrostis amabilis | 43 | Schefflera trevesioides | 81 | Canna indica L. | 119 | Curculigo |
| 6 | Rosa chinensis | 44 | Juniperus occidentalis | 82 | Prunus persica | 120 | Hedera nepalensis |
| 7 | Buddleja davridii | 45 | Eupatorium sp. | 83 | Myrrhis odorata | 121 | Zanthoxylum aramatum |
| 8 | Sonchus oleraceus | 46 | Malvastrum coromandelianum | 84 | Lantana camara | 122 | Thuja aborvitae |
| 9 | Passiflora edulis | 47 | Arachinodus aristala | 85 | Polygonum chinensis | 123 | Malus sylvestris |
| 10 | Prunus domestica | 48 | Artemesia princeps | 86 | Hedera helix | 124 | Coinvine |
| 11 | Silene armenia | 49 | Rubus ellipticus | 87 | Dendrochilum | 125 | Caryota mitis |
| 12 | Tagetes patula | 50 | Selaginella kraussiana | 88 | Dennstaedtia punctilobula | 126 | Lepturus repens |
| 13 | Rumux ponfertus | 51 | Thalictrum foliolosum | 89 | Tradescantia zebrina | 127 | Dislobium pilosum |
| 14 | Callistemon citrinus | 52 | Vernonia gigantea | 90 | Erigeron sumatrensis | 128 | Bauhinia variegata |
| 15 | Prunus avium | 53 | Cyperus rotundus | 91 | Musa sp. | 129 | Digitaria sp. |
| 16 | Oenothera moseo | 54 | Citrus limon | 92 | Lactuca virosa | 130 | Centaurea cyanus |
| 17 | Bidens pilosa | 55 | Bellis perennis | 93 | Cerphis bursiflora | 131 | Woodsia |
| 18 | Smilax officinalis | 56 | Vicia lathyroides | 94 | Eluiscne indica | 132 | Kerria japonica |
| 19 | Zamia integrifolia | 57 | Allium ascalonicum | 95 | Sechium edule | 133 | Centella asiatica |
| 20 | Drymaria cordata | 58 | Rubus sp. | 96 | Clematis vitalba | 134 | Dracaena sp. |
| 21 | Persca americana | 59 | Alstroemeria | 97 | Plantago | 135 | Potentilla hebichigo |
| 22 | Phoenix roebeleni | 60 | Galium mollugo | 98 | Argyranthemum frutescens | 136 | Hebiscus rosa- sinensis L. |
| 23 | Desmodium incanum | 61 | Agloaomorpha fortunei | 99 | Euryops pectinatus | 137 | Digitaria ischaemum |
| 24 | Grevillea robusta | 62 | Geranium rotundifolium | 100 | Oenanthe javanica | 138 | Rottboellia |
| 25 | Crytomeria japonica | 63 | Athyrium filix-femina | 101 | Cirsium muticum | 139 | Phragnites australis |
| 26 | Macarang pustulata | 64 | Duranta | 102 | Centaurea cyanus | 140 | Fraxinus excelsior |
| 27 | Pseudognaphalium affine | 65 | Taraxacum officinale | 103 | Sagina saginoides | 141 | Clinopodium nepeta L. |
| 28 | Mangifera indica | 66 | Blumea densiflora | 104 | Panda oleora | 142 | Ouercus acutissima |
| 29 | Polypogon monspeliensis | 67 | Bougainvillea spectabilis | 105 | Spiraea vanhouttei | 143 | Runus idaeus |
| 30 | Cycas revoluta | 68 | Solanum jasminoides | 106 | Mucuna pruriens | 144 | Gynura bicolor |
| 31 | Citrus sinensis | 69 | Fagopyrum cymosum | 107 | Solanum tuberosum | 145 | Adansonia digitalia L. |
| 32 | Alnus spaethii | 70 | Rosa | 108 | Solanum lycopusicum | 146 | Pteridium aquilium |
| 33 | Erigeron divergens | 71 | Rhododendron arboreum | 109 | Vinca major | 147 | Setaria palmifolia |
| 34 | Pinus resinosa | 72 | Poormanis orchid | 110 | Primula matthioli | 148 | Solanum lycoperbicum var. Cerasizorme |
| 35 | Thuja occidentalis | 73 | Ludwigia hyssopifolia | 111 | Citrus cavaleriei | 149 | Ricinus communis |
| 36 | Smilax ovaliforia | 74 | Calendula officinalis | 112 | Azadirachta indica | 150 | Athyrium niponicum |
| 37 | Cedrus deodara | 75 | Bauhinia nahlu | 113 | Glebioris coronaria | 151 | Atocion armeria L. |
| 38 | Aglaomorpha | 76 | Fragaria vesca | 114 | Aloe vera | 152 | Prunus seretina |
| | | | 0 | | | 153 | Alnus nepalensis |

Argyranthemum frutescens Centaurea cyanus





Calendula officinalis





Dysphania botrys



Euryops

















Blumea densiflora







Fagopyrum cymosum

Geranium rotundifolium

Glebionis coronaria

Glebionis coronaria









Leucosceptrum canum

Mycelis muralis

Oxalis montana

Prunus serotina









Quercus acutissima

Chlorophytum comosum

Rumex dentatus

Tropaeolum









Seteria palmifolia



Vernonia gigantea

Sechium edule



Centaurea cyanus

Solanum tubersum



Gynura bicolor

Aloe vera



Solanum lycopersicum var. cerasiforme



Canna indica



Melia dubia



Fagopyrum cymosum



Plantango



Sechium edule



Athyrium niponicum



Solanum lycopersicum



Chenopodium giganteum



Erigeron divergens



Polygonum chinensis



Gynura bicolor



Solanum tuberosum



Setaria palmifolia



Thalictrum foliosicum



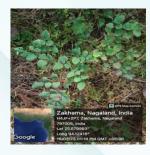
Oenanthe javanica



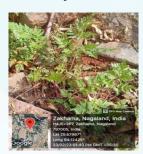
Alstroemeria psittacina



Artemisia roxburghiana



Bauhinia forficata



Bellis perennis



Callistemon vaminalis



Chlorophytum comosum



Chrysamthemum garland



Chrysamthemum garland



Cryptomeria japonica



Erigeron karvinskianus



Eupatorium adenophorum



Oxalis debilis



Rosa rubiginosa



Ruscus aculeatus



Tradescantia zebrina



Tridax procumbens



Vicia sativa



Zantedeschia aethiopica



Araucaria heterophylla



Digitaria ischaemum



Vicia sativa













Prunus domestica



Thuja occidentalis



Athyrium niponicum



Carthamus tinctorius



Rhedodendron arboreum



Erigeron sumatrensis



Hedera nepalensis



Pseudognaphalium luteoalsum



Nicotina tabacum



Erigeron divageus



Erigeron sumatrensis



Fagopyrum cymoseum



Cupressus lusitanica



Prunus prasica



Rubus ellipticus



Baddleja davidii





Kohma, Nagaland-797001
Subsept College Jahlana (Autonomous)
Loronal College Jahlana (

Robins, Nagaland - 979/00 (1998) (199

Cryptomeria japonica Thuja standishii

Calopogonium mucunoides



Lactuca virosa



Pteridium aquilinum

Ageratina adenophora



Artemisia princeps





Bambusa vulgaris



Broussonetia papyrifera



Urena lobata



Castilla elastic



Curculigo capitulata



Dryopteris crassirhizoma



Eschscholzia californica



Plantago asiatica



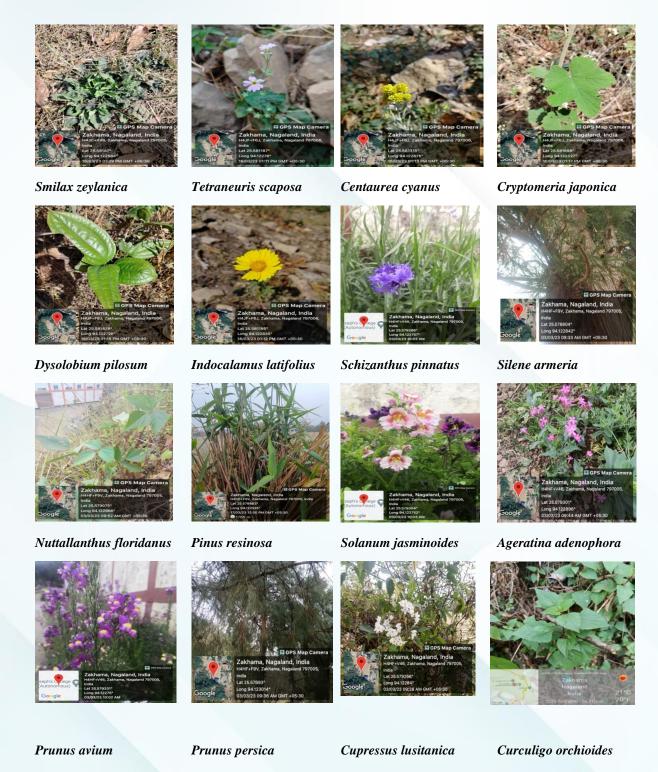
Primula malacoides



Pseudognaphalium affine



Rubus moluccanus











Cardamine amara L.

Desmodium incanun

Cupressus lusitanica

Curculigo orchioides









Debregeasia longifolia

Digitaria ischaemum

Erigeron annuus (L)

Fagopyrum esculentun









Dracalna sp.

Dysolobium pilosum

Galium mollugo

Geranium rotundifolium









Lactuca virosa

Macaranga pustulata

Smilax ovalifolia

Thuja occidentalis











Phragmites australis



Buddleja davidii



Ludurigia hyssopifolia



Cosmostigma cordatum



Bellis perennis



Hisbiscus rosa-sinesis L.



