

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) JAKHAMA-NAGALAND

SYLLABUS (Outcome Based Education)

CURRICULUM AND CREDIT FRAMEWORK FOR UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMMES (NEP-2020)



DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY

With effect from the Academic Year 2023-2024 (1st to 4thFYUGP)

INTRODUCTION

The framework of curriculum for the Bachelor's program in Zoology aims to transform the course content and pedagogy to provide a multidisciplinary, student-centric, and outcome-based, holistic education to the next generation of students.

Aside from structuring the curriculum to be more in-depth, focused, and comprehensive with significant skill-set for all exit levels; keeping in mind the job prospects; the emphasis has been to maintain academic coherence and continuum throughout the program of study and help build a strong footing in the subject, thereby ensuring a seamless transition into their careers. Special attention is given to eliminate redundancy, discourage rote learning, and espouse a problem-solving, critical thinking, and inquisitive mindset among learners.

The curriculum embraces the philosophy that science is best learned through experiential learning, not limited to the confines of a classroom but rather through hands-on training, projects and field studies.

This updated syllabus, with modern technology, helps students stay informed on the leading-edge developments in animal sciences and promotes curiosity, innovation, and a passion for research that will serve them well in their journey into scientific adventure and discovery beyond graduation.

The goal is to equip students with holistic knowledge, competencies, professional skills, and a strong positive mindset that they can leverage while navigating the current stiff challenges of the job market.

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

B.Sc. Zoology

- **PSO 1:** To produce graduates who can demonstrate comprehensive knowledge of the discipline. Execute strong theoretical and practical understanding generated from the specific graduate programme in the area of work so as to enable the learners to pursue academic or professional careers.
- **PSO 2:** To create empathetical social concern and equity centered national development, and ability to act with an informed awareness of moral and ethical issues and commit to professional ethics and responsibility.
- **PSO 3:** To understand the impact of the scientific solutions in societal and environmental contexts and demonstrate the knowledge and need for sustainable development.
- **PSO 4:** To develop the working knowledge and applications of modern technology in education and scientific research.
- **PSO 5:** To gain knowledge about research methodologies, effective communication, skills of problemsolving methods and ability to work in teams.
- **PSO 6:** To create scientific temperament among the students.

Programme Structure								
Semester	Major or Core Paper (4 credits each)	Inter-disciplinary Minor Paper (4 credits each)	Multidisciplinary course (4 credits each)	Skill Enhancement courses (SEC) OR Internship/ Apprenticeship/Project/Commu nity Outreach (2 credits each)	Ability enhancement courses (AEC) (2 credits each)	Value addition course (VAC) (2 credits each)	Total Credits	
I	ZOC 1.1: Techniques in Biology (3) ZOC 1.1(P): Techniques in Biology (1) ZOC 1.2: Non- Chordates I: Protista to pseudocoelomates (3) ZOC 1.2(P): Non- Chordates I: Protista to pseudocoelomates (1)	ZOM 1: Biology of Non-Chordates I (3) ZOM 1(P): Biology of Non-Chordates I (1)	MDC-1: Environmental Studies	ZOS 1: Bee Keeping and its Management (2)	AEC 1: English Communication	VAC-1 (2) Constitutional Values	22	
Ш	ZOC 2.1: Non-Chordates II: Coelomates (3) ZOC 2.1(P): Non-Chordates II: Coelomates (1) ZOC 2.2: Cell Biology (3) ZOC 2.2(P): Cell Biology (1)	ZOM 2: Biology of Non-Chordates II (3) ZOM 2(P): Biology of Non-Chordates II (1)	MDC-2: Programming using python	ZOS 2: Introduction to Vermiculture (2)	AEC 2: Basic Functional English	VAC-2(2) Consumer Rights	22	
		Exit option with Undergraduate Ce	rtificate (44 Credits)				44	
III	ZOC 3.1: Diversity of Chordates (3) ZOC 3.1(P): Diversity of Chordates (1) ZOC 3.2: Principles of Ecology (3) ZOC 3.2(P): Principles of Ecology (1) ZOC 3.3: Fundamentals of biochemistry (3) ZOC 3.3(P): Fundamentals of biochemistry (1)	ZOM 3: Life of Chordates (3) ZOM 3(P): Life of Chordates (1)	MDC-3(Intellectual Property Rights)	ZOS 3: Sericulture (2)			22	
IV	 ZOC 4.1: Comparative anatomy of vertebrates (3) ZOC 4.1(P): Comparative anatomy of vertebrates (1) ZOC 4.2: Animal physiology: controlling and coordinating systems (3) ZOC 4.2(P): Animal physiology: controlling and coordinating systems (1) ZOC 4.3: Biochemistry of metabolic processes (3) ZOC 4.3(P): Biochemistry of metabolic processes (1) 	ZOM 4: Animal Physiology-I (3) ZOM 4(P): Animal Physiology-I (1)		ZOS 4: Pisciculture (2)	AEC 3: Poetry, Prose and Short stories	VAC-3 (2) Work Ethics	22	
		Exit option with Undergraduate D	iploma (88 Credits)				88	
V	ZOC 5.1: Molecular Biology (3) ZOC 5.1(P): Molecular Biology (1) ZOC 5.2: Biostatistics (3) ZOC 5.2(P): Biostatistics (1) ZOC 5.3: Animal physiology: life sustaining systems (3) ZOC 5.3(P): Animal physiology: life sustaining systems (1)	ZOM 5: Animal physiology II (3) ZOM 5(P): Animal physiology II (1)		ZOS 5: Food, Nutrition and Health (2)	AEC 4: Novel and Drama	VAC (2) India through the ages	22	
VI	ZOC 6.1: Developmental Biology (3) ZOC 6.1(P): Developmental Biology (1) ZOC 6.2: Evolutionary Biology (3) ZOC 6.2(P): Evolutionary Biology (1) ZOC 6.3: Immunology (3) ZOC 6.3(P): Immunology (1) ZOC 6.4: Principles of Genetics (3) ZOC 6.4 (P): Principles of Genetics (1)	ZOM 6: Reproductive biology of animals (3) ZOM 6(P): Reproductive biology of animals (1)		ZOS 6: Medical Diagnostics (2)			22	
		Exit option with Bachelor of Science, B.Sc. Zo	ology (132 Credits)-UG L	Degree			132	