Tagetas patula



Annexure II: Diversity of Fauna

| Sl. No. | Scientific Name | Common Name |
|------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | AMPHIBIA |
| 1 | Rhacophorus helenae | Helen's tree frog |
| 2 | Polypedates maculatus | Indian tree frog |
| 3 | Rhacophorus malabaricus | Malabar flying frog |
| 1 | Litoria ewingii | Southern brown tree frog |
| 5 | Bufo bufo | Common toad |
| | · | REPTILIA |
| 5 | Hemidactylus frenatus | Home lizard |
| 7 | Calotes versicolor | Oriental garden lizard |
| 3 | Lampropholis guichenoti | Common garden skink |
|) | Daboia russelii | Russell's viper |
| | | AVES |
| 10 | Passer domesticus | House sparrow |
| 11 | Pycnonotus cafer | Red-vented bulbul |
| 12 | Spelaeornis chocolatinus | Naga wren-babbler |
| 13 | Phyllergates cucullatus | Mountain tailorbird |
| 14 | Dromaius novaehollandiae | Emu |
| - • | 2 romanis no rachenanace | MAMMALS |
| 15 | Sciurus carolinensis | Eastern gray squirrel |
| 16 | Mus musculus | House mouse |
| 17 | Suncus murinus | Asian house shrew |
| 18 | Cryptomys hottentotus | Common mole-rat |
| 19 | Mus musculus | Albino mice |
| 20 | Oryctolagus cuniculus | Rabbit |
| 20 | Oryciolagus cuniculus | ARACHNIDS |
| 21 | Heteropoda venatoria | Huntsman spider |
| 22 | Hogna antelucana | Wolf spider |
| 23 | Nephila pilipes | Giant golden Orbweaver |
| 24 | Argiope aemula | Yellow garden spider |
| 24 25 | | Carolina wolf spider |
| | Hogna carolinensis | |
| 26 27 | Dysdera crocata | Woodlouse Spider |
| 28 | Holocnemus pluchei | Garage spider The barn funnel weaver |
| | Tegenaria domestica | |
| 29 30 | Steatoda borealis | Cow web spider |
| 5 U | Trichoephila clavata | Joro Spider |
| 14 | XX 1 1 1 1 | INSECTS |
| 31 | Halyomorpha halys | Brown marmorated stink bug |
| 32 | Pycanum rubens | Giant Stink Bug Nymph |
| 33 | Chinavia hilaris | Green Stink Bug |
| 34 | Tectocoris diophthalmus | Hibiscus Harlequin Bug |
| 35 | Boisea trivitlata | Box Elder Bug |
| 36 | Dysdercus cingulatus | Red Cotton Stainer |
| 37 | Erthesinafullo | Yellow Spotted Stink Bug |
| 38 | Sehirus cinctus | White-margined burrower bug |
| 39 | Coccinella septempunctata | Seven-spot ladybird |
| 10 | Odontolabis cuvera | Golden stag beetle |
| 11 11 | Batocera rufomaculata | Mango Stem Borer |
| 12 | Mimela splendens | Shining Flower Chafer |
| 13 | Dorcusrectus | Little Stag Beetle |
| | | Formosan Scarab |
| 14 15 | Cheirotonus formosanus | |
| 15 | Euthalia aconthea | Common Baron |
| 16 | Papilio protenor | Spangle |
| 17 | Athyma perius | Common Sergeant (Caterpillar) |
| 18 | Pantoporia hordonia | Common lascar |
| 19 | Lethe verma | StraightBanded TreeBrown Butterfly |
| 50 | Symbrenthia lilaea | Common Jester |
| 51 | Saturnia pyri | Giant Peacock Moth |
| 52 | Lasiocampa quercus | The <i>oak eggar</i> caterpillar |
| 53 | Peribatodes rhomboidaria | The willow beauty |

| 54 | Sphinx ligustri | Sphinx Moth | | | | |
|----|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 55 | Lymantria monacha | Black arches or nun moth | | | | |
| 56 | Samia Cynthia | Ailanthus silkmoth | | | | |
| 57 | Abraxas grossulariata | Magpie Moth | | | | |
| 58 | Nyctemera coleta | Marble white moth | | | | |
| 59 | Agathia laetata | Emerald moth | | | | |
| 60 | Sciota fumella | Snout moth | | | | |
| 61 | Syntomoides imaon | Hand Maiden Moth | | | | |
| 62 | Acharia stimula | Saddle caterpillar | | | | |
| 63 | Trabala vishnou | Rose myrtle lappet moth (Caterpillar) | | | | |
| 64 | Spilosoma lutea | Buff Ermine (Caterpillar) | | | | |
| 65 | Actias luna | Moon Moth | | | | |
| 66 | Lyssa zampa | Tropical Swallowtail Moth | | | | |
| 67 | Naxa textilis | Naxa Moth | | | | |
| 68 | Olene mendosa | Brown Tussock Moth (Caterpillar) | | | | |
| 69 | Thalassodes chloropsis | Emerald Moth | | | | |
| 70 | Samia cynthia | Ailanthus Silk Moth | | | | |
| 71 | Krananda semihyalina | Oriental Moth | | | | |
| 72 | Lyssa zampa | Tropical Swallow Tail Moth | | | | |
| 73 | Dendrolimus pini | Pine Tree Lappet | | | | |
| 74 | Calliteara pudibunda | PaleTussock | | | | |
| 75 | Polistes exclamans | Paper wasp | | | | |
| 76 | Apis mellifera | Honey bee | | | | |
| 77 | Apis florea | Red Dwarf Honey Bee | | | | |
| 78 | Musca domestica | Housefly | | | | |
| 79 | Drosophila melanogaster | Fruitfly | | | | |
| 80 | Polyrhachis ammon | Golden Tail Spiny Ant | | | | |
| 81 | Lasius niger | Black garden ant | | | | |
| 82 | Oecophylla longinoda | Weaver ant | | | | |
| 83 | Meloimorpha japonica | Tinkling Ground Cricket | | | | |
| 84 | Gryllotalpa gryllotalpa | European Mole Cricket | | | | |
| 85 | Locusta migratoria manilensis | Oriental Migratory Locust | | | | |
| 86 | Pseudophyllus titan | False leaf bush-cricket or katydid | | | | |
| 37 | Mecopoda elongata | Brown Bush Cricket | | | | |
| 88 | Oxya fuscovittata | Oxyair Rice Grasshopper | | | | |
| 89 | Neoconocephalus robustus | Big Brown Katydid | | | | |
| 90 | Diapheromera femorata | Common Walking Stick | | | | |
| 91 | Mastigoproctus giganteus | Giant whip scorpion | | | | |
| 92 | Heterometrus loaticus | Vietnam Forest Scropion | | | | |
| 93 | Neotibicen canicularis | Dog-day Cicada | | | | |
| 94 | Chrysoperla carnea | Common green lace wing | | | | |
| 95 | Periplaneta fuliginosa | Smoky Brown cockroach | | | | |
| 96 | Blattella germanica | German cockroach | | | | |
| 97 | Lycorma delicatula | Spotted Lanternfly | | | | |
| 98 | Anax longipes | Comet Darner Dragonfly | | | | |

AMPHIBIA

C/Name- Helen's tree frog

S/Name- Rhacophorus helenae

C/Name- Indian tree frog

S/Name- *Polypedates maculatus*

C/Name- Malabar flying frog

S/Name- Rhacophorus malabaricus

C/Name- Southern brown

tree frog

S/Name- Litoria ewingii









C/Name- Common toad

S/Name- Bufo bufo



REPTILIA

C/Name- Home lizard

S/Name- Hemidactylus frenatus

C/Name- Oriental garden lizard

S/Name- Calotes versicolor

C/Name- Common garden skink

S/Name- *Lampropholis quichenoti*

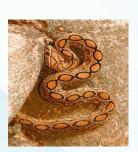
C/Name- Russell's viper

S/Name- Daboia russelii









AVES

C/Name- House sparrow

S/Name- Passer domesticus

C/Name- Red-vented bulbul

S/Name- *Pycnonotus cafer*

C/Name- Naga wren-babbler

S/Name- *Spelaeornis chocolatinus*

C/Name- Mountain tailorbird

S/Name- *Phyllergates cucullatus*









C/Name- Emu

S/Name- *Dromaius novaehollandiae*



MAMMALS/RODENTS

C/Name- Eastern gray squirrel

S/Name- Sciurus carolinensis

C/Name- House mouse

S/Name- Mus musculus

C/Name- Asian house shrew

S/Name- Suncus murinus

C/Name- Common mole-

S/Name- *Cryptomys hottentotus*









C/Name- Albino mice **S/Name-** *Mus musculus*



C/Name- Rabbit

S/Name- Oryctolagus cuniculus



ARACHNIDS

C/Name-Huntsman spider

S/Name- Heteropoda venatoria

C/Name- Wolf spider

S/Name- Hogna antelucana

C/Name- Giant golden Orbweaver

S/Name- Nephila pilipes

C/Name- Yellow garden spider

S/Name- Argiope aemula



C/Name- Carolina wolf spider

S/Name- Hogna carolinensis



C/Name- Woodlouse Spider

S/Name- Dysdera crocata



C/Name- Garage spider

S/Name- Holocnemus pluchei



C/Name-barn funnel weaver **S/Name-** *Tegenaria domestica*





C/Name- Cow web spider **S/Name-** *Steatoda borealis*



S/Name- Trichoephila clavata

C/Name- Joro Spider



INSECTS

C/Name- Brown marmorated stink bug

S/Name- Halyomorpha halys

C/Name- Giant Stink Bug Nymph

S/Name- Pycanum rubens

C/Name- Green Stink Bug

S/Name- Chinavia hilaris

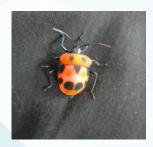
C/Name- Hibiscus Harlequin Bug

S/Name- *Tectocoris diophthalmus*









C/Name- Box Elder Bug

S/Name- Boisea trivitlata

C/Name- Red Cotton Stainer

S/Name- *Dysdercus cingulatus*

C/Name- Yellow Spotted Stink Bug

S/Name- Erthesinafullo

C/Name- White-margined burrower bug

S/Name- Sehirus cinctus



C/Name- Seven-spot ladybird

S/Name- *Coccinella septempunctata*



C/Name- Golden stag beetle

S/Name- Odontolabis cuvera



C/Name- Mango Stem Borer

S/Name- Batocera rufomaculata



C/Name- Shining Flower Chafer

S/Name- Mimela splendens



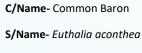




C/Name- Little Stag Beetle

S/Name- Dorcusrectus





C/Name- Spangle **S/Name-** *Papilio protenor*



osanus



C/Name-Straight Banded TreeBrown Butterfly

S/Name- Lethe verma



C/Name- Common *Jester*

S/Name- Symbrenthia lilaea

C/Name- Common

Sergeant (Caterpillar)

S/Name- Athyma perius

C/Name- *Giant Peacock Moth*

S/Name- Saturnia pyri



C/Name- Common lascar

S/Name- Pantoporia

hordonia

C/Name- The *oak eggar* caterpillar

S/Name- *Lasiocampa quercus*



C/Name- The *willow* beauty

S/Name- *Peribatodes rhomboidaria*



C/Name- Sphinx Moth

S/Name- Sphinx ligustri







C/Name- *Black arches* or nun moth

S/Name- Lymantria monacha

C/Name- Ailanthus silkmoth

S/Name- Samia Cynthia

C/Name- Magpie Moth **S/Name-** Abraxas

grossulariata

C/Name- Marble white moth

S/Name- Nyctemera coleta









C/Name- Emerald moth **S/Name-** *Agathia laetata*

C/Name- Snout moth **S/Name-** *Sciota fumella*

C/Name- Hand Maiden Moth

S/Name- *Syntomoides imaon*

C/Name- Saddle caterpillar **S/Name-** *Acharia stimula*



C/Name- Rose myrtle lappet moth (Caterpillar)

S/Name- Trabala vishnou



C/Name- Buff Ermine (Caterpillar)

S/Name- Spilosoma lutea



C/Name- Moon Moth

S/Name- Actias luna



C/Name- Tropical Swallowtail Moth

S/Name- Lyssa zampa



C/Name- Naxa Moth

S/Name- Naxa textilis



C/Name- Brown Tussock Moth (Caterpillar)



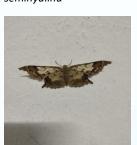
C/Name- Emerald Moth



C/Name- Ailanthus Silk Moth



C/Name- Oriental Moth **S/Name-** *Krananda semihyalina*



C/Name- Paper wasp **S/Name-** Polistes exclamans



C/Name- Fruitfly **S/Name-** drosophila melanogaster



C/Name- Tinkling Ground Cricket





C/Name- Tropical Swallow Tail Moth

S/Name- Lyssa zampa



C/Name- Honey bee **S/Name-** *Apis mellifera*



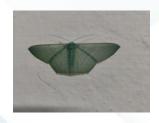
C/Name- Golden Tail Spiny Ant

S/Name- Polyrhachis ammon



C/Name- European Mole Cricket **S/Name**- *Gryllotalpa gryllotalpa*

S/Name- Thalassodes chloropsis



C/Name- Pine Tree Lappet **S/Name-** *Dendrolimus pini*



C/Name- *Red Dwarf Honey Bee*

S/Name- Apis florea



C/Name- Black garden ant

S/Name- Lasius niger



C/Name- Oriental *migratory locust*

S/Name- Samia cynthia



C/Name- PaleTussock

S/Name- *Calliteara pudibunda*



C/Name- Housefly

S/Name- Musca domestica



C/Name- Weaver ant

S/Name- *Oecophylla longinoda*



C/Name- False leaf bush-cricket or katydid

S/Name- <u>Pseudophyllus titan</u>

S/Name- Meloimorpha japonica

S/Name- Locusta migratoria manilensis



C/Name- Brown Bush Cricket

S/Name- Mecopoda elongata

C/Name-

scorpion



C/Name- Oxyair Rice Grasshopper

S/Name- Oxya fuscovittata



C/Name- Big Brown Katydid

S/Name- Neoconocephalus robustus



C/Name- Common Walking Stick

S/Name- Diapheromera femorata



Giant

whip



C/Name- Dog-day Cicada

S/Name- Neotibicen canicularis



C/Name- Common green lace wing

S/Name- Chrysoperla carnea



S/Name- Mastigoproctus

C/Name- Smoky Brown cockroach

S/Name- Periplaneta fuliginosa



C/Name- Vietnam Forest

S/Name- Heterometrus

Scropion

C/Name- German cockroach

S/Name- Blattella germanica



C/Name-Spotted Lanternfly

S/Name- Lycorma delicatula



C/Name- Comet Darner Dragonfly

S/Name- Anax longipes









Annexure III: List of Energy Consumption

Location 1: Science Building

| SI. No | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumption Per month (kWh) |
|-----------|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|--|
| 1 | LED tube light | 218 | 40 | 6 | 52.32 | 20 | 1046.4 |
| 2 | LED bulbs | 42 | 10 | 6 | 2.52 | 20 | 50.4 |
| 3 | Computer | 28 | 240 | 2 | 13.44 | 12 | 161.28 |
| 4 | Laptops | 10 | 60 | 1 | 0.6 | 8 | 4.8 |
| 5 | Copier | | | | 0 | | 0 |
| 6 | Oven | 1 | 1200 | 0.33 | 0.396 | 12 | 4.752 |
| 7 | AC | | | | 0 | | 0 |
| 8 | UPS | 10 | 240 | 2 | 4.8 | 12 | 57.6 |
| 9 | Autoclave | 2 | 120 | 1 | 0.24 | 12 | 2.88 |
| 10 | Exhaust fan | 8 | 40 | 2 | 0.64 | 12 | 7.68 |
| 11 | Projector | 29 | 200 | 1 | 5.8 | 12 | 69.6 |
| 12 | Printers | 8 | 130 | 1 | 1.04 | 12 | 12.48 |
| 13 | Refrigerators | 2 | 230 | 5 | 2.3 | 20 | 46 |
| 14 | Deepfreeze | | | | 0 | | 0 |
| 15 | Induction cooker | 2 | 1500 | 1 | 3 | 12 | 36 |
| 16 | Inverters with no of batteries | 5 | 150 | 2 | 1.5 | 16 | 24 |
| 17 | Electric Heaters | 1 | 1000 | 2 | 2 | 12 | 24 |
| 18 | Xerox machines | 5 | 220 | 1 | 1.1 | 16 | 17.6 |
| 19 | CCTV | 16 | 15 | 6 | 1.44 | 22 | 31.68 |
| 20 | Speaker | 21 | 10 | 0.25 | 0.0525 | 22 | 1.155 |
| 21 | Electric Burner | 1 | 670 | 1 | 0.67 | 12 | 8.04 |
| 22 | Rotary Vacuum | 1 | 1400 | 1 | 1.4 | 12 | 16.8 |
| | | | | | | TOTAL | 1623.147 |

Location 2: Arts Building (Ground Floor)

| | 0, | | • | | | | |
|-----------|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|--|
| SI. No | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumption Per month (kWh) |
| 1 | LED tube light | 61 | 40 | 6 | 14.64 | 20 | 292.8 |
| 2 | LED bulbs | 7 | 9 | 6 | 0.378 | 20 | 7.56 |
| 3 | Computer | 16 | 50 | 3 | 2.4 | 12 | 28.8 |
| 4 | Laptops | 6 | 60 | 2 | 0.72 | 12 | 8.64 |
| 5 | Copier | 1 | 800 | 1 | 0.8 | 10 | 8 |
| 6 | Oven | | | | 0 | | 0 |
| 7 | AC | | | | 0 | | 0 |
| 8 | UPS | 16 | 360 | 3 | 17.28 | 20 | 345.6 |
| 9 | Smart Interactive Display Board | 1 | 40 | 1 | 0.04 | 6 | 0.24 |
| 10 | Projector | 3 | 100 | 1 | 0.3 | 12 | 3.6 |
| 11 | Printers | 13 | 40 | 1 | 0.52 | 12 | 6.24 |
| 12 | Refrigerators | | | | 0 | | 0 |
| 13 | Inverters with no of batteries | 1 | 2500 | 2 | 5 | 16 | 80 |
| 14 | Electric Heaters | 2 | 200 | 2 | 0.8 | 12 | 9.6 |
| 15 | Xerox machines | 2 | 500 | 1 | 1 | 16 | 16 |
| 16 | CCTV | 12 | 40 | 6 | 2.88 | 22 | 63.36 |
| 17 | CCTV monitor | 1 | 10 | 6 | 0.06 | 20 | 1.2 |
| 18 | Speaker | 6 | 10 | 0.17 | 0.0102 | 20 | 0.204 |
| 19 | WIFI | 5 | 10 | 6 | 0.3 | 20 | 6 |
| 20 | Electric bell | 1 | 345 | 0.33 | 0.1138 5 | 20 | 2.277 |
| 21 | Server | 1 | 118 | 6 | 0.708 | 20 | 14.16 |
| 22 | Water boiler | 2 | 750 | 2 | 3 | 20 | 60 |

Location 2: Arts Building (1st Floor)

| | | | | | | TOTAL | 457.984 |
|-----|--------------------------------|------|-----------------|---------------------|-------|--------------------|--------------------------------|
| 20 | Bulb | 11 | 60 | 6 | 3.96 | 10 | 39.6 |
| 19 | Speaker | 8 | 150 | 0.25 | 0.3 | 20 | 6 |
| 18 | WIFI | 10 | 20 | 7 | 1.4 | 20 | 28 |
| 17 | Water boiler | 1 | 670 | 2 | 1.34 | 20 | 26.8 |
| 16 | CCTV | 8 | 5 | 10 | 0.4 | 20 | 8 |
| 15 | CPU | 3 | 230 | 2 | 1.38 | 12 | 16.56 |
| 14 | Xerox machines | 4 | 230 | 1 | 0.92 | 12 | 11.04 |
| 13 | Electric Heaters | | | | 0 | | 0 |
| 12 | Inverters with no of batteries | 2 | 150 | 6 | 1.8 | 16 | 28.8 |
| 11 | Refrigerators | 1 | 230 | 6 | 1.38 | 20 | 27.6 |
| 10 | Printers | | | | 0 | | 0 |
| 9 | Projector | 6 | 24 | 3 | 0.432 | 12 | 5.184 |
| 8 | UPS | 3 | 240 | 2 | 1.44 | 12 | 17.28 |
| 7 | AC | | | | 0 | | 0 |
| 6 | Oven | 1 | 1200 | 1 | 1.2 | 8 | 9.6 |
| 5 | Copier | | | | 0 | | 0 |
| 4 | Laptops | | | | 0 | | 0 |
| 3 | Computer | 4 | 240 | 6 | 5.76 | 12 | 69.12 |
| 2 | LED bulbs | 1 | 10 | 6 | 0.06 | 20 | 1.2 |
| 1 | LED tube light | 34 | 40 | 6 | 8.16 | 20 | (kWh) 163.2 |
| .No | Appliances/ instruments | INUS | r (watt) | per Day (in hrs) | KVVII | days in a month | Consumpti n Per month |
| SI | Electrical | Nos | Powe | Usage | kWh | No of | Total |