Semester	Major or Core Paper (4 credits each)	Interdisciplinary Minor Paper (4 credits each)	Multidisciplinary course (4 credits each)	Skill Enhancement courses (SEC) OR Internship/ Apprenticeship/Project/Comm unity Outreach (2 credits each)	Research Project/ Dissertation (12 Credits) OR 3 Theory Papers (12 Credits)	Total Credits
VII	ZOC 7.1: Reproductive biology (3) ZOC 7.1(P): Reproductive biology (1) ZOC 7.2: Endocrinology (3) ZOC 7.2(P): Endocrinology (1) RM 7: Research Methodology (3) RM 7(P): Research Methodology (1)	ZOM 7: Introductory endocrinology (3) ZOM 7(P): Introductory endocrinology (1) ZOM 8: Basics of Immunology (3) ZOM 8(P): Basics of Immunology (1)			Research Project/ Dissertation will start	20
VIII	ZOC 8.1: Biology of Insecta (3) ZOC 8.1(P): Biology of Insecta (1)	ZOM 9: Insect vectors and diseases (3) ZOM 9 (P): Insect vectors and diseases (1)			Research Project/Dissertation in major (12) OR ZOM 10: Animal Diversity (3) ZOM 10(P): Animal Diversity (1) ZOC 8.2: Parasitology (3) ZOC 8.2 (P): Parasitology (1) ZOC 8.3: Fish and Fisheries (3) ZCC 8.3 (P): Fish and Fisheries (1)	20
	1	Bachelor of Science, B.Sc. Zoology (Honours)	with Research (172 Cre	dits)		172