Location 2: Arts Building (2nd Floor)

| SI .No | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumptio n Per month (kWh) |
|-----------|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | LED tube light | 11 | 18 | 6 | 1.188 | 20 | 23.76 |
| 2 | LED bulbs | 8 | 15 | 6 | 0.72 | 20 | 14.4 |
| 3 | Computer | 74 | 84 | 2 | 12.432 | 8 | 99.456 |
| 4 | Laptops | 31 | 60 | 2 | 3.72 | 8 | 29.76 |
| 6 | Water filter | 1 | 500 | 6 | 3 | 16 | 48 |
| 8 | UPS | 74 | 360 | 2 | 53.28 | 8 | 426.24 |
| 9 | Exhaust fan | 2 | 40 | 4 | 0.32 | 12 | 3.84 |
| 10 | Smart Interactive Display Board | 1 | 150 | 1 | 0.15 | 8 | 1.2 |
| 11 | Projector | 7 | 282 | 1 | 1.974 | 16 | 31.584 |
| 12 | Printers | 4 | 12 | 1 | 0.048 | 12 | 0.576 |
| 13 | Coffee machine | 1 | 180 | 1 | 0.18 | 20 | 3.6 |
| 14 | LED tube light (small) | 1 | 5 | 6 | 0.03 | 16 | 0.48 |
| 15 | Tube light (small) | 2 | 20 | 6 | 0.24 | 12 | 2.88 |
| 16 | Television | 1 | 45 | 1 | 0.045 | 8 | 0.36 |
| 17 | Inverters with no of batteries | 23 | 900 | 2 | 41.4 | 10 | 414 |
| 18 | Electric Heaters | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 1 | 12 | 12 |
| 19 | Bulbs | | | | 0 | | 0 |
| 20 | WIFI | 3 | 15 | 6 | 0.27 | 20 | 5.4 |
| 21 | Speaker | 11 | 10 | 0.25 | 0.0275 | 20 | 0.55 |

| 22 | Tube light | 27 | 36 | 6 | 5.832 | 8 | 46.656 |
|----|---------------|----|------|------|-------|-------|----------|
| 23 | CCTV | 8 | 15 | 10 | 1.2 | 20 | 24 |
| 24 | Electric bell | 2 | 100 | 0.33 | 0.066 | 20 | 1.32 |
| 25 | Water boiler | 5 | 1500 | 1 | 7.5 | 12 | 90 |
| 26 | Server | 5 | 118 | 1 | 0.59 | 20 | 11.8 |
| | | | | | | TOTAL | 1291.862 |

Location 2: Arts Building (3rd Floor)

| SI .No | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumptio n Per month (kWh) |
|-----------|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|---|
| 1 | LED tube light | 8 | 40 | 6 | 1.92 | 20 | 38.4 |
| 2 | LED bulbs | 11 | 7 | 6 | 0.462 | 20 | 9.24 |
| 3 | Computer | 3 | 240 | 6 | 4.32 | 12 | 51.84 |
| 4 | UPS | 3 | 360 | 6 | 6.48 | 12 | 77.76 |
| 5 | Smart Interactive Display Board | 1 | 50 | 1 | 0.05 | 8 | 0.4 |
| 6 | Projector | 6 | 24 | 3 | 0.432 | 12 | 5.184 |
| 7 | Printers | 3 | 50 | 1 | 0.15 | 12 | 1.8 |
| 8 | Microphones | 15 | 15 | 3 | 0.675 | 16 | 10.8 |
| 9 | WIFI | 2 | 20 | 6 | 0.24 | 20 | 4.8 |
| 10 | CPU | 1 | 70 | 6 | 0.42 | 12 | 5.04 |
| 11 | Electric Heaters | 2 | 1000 | 2 | 4 | 12 | 48 |
| 12 | Tubelight | 48 | 30 | 6 | 8.64 | 16 | 138.24 |
| 13 | Speaker | 12 | 150 | 0.25 | 0.45 | 20 | 9 |
| 14 | Battery | 3 | 500 | 3 | 4.5 | 8 | 36 |
| 15 | CCTV | 6 | 10 | 10 | 0.6 | 20 | 12 |
| 16 | Inverter | 1 | 240 | 4 | 0.96 | 18 | 17.28 |
| 17 | Boiler | 1 | 240 | 1 | 0.24 | 16 | 3.84 |
| 18 | Water purifier | 1 | 25 | 1 | 0.025 | 20 | 0.5 |

Location 2: Dispensary + Bookstall + Classrooms

| SI .No | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumptio n Per month (kWh) |
|-----------|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | LED tube light | 10 | 40 | 6 | 2.4 | 20 | 48 |
| 2 | LED bulbs | 3 | 5 | 6 | 0.09 | 20 | 1.8 |
| 3 | Computer | 1 | 230 | 2 | 0.46 | 20 | 9.2 |
| 4 | Copier | 2 | 240 | 2 | 0.96 | 20 | 19.2 |
| 5 | UPS | 1 | 360 | 3 | 1.08 | 20 | 21.6 |
| 6 | Projector | 2 | 550 | 2 | 2.2 | 8 | 17.6 |
| 7 | Electric Heaters | 1 | 1100 | 3 | 3.3 | 8 | 26.4 |
| 8 | Ceiling fans | 8 | 75 | 1 | 0.6 | 4 | 2.4 |
| 9 | Electric boiler | 1 | 230 | 2 | 0.46 | 12 | 5.52 |
| | | | | | | TOTAL | 151.72 |

Location 2: Classrooms below Basketball Court

| SI .No | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumptio n Per month (kWh) |
|-----------|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | LED tube light | 12 | 36 | 6 | 2.592 | 20 | 51.84 |
| 2 | projector | 3 | 300 | 2 | 1.8 | 6 | 10.8 |
| 3 | Electric bells | 3 | 100 | 0.1 | 0.03 | 20 | 0.6 |
| 4 | Fans | 12 | 50 | 1 | 0.6 | 4 | 2.4 |

TOTAL 65.64

Location 3: College Canteen

| SI .No | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumptio n Per month (kWh) |
|-----------|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|---|
| 1 | LEDtube light | 7 | 6 | 4 | 0.168 | 20 | 3.36 |
| 2 | Refrigerators | 1 | 260 | 6 | 1.56 | 22 | 34.32 |
| 3 | Boiler | 3 | 1800 | 6 | 32.4 | 20 | 648 |
| 4 | Charger | 1 | 18 | 4 | 0.072 | 20 | 1.44 |
| 5 | CCTV | 2 | 50 | 6 | 0.6 | 20 | 12 |
| 6 | Coffee machine | 4 | 4000 | 0.3 | 4.8 | 20 | 96 |
| | | | | | | TOTAL | 795.12 |

Location 4: Carpentry and Wielding Units

| SI .No | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumptio n Per month (kWh) |
|-----------|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | LED tube light | 5 | 6 | 4 | 0.12 | 12 | 1.44 |
| 2 | LED bulbs | 2 | 9 | 2 | 0.036 | 12 | 0.432 |
| 3 | exhaust fan | 1 | 90 | 2 | 0.18 | 12 | 2.16 |
| 4 | Welding Device | 2 | 1300 | 2 | 5.2 | 8 | 41.6 |
| 5 | Drilling machine | 3 | 1300 | 2 | 7.8 | 8 | 62.4 |
| 6 | Grinding machine | 3 | 600 | 2 | 3.6 | 8 | 28.8 |
| 7 | Circular saw | 1 | 1400 | 2 | 2.8 | 8 | 22.4 |
| 8 | Polisher | 1 | 990 | 2 | 1.98 | 8 | 15.84 |
| 9 | Planer machine | 2 | 710 | 2 | 2.84 | 8 | 22.72 |
| 10 | Table saw | 1 | 3500 | 2 | 7 | 8 | 56 |
| 11 | Cut off machine | 1 | 2000 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 32 |
| | | | | | | ΤΟΤΔΙ | 285 792 |

Location 5: Staff Quarter -1 (Near Science Block)

| SI .No | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumptio n Per month (kWh) |
|-----------|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|---|
| 1 | LED tube light | 18 | 40 | 8 | 5.76 | 30 | 172.8 |
| 2 | LED bulbs | 22 | 10 | 8 | 1.76 | 15 | 26.4 |
| 3 | Water Boiler | 3 | 220 | 1 | 0.66 | 30 | 19.8 |
| 4 | Electric Mixer Grinder | 1 | 750 | 0.25 | 0.1875 | 4 | 0.75 |
| 5 | Water Dispenser | 4 | 750 | 2 | 6 | 8 | 48 |
| 6 | Electric Airpod | 1 | 750 | 1 | 0.75 | 16 | 12 |
| 7 | Refrigerators | 3 | 189 | 5 | 2.835 | 30 | 85.05 |
| 8 | Induction cooker | 5 | 1700 | 2 | 17 | 20 | 340 |
| 9 | Electric Heater | 5 | 1000 | 2 | 10 | 8 | 80 |
| 10 | Immersion Water heater | 1 | 1000 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 8 |
| 11 | Rice Cooker | 2 | 1400 | 2 | 5.6 | 22 | 123.2 |
| 12 | Water Bag | 1 | 360 | 1 | 0.36 | 8 | 2.88 |
| 13 | Mini Fan | 1 | 3.5 | 1 | 0.0035 | 4 | 0.014 |
| 14 | Water Heater | 5 | 1000 | 1 | 5 | 8 | 40 |
| 15 | Steam Iron | 1 | 1200 | 0.25 | 0.3 | 4 | 1.2 |
| 16 | Lamp | 1 | 7.8 | 1 | 0.0078 | 8 | 0.0624 |
| 17 | Emersion Rod | 1 | 1500 | 1 | 1.5 | 4 | 6 |
| | | | | | | TOTAL | 1291.924 |

Location 5: Staff Quarter-2 (Near Science Block)

| SI .N | o | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumptio n Per month (kWh) |
|----------|---|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | 1 | LED tube light | 8 | 36 | 8 | 2.304 | 30 | 69.12 |
| | 2 | LED bulbs | 13 | 5 | 8 | 0.52 | 15 | 7.8 |
| | 3 | Laptops | 3 | 19.5 | 1 | 0.0585 | 16 | 0.936 |
| | 4 | Printers | 1 | 40 | 1 | 0.04 | 16 | 0.64 |
| | 5 | Electric Heaters | 3 | 1100 | 2 | 6.6 | 8 | 52.8 |
| | 6 | Florescent | 1 | 220 | 2 | 0.44 | 15 | 6.6 |
| | 7 | Water heater | 2 | 220 | 1 | 0.44 | 12 | 5.28 |
| | 8 | Bulbs | 2 | 60 | 8 | 0.96 | 15 | 14.4 |
| | | | | | | | TOTAL | 157.576 |

Location 6: Quarters behind the Indoor Stadium

| SI .No | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumptio n Per month (kWh) |
|-----------|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|---|
| 1 | LED tube light | 4 | 32 | 8 | 1.024 | 30 | 30.72 |
| 2 | LED bulbs | 10 | 5 | 8 | 0.4 | 30 | 12 |
| 3 | Television | 2 | 150 | 3 | 0.9 | 20 | 18 |
| 4 | Electric Heaters | 4 | 1100 | 2 | 8.8 | 10 | 88 |
| 5 | Water Boiler | 3 | 230 | 3 | 2.07 | 20 | 41.4 |
| 6 | Electric cooker | 3 | 700 | 1 | 2.1 | 30 | 63 |
| | | | | | | TOTAL | 253.12 |

Location 7: SJC Men's Hostel

| SI. No | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumptio n Per month (kWh) |
|-----------|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|---|
| 1 | LED tube light | 50 | 22 | 4 | 4.4 | 24 | 105.6 |
| 2 | LED bulbs | 210 | 9 | 4 | 7.56 | 24 | 181.4 |
| 3 | Computer | 5 | 220 | 1 | 1.1 | 15 | 15 |
| 4 | Laptops | 10 | 50 | 5 | 2.5 | 15 | 37.5 |
| 5 | Copier | 1 | 650 | 0.5 | 0.32 | 10 | 3.2 |
| 6 | UPS | 6 | 1000 | 4 | 24 | 10 | 240 |
| 7 | Autoclave | 1 | 18000 | 1 | 18 | 10 | 180 |
| 8 | Printers | 4 | 60 | 0.5 | 0.12 | 10 | 1.2 |
| 9 | Deep freezer | 1 | 1000 | 20 | 20 | 24 | 480 |
| 10 | Inverters with no. of batteries | 4 | 250 | 20 | 20 | 10 | 200 |
| 11 | Electric Heaters | 2 | 1500 | 1 | 3 | 15 | 45 |
| 12 | Xerox machines | 1 | 5000 | 0.5 | 2.5 | 10 | 25 |
| | | | | | | TOTAL | 1513.9 |

Location 8: CMC Girls's Hostel

| SI. No | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumptio n Per month (kWh) |
|-----------|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|--|
| 1 | LED bulbs | 2 | 8 | 2 | 0.032 | 24 | 0.768 |
| 2 | Computer | 3 | 60 | 0.5 | 0.09 | 10 | 0.9 |
| 3 | Laptops | 4 | 50 | 1 | 0.2 | 10 | 2 |
| 4 | UPS | 3 | 360 | 4 | 4.32 | 10 | 43.2 |
| 5 | Printers | 1 | 40 | 0.5 | 0.02 | 10 | 0.2 |
| 6 | Refrigerators | 1 | 210 | 20 | 4.2 | 24 | 100.8 |
| 7 | Deep freezer | 1 | 750 | 20 | 15 | 24 | 360 |
| 8 | Television | 1 | 58.6 | 1 | 0.586 | 10 | 5.86 |
| 9 | Invertors with no of batteries | 1 | 250 | 20 | 5 | 10 | 50 |
| 10 | Ordinary Tubelight | 68 | 40 | 4 | 10.88 | 24 | 261.12 |
| 11 | Ordinary Bulb | 18 | 60 | 4 | 4.32 | 24 | 103.68 |
| 12 | Speaker | 6 | 100 | 0.5 | 0.30 | 10 | 3 |
| 13 | CCTV | 1 | 40 | 20 | 0.80 | 24 | 19.2 |
| 14 | Water Purifier | 2 | 25 | 12 | 0.6 | 24 | 14.4 |
| | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | ΤΟΤΔΙ | 1313.128 |
|----|--------------|---|------|----|-----|-------|----------|
| 16 | Geyser | 1 | 2000 | 16 | 32 | 10 | 320 |
| 15 | Water Boiler | 1 | 700 | 4 | 2.8 | 10 | 28 |

Location 9: Ave Maria Girl's Hostel

| vertors with not be | 1 1 1 3 13 1 | 240 400 1460 100 40 900 | 20 1 1 0.5 20 1 | 9.6 0.4 1.46 0.15 10.4 0.9 | 10 10 15 10 24 15 | 96 4 21.9 1.5 249.6 13.5 |
|---|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|---|
| batteries ectric Heaters ashing achines eaker | 1 1 3 | 400 1460 100 | 1 1 0.5 | 0.4 1.46 0.15 | 10 15 | 4 21.9 1.5 |
| batteries ectric Heaters ashing achines | 1 1 | 400 1460 | 1 1 | 0.4 1.46 | 10 15 | 4 21.9 |
| batteries ectric Heaters ashing | 1 | 400 | 1 | 0.4 | 10 | 4 |
| batteries ectric Heaters | 1 | 400 | 1 | 0.4 | 10 | 4 |
| batteries | _ | | | | | |
| | no 2 | 240 | 20 | 9.6 | 10 | 96 |
| | | | | | | |
| elevision | 1 | 170 | 1 | 0.17 | 10 | 1.7 |
| eep freezer | 1 | 700 | 20 | 14 | 24 | 336 |
| inters | 1 | 40 | 1 | 0.04 | 10 | 0.4 |
| omputer | 2 | 60 | 1 | 0.12 | 10 | 1.2 |
| D Bulbs | 20 | 8 | 4 | 0.64 | 24 | 15.36 |
| D Tube lights | 42 | 17 | 4 | 2.856 | 24 | 68.544 |
| instruments | | (watt) | (in hrs) | | month | Per month (kWh) |
| | 1105 | | _ | KWN | No of days in a | Total Consumption |
| | Appliances/ | Appliances/ | Appliances/ r | Appliances/ r per Day | /:- h | Appliances/ r per Day days in a |

Location 10: SJC Girl's Hostel

| SI .No | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumptio n Per month (kWh) |
|-----------|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 | LED Tube light | 4 | 20 | 4 | 0.32 | 24 | 7.68 |
| 2 | LED bulbs | 4 | 7 | 4 | 0.112 | 24 | 2.688 |
| 3 | Computer | 5 | 60 | 1 | 0.3 | 10 | 3 |
| 4 | Laptops | 3 | 50 | 2 | 0.30 | 10 | 3 |
| 5 | UPS | 2 | 360 | 4 | 2.88 | 10 | 28.8 |
| 6 | Projector | 1 | 260 | 0.5 | 0.13 | 10 | 1.3 |
| 7 | Printers | 1 | 40 | 0.5 | 0.02 | 10 | 0.2 |
| 8 | Deep freezer | 1 | 1000 | 20 | 20 | 24 | 480 |
| 9 | Induction | 1 | 2000 | 2 | 4 | 15 | 60 |
| | Cooker | | | | | | |
| 10 | Television | 1 | 170 | 1 | 0.17 | 10 | 1.7 |
| 11 | Invertors with no | 1 | 240 | 20 | 4.8 | 10 | 48 |
| | of batteries | | | | | | |
| 12 | Electric Heaters | 3 | 1200 | 1 | 3.6 | 10 | 36 |
| 13 | Water Purifier | 1 | 20 | 4 | 0.08 | 15 | 1.2 |
| 14 | Washing | 1 | 1460 | 1 | 1.46 | 20 | 29.2 |
| | <u> </u> | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | TOTAL | 2285.768 |
|----|---------------|----|------|----|------|-------|----------|
| 19 | CFL Bulb | 39 | 18 | 4 | 2.8 | 24 | 67.2 |
| 18 | Ordinary Tube | 18 | 40 | 4 | 2.88 | 10 | 28.8 |
| 17 | Water Boiler | 1 | 2000 | 1 | 2 | 10 | 20 |
| 16 | Water Heater | 3 | 900 | 1 | 2.7 | 10 | 27 |
| 15 | Geyser | 3 | 2000 | 16 | 96 | 15 | 1440 |
| | Machine | | | | | | |

Location 11: Adoration Girl's Hostel

| SI .No | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumptio n Per month (kWh) |
|-----------|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|---|
| 1 | LED Tube light | 8 | 20 | 4 | 0.64 | 24 | 15.36 |
| 2 | LED bulbs | 19 | 8 | 4 | 0.608 | 24 | 16.32 |
| 3 | Computer | 1 | 60 | 1 | 0.06 | 10 | 0.6 |
| 4 | Laptops | 1 | 50 | 1 | 0.05 | 10 | 0.5 |
| 5 | UPS | 1 | 360 | 4 | 1.44 | 10 | 14.4 |
| 6 | Printers | 1 | 40 | 0.5 | 0.02 | 10 | 0.2 |
| 7 | Refrigerators | 1 | 210 | 20 | 4.2 | 24 | 100.8 |
| 8 | Deep freezer | 1 | 750 | 10 | 15 | 24 | 360 |
| 9 | Induction Cooker | 1 | 2000 | 2 | 4 | 15 | 60 |
| 10 | Television | 1 | 170 | 1 | 0.17 | 10 | 1.7 |
| 11 | Invertors with no of batteries | 1 | 250 | 20 | 5 | 10 | 50 |
| 12 | Electric Heaters | 3 | 1200 | 1 | 3.6 | 10 | 36 |
| 13 | Water Purifier | 1 | 20 | 1 | 0.02 | 15 | 0.3 |
| 14 | Geyser | 2 | 2000 | 4 | 16 | 15 | 240 |
| 15 | Water Heater | 1 | 900 | 1 | 0.9 | 10 | 9 |
| 16 | Water Boiler | 1 | 2000 | 1 | 2 | 10 | 20 |
| 17 | Ordinary Tube | 22 | 40 | 4 | 3.52 | 10 | 35.2 |
| 18 | CFL Bulbs | 18 | 20 | 4 | 1.44 | 24 | 34.56 |
| | | | | | | TOTAL | 994.94 |