TIT	TITLES FOR THEORY AND PRACTICAL PAPERS WITH CREDIT POINTS SEMESTER WISE						
SEMESTER	COURSES OPTED	PAPER CODE	COURSE NAME	CREDIT(S)	TOTAL		
I	DSC-1	ZOC-1.1	Techniques in Biology	3	CREDITS 22		
•	DSC-1 Practical	ZOC-1.1(P)	Teeninques in Diology	1	<i>LL</i>		
	DSC-2	ZOC-1.2	Non-chordates 1: Protista to	3			
	0.50 2	200 1.2	Pseudocoelomates	5			
	DSC-2 Practical	ZOC-1.2(P)		1			
	IDM 1	ZOM 1	Biology of non-chordates I	3			
	IDM 1 Practical	ZOM 1(P)		1			
	MDC 1	MDC 1	Environmental Studies	4			
	AEC-1	AEC 1	English Communication	2			
	SEC-1	ZOS 1	Bee Keeping and its Management	2			
	VAC-1	VAC 1	Constitutional Values	2			
II	DSC-3	ZOC-2.1	Non-Chordates II: Coelomates	3	22		
	DSC-3 Practical	ZOC-2.1(P)		1			
	DSC-4	ZOC-2.2	Cell Biology	3			
	DSC-4 Practical	ZOC-2.2(P)		1			
	IDM-2	ZOM 2	Biology of non-chordates II	3			
	IDM-2 Practical	ZOM 2 (P)		1			
	MDC 2	MDC 2	Programming using python	4			
	AEC-2	AEC 2	Basic Functional English	2			
	SEC-2	ZOS 2	Introduction to Vermiculture	2			
	VAC-2	VAC 2	Consumer Rights	2			
	Undergrad	duate Certificate i		44	1		
III	DSC-5	ZOC-3.1	Diversity of Chordates	3	22		
	DSC-5 Practical	ZOC-3.1(P)		1			
	DSC-6	ZOC-3.2	Principles of Ecology	3			
	DSC-6 Practical	ZOC-3.2(P)		1			
	DSC-7	ZOC-3.3	Fundamentals of Biochemistry	3			
	DSC-7 Practical	ZOC-3.3(P)		1			
	IDM-3	ZOM 3	Life of Chordates	3			
	IDM-3 Practical	ZOM 3 (P)		1			
	MDC-3	MDC 3	Intellectual Property Rights	4			
	SEC-3	ZOS 3	Sericulture	2			
IV	DSC-8	ZOC-4.1	Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates	3	22		
	DSC-8 Practical	ZOC-4.1(P)		1			
	DSC-9	ZOC-4.2	Animal Physiology: Controlling and coordinating systems	3			
	DSC-9 Practical	ZOC-4.2(P)		1			
	DSC-10	ZOC-4.3	Biochemistry of Metabolic Processes	3			
	DSC-10 Practical	ZOC-4.3(P)		1			
	IDM 4	ZOM 4	Animal physiology-I	3			
	IDM 4 Practical	ZOM 4 (P)		1			

	SEC-4	ZOS 4	Pisciculture	2	
	VAC-3	VAC 3	Work Ethics	2	
		aduate Diploma in		- 88	\ }
V	DSC-11	ZOC-5.1	Molecular Biology	3	22
	DSC-11 Practical	ZOC-5.1(P)		1	
	DSC-12	ZOC-5.2	Biostatistics	3	
	DSC-12 Practical	ZOC-5.2(P)		1	
	DSC-12 Hactical DSC-13	ZOC-5.3	Animal physiology: Life	3	
	DBC 15	200 5.5	sustaining systems	5	
	DSC-13 Practical	ZOC-5.3(P)		1	
	IDM 5	ZOM 5	Animal Physiology-II	3	
	IDM 5 Practical	ZOM 5 (P)		1	
	AEC 4	AEC 4	Novel and Drama	2	
	SEC 5	ZOS 5	Food, Nutrition and Health	2	
	VAC 4	VAC 4	India through the ages	2	
VI	DSC-14	ZOC 6.1	Developmental Biology	3	22
	DSC-14 Practical	ZOC-6.1(P)		1	
	DSC-15	ZOC-6.2	Evolutionary Biology	3	
	DSC-15 Practical	ZOC-6.2(P)		1	
	DSC-16	ZOC-6.3	Immunology	3	
	DSC-16 Practical	ZOC-6.3(P)		1	
	DSC-17	ZOC-6.4	Principles of Genetics	3	
	DSC-17 Practical	ZOC-6.4(P)		1	
	IDM 6	ZOM 6	Reproductive biology of animals	3	
	IDM 6 Practical	ZOM 6 (P)		1	
	SEC 6	ZOS 6	Medical Diagnostics	2	
	Bache	lor of Science (Zo	-	13	2
VII	DSC-18	ZOC-7.1	Reproductive biology	3	20
	DSC-18 Practical	ZOC-7.1(P)		1	
	DSC-19	ZOC-7.2	Endocrinology	3	
	DSC-19 Practical	ZOC-7.2(P)		1	
		RM-7	Research Methodology	3	
		RM-7(P)		1	
	IDM 7	ZOM 7	Introductory Endocrinology	3	
	IDM 7 Practical	ZOM 7(P)		1	
	IDM 8	ZOM 8	Basics of Immunology	3	
	IDM 8 Practical	ZOM 8(P)		1	
			Start of Research dissertation		
VIII	DSC-20	ZOC-8.1	Biology of Insecta	3	20
	DSC-20 Practical	ZOC-8.1(P)		1	
	DSC-21 (Optional)	ZOC-8.2	Parasitology	3	
	DSC-21 Practical	ZOC-8.2(P)		1	
	DSC-22 (Optional)	ZOC-8.3	Fish and Fisheries	3	
	DSC-22Practical	ZOC-8.3(P)		1	
	IDM 9	ZOM 9	Insect vectors and diseases	3	
	IDM 9 Practical	ZOM 9 (P)		1	
	IDM 10 (Optional)	ZOM 10	Animal Diversity	3	
	IDM 10	ZOM 10(P)		1	
		, <i>, ,</i>			