Location 12: Auditorium and Indoor Stadium

| | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumptio n Per month (kWh) |
|---|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| 1 | LED Tube light | 26 | 468 | 2 | 24.33 | 5 | 121 |
| 2 | LED bulbs | 35 | 350 | 4 | 49 | 20 | 980 |
| 3 | Exhaust Fan | 20 | 800 | 1 | 16 | 1 | 16 |
| 4 | Projector | 1 | 290 | 2 | 0.58 | 5 | 3 |
| 5 | Amplifier | 1 | 100 | 2 | 0.2 | 5 | 1 |
| | 2 3 4 | 1 LED Tube light 2 LED bulbs 3 Exhaust Fan 4 Projector | Appliances/ instruments 1 LED Tube light 26 2 LED bulbs 35 3 Exhaust Fan 20 4 Projector 1 | Appliances/ r (watt) 1 LED Tube light 26 468 2 LED bulbs 35 350 3 Exhaust Fan 20 800 4 Projector 1 290 | Appliances/ r per Day (in hrs) 1 LED Tube light 26 468 2 2 LED bulbs 35 350 4 3 Exhaust Fan 20 800 1 4 Projector 1 290 2 | Appliances/ r per Day (watt (in hrs)) 1 LED Tube light 26 468 2 24.33 2 LED bulbs 35 350 4 49 3 Exhaust Fan 20 800 1 16 4 Projector 1 290 2 0.58 | Appliances/ r per Day days in a month (watt (in hrs)) 1 LED Tube light 26 468 2 24.33 5 2 LED bulbs 35 350 4 49 20 3 Exhaust Fan 20 800 1 16 1 4 Projector 1 290 2 0.58 5 |

| 6 | Speaker | 15 | 4500 | 2 | 135 | 5 | 675 |
|---------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--|--|---|
| | | | | | | TOTAL | 1796 |
| Location | 13: PG Block | | | | | | |
| SI. No | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumptio n Per month (kWh) |
| 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 | LED Tube light LED bulbs Computer Laptops UPS Exhaust Fan Smart Interactive Display Board Projectors Printers | 160 25 10 20 10 4 1 | 18 7 70 80 600 40 150 | 4 1 2 4 1 1 | 11.52 0.70 0.7 3.20 24 0.16 0.15 | 24 24 10 10 10 10 15 | 276.48 16.80 7 32 24 1.6 2.25 |
| 10 | Television | 2 | 58.6 | 1 | 0.117 | 10 | 1.17 |
| 11 | Invertors with no | 4 | 250 | 20 | 20 | 10 | 200 |
| 12 | of batteries Electric Heaters | 5 | 900 | 1 | 4.5 | 10 | 45 |
| 13 | Xerox Machines | 1 | 60 | 0.5 | 0.03 | 10 | 0.3 |
| 14 | Speaker | 25 | 100 | 0.5 | 1.25 | 15 | 18.75 |
| 15 | CCTV | 12 | 40 | 20 | 9.6 | 24 | 230.4 |
| 16 | Water Purifier | 3 | 25 | 1 | 0.075 | 15 | 1.125 |
| 17 | Water Boiler | 2 | 1500 | 1 | 3 | 10 | 30 |
| 18 | Coffee Machine | 1 | 800 | 2 | 1.6 | 24 | 38.4 |
| | | | | | | TOTAL | 928.675 |

Location 14: Staff Quarter (outside the campus)

| SI. No | Electrical Appliances/ instruments | Nos | Powe r (watt) | Usage per Day (in hrs) | kWh | No of days in a month | Total Consumptio n Per month (kWh) |
|-----------|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|---|
| 1 | LED bulbs | 38 | 8 | 4 | 1.21 | 24 | 29.04 |
| 2 | Tube light | 83 | 17 | 4 | 5.644 | 24 | 135.456 |
| 3 | Printers | 1 | 40 | 0.5 | 0.02 | 10 | 0.2 |
| 4 | Refrigerators | 3 | 250 | 20 | 15 | 24 | 360 |
| 5 | Television | 3 | 170 | 1 | 0.51 | 10 | 5.1 |
| 6 | Induction Cooker | 2 | 2000 | 1 | 4 | 15 | 60 |
| 7 | Photocopier | 1 | 5000 | 0.5 | 2.50 | 10 | 25 |
| 8 | Electric Air pot | 15 | 750 | 1 | 11.25 | 15 | 168.75 |
| 9 | Heater | 9 | 800 | 0.5 | 3.60 | 15 | 54 |
| 10 | Geyser | 18 | 2000 | 1 | 36 | 10 | 360 |
| | | | | | | TOTAL | 1197.54 |

St. Joseph's College (Autonomous), Jakhama E- WASTE CLUB Collection Drive







The E-Waste club, SJC (A), Jakhama, with the aim of e-waste free environment carried out door to door collection drive at CMC Women's Hostel, Art's Block and Men's Hostel. The E-Waste club conducted the collection drive on the 12th of February, and 7th and 9th of March, 2023. Some of the e-wastes collected were earpiece, desktop, laptop charger, wires etc.

Given below is the list of e-waste collected from the college and the campus:

| IT AND | CONSUMER | INDUSTRIAL | MEDICAL |
|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| TELECOM | ELECTRONICS | ELECTRONICS | EQUIPMENTS |
| CRT Monitor | TV (CRT 21 inches) | Current Transformer | Sterilizer machine |
| Flat Screen Monitor | TV (Flat Screen 26 inch) | Dosing Pump | Medical balance |
| CPU | Split AC | function generator | Centrifuged machine |
| Laptop | Table Fan | Heat Gun | X Ray machine |
| Motherboard | Toaster | Hydra Machine | Portable X ray machine |
| Laptop battery | VCR | Hydrologic Trolley | Pulse oxy meter monitor |
| Laptop Charger | Washing Machine | Main Switch Extra | Bedside monitor |

| | Front Load/Top Load | Large | |
|------------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------|
| CD/DVD Rom Drive | Video Conferencing device | Main Switch Large | X ray view box |
| Compact Server | Video Recorder/DVD Player/Tape recorder | Main Switch Medium | Calling box |
| Control Panel | Wall Clock | Main Switch Small | BP testing device |
| CPU Fans | Entertainment Equipment (Tandberg Data) | Motor Pump | Analyzer |
| Data Switch | Water Filter | pressure gauge | Submersible pump |
| Dish TV Satellite | Water Heating Jug | Rotor | |
| DVR | Wires | Scrubbing Machine | |
| DVR Switch | Woofer | UPS Extra Large | |
| EpabX Console | CCTV Camera | UPS Extra Large | |
| EpabX Machine | CCTV Rotinal base | Voltage Meter | |
| Extension Cord | CFL Bulb | Automotive battery | |
| Fire Panel | Copper Chokes | Walky Talky | |
| Floppy Drive | Cross Trainer | Kymograph Machine | |
| Graphics Card | Electric Heater | submersible pump | |
| Hard Disk | Electric Kettles | Colorimeter | |
| Headphones | Fan | MS Scrap | |
| Keyboard | Inverter battery | Signal Generator | |
| KOT Printer | Fire Alarm | Voltmeter | |
| KVM/Ethernet Switch | Grinder | Voltmeter | |
| LAN Cable | Gym Cycle | Electric Motor | |
| РСВ | Halogen Frame | Stabilizer | |
| Phone | Hand Blender | Change Over | |
| POS | Hand Mixer | | |
| LCD Flat Screen | Hot Air Oven | | |

| Power Bank | Induction Cooker | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Power Cord Battery | Iron | |
| Power Supply | Lamp Frame | |
| RAM | Lamps | |
| Smart Phone | LED Bulb | |
| SMPS (Power Supply) | LED Fitting | |
| Speaker | Light Board | |
| Tablet | microwave oven | |
| Telephone | Mini Bar | |
| Deskjet Printer/Fax | Mobile Phone Charger | |
| Dot Matrix Printer | Music Player | |
| LaserJet Printer / Scanner | Music System | |
| Multi-Functional Printer | ОТБ | |

| Paper Shredder | Pencil Battery | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Photostat | Radio | |
| Machine/Xerox | | |
| Machine | | |
| Postal Franking | Radio/Transistor | |
| Machine | | |
| Widefille | | |
| Over Head Projector | Refrigerator Any Door | |
| Router/Modem/LAN | Room Heater | |
| scanner(Finger) | Roti Maker | |
| Scanner jet | Set Top Box | |
| Security Camera | Speakers | |
| Typewriter | Capacitor | |

| Card Scanning Machine | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Washing . | | |
| Treadmill | | |
| Ceiling Fan | | |
| Chandelier | | |
| Compressor | | |
| Emergency Light | | |
| Entertainment | | |
| Equipment | | |
| Exhaust fan | | |
| Generator | | |
| Halogen | | |
| Inverter Big | | |
| Power Cable | | |
| Small Domestic Appliance | | |
| Standing Fan | | |
| Vacuum Cleaner | | |
| Water | | |
| Heater/Geyser | | |
| Water Purification | | |
| Weighing Scale | | |
| Aluminum cables | | |
| LED Fitting(3) | | |
| Microscope | | |
| Ballast | | |
| Coffee Machine | | |
| | Machine Treadmill Ceiling Fan Chandelier Compressor Emergency Light Entertainment Equipment Exhaust fan Generator Halogen Inverter Big Power Cable Small Domestic Appliance Standing Fan Vacuum Cleaner Water Heater/Geyser Water Purification Weighing Scale Aluminum cables LED Fitting(3) Microscope Ballast | Machine Treadmill Ceiling Fan Chandelier Compressor Emergency Light Entertainment Equipment Exhaust fan Generator Halogen Inverter Big Power Cable Small Domestic Appliance Standing Fan Vacuum Cleaner Water Heater/Geyser Water Purification Weighing Scale Aluminum cables LED Fitting(3) Microscope Ballast |

| Air Purifier | |
|---------------------|--|
| Ballast(Tube light) | |
| Blade Server | |
| Blower | |
| Camera | |

Julia

Jamie

dipole

Dr. Thejasenuo Julia Kirha Assistant Professor Botany Department St.Joseph's College (A) Mr. Moatemsu Assistant Professor Commerce Department St.Joseph's College (A) Mr. Lipokrenba Assistant Professor Zoology Department St.Joseph's College (A)

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE



JAKHAMA

P.B. No. 39, Kohima, Nagaland – 797 001
(Autonomous status granted by UGC notification No.F.22-1(AC) Dtd.11th Oct.2018)
0370-2231009 (O), 2233022 (Principal), 9436437544 (M)

www.stjosephjakhama.ac.in Email: stjosephc@gmail.com
NAAC Grade A (CGPA: 3.12)

Date: 15/09/2023

GREEN AUDIT - SJC (A)

The following details are prepared based on the Questionnaire received from Nagaland Pollution Control Board, Government of Nagaland, Nagaland, for the purpose of Green Audit of St. Joseph's College (Autonomous), Jakhama, Nagaland.

INFRASTRUCTURE ASSESSMENT

- 1. Total area of the university/college: 26.9 Acres
- 2. Area developed within the campus: 4.63 Acres/ 6.36 Acres (appro)
- 3. Area of various blocks/offices:
 - i. Main Building (Arts Block) = 66, 940 sq.ft
 - ii. St. Pope Francis Science Block = 67,330 sq.ft
 - iii. PG and Research Block = 51,520 sq.ft
- 4. Total strength of the university/college: 4190
- 5. Total no. of faculty (teaching and non-teaching): 132
- 6. Total no. of students: 4058
- 7. **Academic degree offered**: i. Undergraduate Course: BA, BBA, B. Com, B.Sc (13 Departments) and Post Graduate Course: MA (5 Departments)
- 8. No. of computers: 222
- 9. No. of hostels: 5 Hostels (1 Boy's Hostel and 4 Girls Hostel)
- 10. No. of students accommodated in the hostel: 701
- 11. Area and no. of residential quarters:

The college has 5 staff quarters and 1 new staff quarter is in the process of construction

12. Health care facility in the campus:

The college has 1 Dispensary in the Arts Block and 1 Infirmary in PG Block

13. No. of canteens:

The college maintains 3 canteens -1 in Arts Block, 1 in Science Block and 1 in PG Block

4. Public means of transport within the university area:

The college buses are utilised for travel of staff and students from Kohima to Jakhama, and are there are 5 motor vehicles and 1 two-wheeler of the college.

15. Banks/post offices located 1 within the campus:

The college does not have any banks or post office located within the campus. However, for financial accessibility of the students and the staff, the college have two ATM booths of which one is with CDM facility.

16. Library in the campus:

The College has one main library in the Arts Block and 1 library in the PG Block

GREEN COVER AND NATURE CONSERVATION

1. Is there a garden in your college?

Yes, the college maintains gardens, where flowers, fruits and vegetables are tended. Mention of the gardens in the college is as follows:

- i. Herbal Heritage cum Botanical Garden
- ii. Oasis of Nature
- iii. SJC Men's Hostel Garden
- iv. Ave Maria Girls Hostel Garden
- v. CMC Girls Hostel Garden
- vi. Adoration Women's Hostel Garden
- vii. Orchards
- viii. Adam Smith's Farm

2. Is there concept-based garden (star plants, medicinal plants, endemic species, agriculture, etc.), specify area for each.

There are concept-based gardens where medicinal and vegetable gardens are planted together in the PG Block. Ornamental plants are grown in science block, besides the chapel and Arts Block gardens. Plants such as Cycas are found in Arts Block entrance and Father's residence. Lush pines are grown along the footpath towards indoor stadium and trees are grown around the boundary of the campus. Apple and Kiwi orchards is maintained on the way to PG Block and a garden based on agricultural activities is also maintained. Spring Cherry Blossom trees are planted in-front of PG Block, and near to football ground. Ornamental plants (evergreen trees) are planted on the road side from Science Block to basketball ground. Ornamental plants (evergreen) trees are planted along the football ground.

3. Do students spend time in the garden? If so, mention the approximate time and purpose.

Students of Department of Botany spent time in the botanical garden as per the syllabus requirement. Paper such as nursery and gardening mandates the student to be in the garden for about 2 hours in a week. One of the main purpose for activities in the garden is to educate the students on the techniques required to grow plants, the valuable medicinal properties a plant contains, therefore the morphological features are studied to differentiate and for identification process

For the Department of Economics (PG), students as part of their paper on **Economics of Agriculture** (Paper Code MECC 3.1), they are allowed to visit the Adam Smith Farm once a week for at least two hours (last two periods). Some of the crops that are grown on the farm include beans, tomatoes, lettuce, chilli, onion, and bitter gourd. Such practices aid the students to gain valuable hands-on experience in agricultural practices, the economic importance of agriculture. Overall, the farm provides a valuable learning resource for the Economics of Agriculture course. The farm is expected to continue to grow in the future, providing even more opportunities for students to learn and contribute to the community.

4. List of campus flora (attach a list of plants with details, including scientific name, family, approximate number of plants, etc.) in your campus.

| Sl.no | Scientific name | Family | No. of |
|-------|------------------------|----------------|---------|
| | | | species |
| 1. | Phoenix roebelenii | Arecaceae | 3 |
| | Chamaerops humilis | | |
| | Caryota mitis | | |
| 2. | Cycas revoluta | Cycadaceae | 1 |
| 3. | Tropaeolum majus | Tropaeolaceae | 1 |
| 4. | Plantago sp | Plantaginaceae | 1 |
| 5. | Passiflora edulis | Passifloraceae | 1 |
| | | | |
| 6. | Primula matthioli | Primulaceae | 1 |
| 7. | Quercus acutissima | Fagaceae | 1 |
| 8. | Phyllanthus tenellus | Phyllanthaceae | 1 |
| 9. | Schefflera sp | Araliaceae | 3 |
| | Hedera helix | | |
| | Hedera nepalensis | | |
| 10. | Grevilea robusta | Proteaceae | 1 |
| 11. | Persea americana | Lauraceae | 1 |
| 12. | Aloe vera | Asphodelaceae | 1 |
| 13. | Cryptomeria japonica | Cupressaceae | 3 |
| | Juniperus occidentalis | | |
| | Thuja arbovitae | | |
| 14. | Alliun ascalonicum | Liliaceae | 1 |

| 15. | Debregeasia longifolia | Urticaceae | 1 |
|-----|--------------------------|-----------------|---|
| 16. | Desmodium incanum | Leguminoseae | 7 |
| | Vicia lathyroides | _ | |
| | Bauhinia nahlu | | |
| | Mucuna prureins | | |
| | Dalbergia ecastaphyllum | | |
| | Dysolobium pilosum | | |
| | Bauhinia variegata | | |
| 17. | Selaginella kraussiana | Selaginellaceae | 1 |
| 18. | Woodsia sp | Woodsiaceae | 1 |
| 19. | Athyrium filix-femina | Dryopteridaceae | 2 |
| | Athyrium niponicum | | |
| 20. | Azadirachta indica | Meliaceae | 1 |
| 21. | Dracaena sp | Dracaenceae | 1 |
| 22. | Zamia integrifolia | Zamiaceae | 1 |
| 23. | Gallium molugo | Rubiaceae | 1 |
| 24. | Bouganvillea spectabilis | Nytaginaceae | 1 |
| 25. | Aglaomorpha sp | Polypodiaceae | 2 |
| | Aglaomorpha fortunei | | |
| 26. | Smilax officinalis | Smilacaceae | 2 |
| | Smilax ovaliforia | | |
| 27. | Thalictrum foliolosum | Ranunculaceae | 2 |
| | Clematis vitalba | | |
| 28. | Geranium rotundifolium | Geraniaceae | 1 |
| 29. | Chenopodium giganteum | Amaranthaceae | 1 |
| 30. | Rumex confertus | Polygonaceae | 4 |
| | Fagopyrum cymosum | | |
| | Polygonum chinensis | | |
| | Rumex dentatus | | |
| 31. | Schizanthus pinnatus | Orchidaceae | 3 |
| | Coelogyne mossiae | | |
| | Dendrochilum sp | | |
| 32. | Alnus spaethii | Betulaceae | 2 |
| | Alnus nepalensis | | |
| 33. | Thuja occidentalis | Cupressaceae | 2 |
| 24 | Cupressus lusitanica | 5: | |
| 34. | Pinus resinosa | Pinaceae | 2 |
| 25 | Cedrus deodora | C 1 11 | |
| 35. | Silene armeria | Caryophyllaceae | 4 |
| | Drymaria cordata | | |
| | Sagina saginoides | | |
| 36 | Atocion armeria | 0.1 | A |
| 36. | Solanum jasminoides | Solanaceae | 4 |
| | Solanum tuberosum | | |
| | Solanum lycopersicum | | |

| | Solanum lycopersicum var, | | |
|-----|---------------------------|------------------|----|
| | cerasiforme | | |
| 37. | Vinca major | Apocynaceae | 1 |
| 38. | Duranta sp | Verbenaceae | 2 |
| | Lantana camara | | |
| 39. | Nuttalanthus floridanus | Scrophulariaceae | 2 |
| | Buddleja davidii | | |
| 40. | Dennstaedtia punctilobula | Dennstaedtiaceae | 2 |
| | Pteridium aquilinum | | |
| 41. | Rosa chinensis | Rosaceae | 14 |
| | Prunus domestica | | |
| | Prunus avium | | |
| | Prunus persica | | |
| | Rubus ellipticus | | |
| | Rubus sp | | |
| | Rosa sp | | |
| | Fragaria vesca | | |
| | Spiraea vanhouttei | | |
| | Malus sylvestris | | |
| | Kerria japonica | | |
| | Potentilla hebiighigo | | |
| | Rubus idaeus | | |
| | Prunus serstina | | |
| 42. | Mangifera indica | Anacardiaceae | 1 |
| 43. | Fraxinus excelsior | Oleaceae | 1 |
| 44. | Macaranga pustulata | Euphorbiaceae | 2 |
| | Ricinus communis | | |
| 45. | Malvastrum | Malvaceae | 3 |
| | coromandelianum | | |
| | Hibiscus rosa-sinensis | | |
| | Adansonia digitata | | |
| 46. | Rhododendrum arboretum | Ericaceae | 2 |
| | Rhododendrum laponicum | | |
| 47. | Eragrostis amabilis | Poaceae | 9 |
| | Polypogon monspeliensis | | |
| | Eleusine indica | | |
| | Lepturus repens | | |
| | Digitaria sp | | |
| | Digitaria ischaemum | | |
| | Rottboellia sp | | |
| | Phragmites auatralis | | |
| | Setaria palmifolia | | |
| 48. | Citrus sinensis | Rutaceae | 4 |
| | Citrus limon | | |
| | Citrus cavaleriei | | |
| | | | |

| | Zanthoxylum aromaticum | | |
|-----|--------------------------|----------------|----|
| 49. | Myrrhis odorata | Apiaceae | 3 |
| | Oenanthe javanica | 1 | |
| | Centella Asiatica | | |
| 50. | Musa sp | Musaceae | 1 |
| 51. | Araucaria heterophylla | Araucariaceae | 1 |
| 52. | Cyperus rotundus | Cyperaceae | 1 |
| 53. | Canna indica | Cannaceae | 1 |
| 54. | Laggera crispate | Asteraceae | 23 |
| | Sonchus oleraceus | | |
| | Tagetes patula | | |
| | Bidens pilosa | | |
| | Pseudognaphalium affine | | |
| | Erigeron divergens | | |
| | Eupatorium adenophorum | | |
| | Artemisia princeps | | |
| | Vernonia gigantean | | |
| | Bellis perennis | | |
| | Alstroemeria sp | | |
| | Taraxacum officinale | | |
| | Blumea densiflora | | |
| | Calendula officinalis | | |
| | Galinsoga parviflora | | |
| | Erigeron sumatrensis | | |
| | Lactuca virosa | | |
| | Argyranthemum frutescens | | |
| | Euryops pectinatus | | |
| | Cirsium muticum | | |
| | Centaurea cyanus | | |
| | Glebionis coronaria | | |
| | Gynura bicolor | | |
| 55. | Panda oleosa | Pandaceae | 1 |
| 56. | Sechium edule | Cucurbitaceae | 1 |
| 57. | Leucosceptrum canum | Lamiaceae | 2 |
| | Clinopodium nepeta | | |
| 58. | Callistemon citrinus | Myrtaceae | 1 |
| 59. | Oenothera rosea | Onagraceae | 2 |
| | Ludwigia hyssopifolia | | |
| 60. | Punica granatum | Punicaceae | 1 |
| 61. | Brassica campestris | Brassicaceae | 1 |
| 62. | Curculigo sp | Amaryllidaceae | 1 |