12

 Dissertation on Major

 Bachelor of Science (Zoology with Research)

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC COURSES (DSC)

DSC 1	ZOC 1.1	Techniques In Biology
DSC 2	ZOC 1.2	Non-Chordates I: Protista to Pseudocoelomates
DSC 3	ZOC 2.1	Non-Chordates II: Coelomates
DSC 4	ZOC 2.2	Cell Biology
DSC 5	ZOC 3.1	Diversity Of Chordates
DSC 6	ZOC 3.2	Principles Of Ecology
DSC 7	ZOC 3.3	Fundamentals of Biochemistry
DSC 8	ZOC 4.1	Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates
DSC 9	ZOC 4.2	Animal Physiology: Controlling and Coordinating Systems
DSC 10	ZOC 4.3	Biochemistry Of Metabolic Processes
DSC 11	ZOC 5.1	Molecular Biology
DSC 12	ZOC 5.2	Biostatistics
DSC 13	ZOC 5.3	Animal Physiology: Life Sustaining Systems
DSC 14	ZOC 6.1	Developmental Biology
DSC 15	ZOC 6.2	Evolutionary Biology Parasitology
DSC 16	ZOC 6.3	Immunology
DSC 17	ZOC 6.4	Principles Of Genetics
DSC 18	ZOC 7.1	Reproductive Biology
DSC 19	ZOC 7.2	Endocrinology
DSC 20	ZOC 8.1	Biology of Insecta
DSC 21	ZOC 8.2 (Optional)	Parasitology
DSC 22	ZOC 8.3 (Optional)	Fish and Fisheries
	RM 7	Research Methodology

INTER DISCIPLINARY MINOR PAPERS (IDM)				
IDM 1	ZOM 1	Biology of non-chordates I		
IDM 2	ZOM 2	Biology of non-chordates II		
IDM 3	ZOM 3	Life of Chordates		
IDM 4	ZOM 4	Animal Physiology-I		
IDM 5	ZOM 5	Animal Physiology-II		
IDM 6	ZOM 6	Reproductive biology of animals		
IDM 7	ZOM 7	Introductory Endocrinology		
IDM 8	ZOM 8	Basics of Immunology		
IDM 9	ZOM 9	Insect vectors and diseases		
IDM 10	ZOM 10 (Optional)	Animal diversity		

INTER DISCIPLINARY MINOR PAPERS (IDM)

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES

SEC-1	ZOS 1	Bee-Keeping and Its Management
SEC-2	ZOS 2	Introduction to Vermiculture
SEC-3	ZOS 3	Sericulture
SEC-4	ZOS 4	Pisciculture
SEC-5	ZOS 5	Food, nutrition and health
SEC-6	ZOS 6	Medical diagnostics

MULTIDISCIPLINARY/INTRODUCTORY COURSES

SEMESTER	PAPER CODE	TITLE OF THE PAPER	CREDITS
Ι	MDC-1	Environmental Studies	4
II	MDC-2	Programming using python	4
III	MDC-3	Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)	4

VALUE ADDED COURSES (VAC)

SEMESTER	PAPER CODE	TITLE OF THE PAPER	CREDITS
Ι	VAC 1	Constitutional Values	2
II	VAC 2	Consumer Rights	2
IV	VAC 3	Work Ethics	2
V	VAC 4	India through the ages	2

Discipline Specific Core Courses

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)	: Techniques in Biology (ZOC 1.1)
Number of Credit	: 03
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs):

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Techniques in Biology**:

CO1:	To create awareness among students the working of various tools & techniques used in biological
	systems and gives them insight about their use in research.
CO2:	To be well versed with histological methods.
CO3:	To learn about different separation techniques for various biomolecules.
CO4:	To study and understand the techniques used to collect sequence and expression of data.
CO5:	To gain knowledge about bioinformatics and its applications.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course specific outcome	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		(CSOs)	Hours		
UNIT 1	Microscopy: Light,	CSO 1.1: To learn about	8	18	
Instrumentation	10 0	different	0	10	
	fluorescent and electron	parts of microscope. (U)			
	microscopy.	CSO 1.2: To learn and			
	Spectrophotometry:	understand the working of			
	Spectroflourometry,	light microscope. (K+U)			
	spectroscopy.	CSO 1.3: To learn and			
		understand the working of			
		phase-contrast microscope.			
		(K+U)			
		CSO 1.4: To learn and			
		understand the working of			
		flourescent microscope. (K+			
		U)			
		CSO 1.5: To learn and			
		understand the working of			
		electron microscope. (K+U)			
		CSO 1.6: To understand			
		and demonstrate the			
		principle and basics of			
		spectrophotometry. (U+ A)			
		CSO 1.7: To understand the			
		working and applications of			
		spectroflourometry. (U+A)			
		CSO 1.8: To understand the			
		working and applications of			
		spectroscopy. (U+A)			

Unit 2	Methods in Cell	CSO 2.1: To define and	8	18	[]
Histological	Biology: Cell and tissue	understand tissue culture.	0	10	
methods	culture.	CSO 2.2: To learn about			
meulous	Principle and	plant tissue culture, its			
	application of tracer	different types, the steps			
	techniques:	involved and its uses. (K+U)			
	Autoradiography,	CSO 2.3: To learn about			
	radioimmunoassay.	animal tissue culture, its			
	Immunological	different types, the steps			
	techniques:	involved and its			
	Immunodiffusion,	applications. (K+U+A)			
	immunoelectrophoresis.	CSO 2.4: To gain			
		knowledge on			
		autoradiography, principle,			
		its procedure and			
		applications. (K+U+A)			
		CSO 2.5: To gain			
		knowledge on			
		radioimmunoassay,			
		principle, its procedure,			
		result interpretation and			
		applications. (K+U+A)			
		CSO 2.6: To gain			
		knowledge on			
		immunological techniques,			
		its types, its procedure, result			
		interpretation and			
		applications. (K+U+A)			
		CSO 2.7: To gain			
		knowledge on			
		immunodiffusion test, its			
		types, advantages and			
		applications. (K+U+A)			
		CSO 2.8: To gain			
		knowledge on immune-			
		electrophoresis, its principle,			
		procedure, advantages and applications $(K \mid U \mid A)$			
Unit 3	Chromotography	applications. (K+U+A)	10	22	
Separation	Chromatography: Adsorption, ion-	CSO 3.1: To understand different types of	10		
techniques	Adsorption, ion- exchange, gel filtration,	different types of chromatography. (K+U)			
acinnyucs	affinity and high-	CSO 3.2: To gain			
	performance liquid	knowledge on the working			
	chromatography	principle of different types			
	(HPLC).	of chromatography. (K+U)			
	Electrophoresis:	CSO 3.3: To learn about the			
	Isoelectrophoresis and	application of different types			
	pulse field	of chromatography. (A)			
	electrophoresis.	CSO 3.4: To understand the			

	Tissue processing and separation of various sub-cellular organelles by centrifugation.	principle and demonstrate the mechanism of electrophoresis. (U+A) CSO 3.5: To learn, understand and the use of different types of media used in electrophoresis. (K+U) CSO 3.6: To gain knowledge on the clinical applications of electrophoresis. (A) CSO 3.7: To gain knowledge on principle and objectives of centrifugation. (K+U) CSO 3.8: To understand the different parts and the process of centrifuge. (K+U) CSO 3.9: To understand the principle and demonstrate the mechanism of tissue processing. (U) CSO 3.10: To gain knowledge on the working and applications of Centrifugation. (U+A)			
Unit 4 Molecular biology techniques	Blotting Technique: Southern, Northern and Western blotting. Sequencing of nucleic acids. Polymerase chain reaction (PCR).	CSO 4.1: To gain knowledge on different blotting techniques used in biotechnology. (K+U) CSO 4.2: To learn the about southern blotting, its principle, procedure, applications and advantages. (K+U+A) CSO 4.3: To learn the about northern blotting, its principle, procedure, applications and advantages. (K+U+A) CSO 4.4: To learn the about western blotting, its principle, procedure, applications and advantages. (K+U+A) CSO 4.5: To be able to differentiate which techniques to be used for	10	22	