Total number of families: 62 Total number of species: 152

Family with the highest number of plant species: Asteraceae with 23 species.

5. Name and number of the medicinal plants in your college campus.

| Sl.No | Scientific name |
|-------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Catharanthus roseus |
| 2 | Mimosa pudica |
| 3 | Polygonum moll |
| 4 | Allium sativum |
| 5 | Mentha spicata |
| 6 | Psidium guajava |
| 7 | Fagopyrum esculentum |
| 8 | Curculigo capitulat |
| 9 | Blumea spp |
| 10 | Eryngium foetidu |
| 11 | Ageratum conyzoides |
| 12 | Solanum nigrum |
| 13 | Centella asiatica |
| 14 | Solanum indicum |
| 15 | Houttuynia cordata |
| 16 | Equisetum arvense |
| 17 | Plantago major |
| 18 | Punica granatum |
| 19 | Galinsoga parviflora |
| 20 | Artemisia princeps |
| 21 | Eupatorium adenophorum |
| 22 | Erigeron divergens |
| 23 | Pseudognaphalium affine |
| | Scientific name |
| 24 | Bidens pilosa |
| 25 | Tagetes patula |
| 26 | Sonchus oleraceus |
| 27 | Lantana camara |
| 28 | Azadirachta indica |
| 29 | Aloe vera |
| 30 | Phyllanthus tenellus |
| 31 | Passiflora edulis |
| | |

Total number of medicinal plants: 31

6. Any threatened plant species planted/conserved?

Yes. The following species are grown and conserved within its natural habitat in the campus

- (i) Acmellia paniculata
- (ii) Blumea clarkei
- (iii) Coelogyne cristata

- (iv) Curcuma zedoaria
- (v) Dioscoria bulbifera
- (vi) Zanthoxylum rhesta

7. List the name and quantity of pesticides and fertilizers used in your gardens?

No pesticides and fertilizers are used. Organic fertilizers such as cow dung, decayed barks and leaves of trees are used spreading it around the soil for nourishment of the plants thus allowing it to take its natural course.

8. Are you doing any organic practice of composting in your campus?

Yes. The Department of Zoology maintains a Vermi-culture pit.

9. Mention the source of water used.

The college is supplied with water from the Dzükou Valley river which is stored in the main supply reservoir and is distributed to the whole campus.

10. Are you using any type of recycled water in your garden?

The college does not use recycled water as natural water source is available.

11. Is there any irrigation system in your college? No

12. Is there a nature club in your college? If yes, what are the activities?

Yes, the college has an Eco-club with 65 registered student members (34 male and 31 female) which is supervised by three Staff Directors with the support of 4 student Executive members. Some of the activities undertaken by the Eco-Club of the college are:

- i. Plantation Drive
- ii. Cleanliness Drive within the campus and the vicinities near the college
- iii. Sensitising the students, staff and the nearby village communities about cleanliness, sanitation and environment conservation.
- iv. Awareness campaign and seminars on Single Use-Plastics, Global warming and Climate Change
- v. Outreach programme to nearby schools

13. What is the total area of the campus under tree cover?

Approximately 2.6 acres (10%) of the college area is under tree cover

14. Share your future plans for further improvement of green cover.

Some of the future plans of the college to improve the green cover and to manage the environment within the campus and the surroundings are as follows:

- (i) Planting of trees such as cherry trees, more variety of fruit trees, herbs and vegetables.
- (ii) Plantation drives in and around the campus for more green cover.
- (iii) Involvement of students in plantation drive to instil the importance of green environment for clean and pollution free campus.
- (iv) Maintaining herbal, medicinal and aesthetic plants and flowers

(v) Organising more awareness programs about Environment management, waste Management, Climate Changes, Biodiversity awareness etc

15. Have you incorporated green conservation aspects in your curriculum?

Yes, Environmental Science is offered to all the students of Undergraduate Studies and courses such as Green Chemistry, Economics of Agriculture, Environmental Sociology (both UG & PG) are part of the college curriculum.

16. Do students reach out to the public in conveying the message of nature conservation?

The students of the college as part of their curriculum and co-curricular activities carry out cleanliness and plantation drive, organise competitions on environmental conservation and management, and organise awareness campaigns and outreach programmes.

WASTE MANAGEMENT

1. What are the types of waste produced?

Biodegradable waste, Non-biodegradable waste, chemical waste, E-waste and water waste.

2. Quantity of waste produced (in kg) per day (approximately).

i. Biodegradable Waste: 100 kg approximately

ii. Non-biodegradable Waste: 15 kg approximately

iii. Chemical Waste: 1 kg approximately

iv. E-waste: 0.5 kg approximately

v. Water Waste: 1000 kg approximately **Total = 11155 kg approximately**

3. Is segregation of waste done?

Segregation of waste for degradation, recycling and disposal are done at the source to prevent threat to life and the environment.

4. Methods of treatment/disposal of waste (both biodegradable and non-biodegradable).

| Types of Waste | Constituents | Disposal |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | method |
| E-Waste | Old computer parts, electronic | Partnering agency |
| | boards and wires, old printers, | E-Circle |
| | old batteries etc | |
| Non Bio-degradable solid waste | Broken glass wares, empty | The broken glass wares |
| | plastic & glass containers | are collected and |
| | | disposed off in a safe |
| | | place. |
| Biodegradable solid waste | Food waste, vegetable peels, | Piggery, Vermicompost |

| | | leaves etc | |
|-------------|--------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| Chemical | Solid | Filter paper, broken glass | Incineration |
| waste | | wares, | Land fill |
| | Liquid | Acids, organic solvents | Diluted with water |
| | Toxic | Heavy metals | Collect and disposed |
| | | | for recycle |
| Water waste | | Urinals, bathrooms | Proper drainage system |

5. Whether adequate drainage facility is available in the campus or not?

Yes, proper drainage is maintained within and outside the college campus.

WATER MANAGEMENT

1. Source of water for various activities in the campus.

The college is supplied with water from the Dzükou valley river which is stored in the main reservoirs and is supplied to the whole campus.

2. Source of drinking water.

The water supplied from the Dzukou source is used for supply of drinking water. Additionally, in all the important points of the college buildings filtered water source is maintained for drinking purpose.

3. Whether the following water conservation facilities are practiced

- i) Rain water harvesting: Yes
- ii) Borewell/open well recharge: No
- iii) Construction of tanks and bunds: Yes
- iv) Waste water recycling: No. The Waste Water is managed through drainage.

4. How is waste water treated? If any

At present, the college does not have Waste Water Treatment facilities

ENERGY MANAGEMENT

1. Source of electricity?

(i) Power Grid (ii) Solar Panels

3. Is solar energy utilized?

Yes. Solar heating panels are installed in the hostels, Staff Quarters, Solar Panels are installed at strategic points of the college and the solar bulbs are utilized to light up the surroundings college.

3. Electricity charges in a month: Rs. 80000/- per month approximately.

CARBON FOOTPRINT

1. Mode of transportation for the staff and students?

2. Do the college have bus facility for transportation?

Yes, the college provides bus facilities for transportation- 1 bus for Staff and 25 buses for students

3. Is bicycle a mode of transportation within the college campus? $_{\mbox{\scriptsize No}}$

Give a list of the environmental awareness programmes conducted in the college during the previous two years.

Some of the environmental Activities Conducted by the colleges are:

- 1. Installing solar panels and solar lamps in the campus to save energy
- 2. Annual observation of World Environment Day on 5th June
- 3. Conducting cleanliness drive in the campus and the surrounding areas
- 4. Conducting of cleanliness drive on sites of importance in Kohima district
- 5. Plantation Drives are organised by the students under the different aegis of Clubs, associations and departments of the college. Apple, Kiwi, Persimmon, Jacaranda, Pines are some of the plants planted during the plantation drive
- 6. Maintaining botanical garden cum herbal plants heritage, Orchards and greenbelts in the college.
- 7. Observation of Environment and Ecological Days and Activities such as Earth Day, World Sustainable Energy Day etc.
- 8. Organising and participating in Clean India Campaign, Swachata, Biodiversity Walk etc., to create awareness about the environment.
- 9. Organising Environmental awareness campaigns and seminars.
- 10. Organising as well as participating in different Environment based competitions
- 11. Management of E-waste by forming the E-waste Club of the College which conducts E-waste collection drive in the college.
- 12. Launching of Eco-friendly Products of **Newspaper Pencil**, **Paper Pen and Plantable Badge** by the Department of Sociology, St. Joseph's College (Autonomous), Jakhama, under the entrepreneurial initiative of Mr. Keneisezo Thomas Belho, a Post Graduate Student of Department of Sociology of the College.
- 13. The College students are taught **grafting of plants** for plantation. There are **38 Apple grafted plants and 44 Plum grafted plants** ready for plantation. Some drafted trees (Plum) are planted for experiment.

Dr. Fr. George Keduolhou Angami
Principal
Principal
St. Joseph's College (Autonomous)

St. Joseph's College (Autonomous)

Jakhama Nagaland