		different biomolecules. (A) CSO 4.6: To learn about DNA sequencing and its applications. (K+A) CSO 4.7: To gain knowledge and learn on different types of DNA sequencing methods. (K+U) CSO 4.8: To learn about the different applications of different DNA sequencing methods. (A) CSO 4.9: To define, explain and learn the objectives of Polymerase chain reaction (PCR) (K+U) CSO 4.10: To learn about the principle, components and types of PCR. (K) CSO 4.11: To learn about the process, advantages and applications of PCR. (U+A)			
Unit 5 Bioinformatis	Introduction to	CSO 5.1: To discuss and	9	20	
Bioinformatis	bioinformatics: Database concepts and biological databases (NCB, EBI and DDBJ). Information retrieval and sequence alignment (BLAST and FASTA). Database submission.	learn the concept of bioinformatics. (K+U) CSO 5.2: To discuss and learn and gain information on aims, goals and applications of bioinformatics. (U+A) CSO 5.3: To learn the concepts of database, GenBank, EMBL, DDBJ. (K) CSO 5.4: To discuss the applications of primary databases, (A) CSO 5.5: To learn about the concept of FASTA programs, (K+U) CSO 5.6: To gain knowledge on the working of FATS and the statistical significance and applications. (K+U+A) CSO 5.7: To learn the concept of BLAST, its working and types. (K+U) CSO 5.8: To gain			

	information on the characteristic features and applications of BLAST. (U+A) CSO 5.9: To learn the concept of Database submission. (K) CSO 5.10: To learn about the goals and roles of NCBI. (K) CSO 5.11: To gain information on sequence submission tools. (K+U)		
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NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: Techniques in Biology, ZOC 1.1 (P)
Number of Credit	: 01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRACTICAL

- 1. Use of different types of microscopes: Simple, Compound and light microscope.
- 2. Demonstration of Agarose gel electrophoresis.
- 3. Estimation of certain biomolecules using spectrophotometry.
- 4. Identification or separation of amino acids using paper chromatography.
- 5. Retrieval of DNA sequences.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Wilson K and Walker J (2010) Principles and Techniques of Practical Biochemistry, Cambridge University Press.

50 Marks

- 2. Nelson and Cox (2013) Lehninger, Principles of Biochemistry, 6th Edn.
- 3. Plummer D.T. (2008) Introduction to Practical Biochemistry, 3rd Edn., Tata McGraw Hill.
- 4. Hayat M.A (2000) Principle and Techniques of Electron Microscopy: Biological Application, 4th Edn. Maniatis T et al. (1982) Molecular Cloning. A Laboratory Manual. Cold Spring.

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)

: NON-CHORDATES I: PROTIST TO PSEUDOCOELOMATES (ZOC 1.2)

Number of Credit	
Number of Hours of Lecture	

: 03 : 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Non-chordates I: protist to pseudocoelomates:

CO 1	Learn about various aspects of Protista and Parazoa
CO 2	Understand about Porifera world
CO 3	To classify and understand Cnidaria
CO 4	To inculcate among the students about classification, characters and pathogenicity of
	Platyhelminthes.
CO 5	To inculcate among the students about classification, characters and parasitic adaptation
	of Nemathelminths.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objective (CSOs)	Lecture Hours	Marks	LOs
TT •4 1.	Comonal	× · · ·		20	
Unit 1:	General	CSO 1.1 : To explain the	14	30	
Protista and	characteristics	general characteristics of			
Parazoa	and classification	Protista and Parazoa. (U)			
	up to classes;	CSO 1.2: To classify Protista			
	Study of Euglena,	and Parazoa up to classes. (U)			
	Amoeba and	CSO 1.3: To explain about			
	Paramecium.	Euglena. (U)			
	Life-cycle and	CSO 1.4: To explain about			
	pathogenicity of	Amoeba. (U)			
	Plasmodium	CSO 1.5: To explain about			
	vivax. Nutrition,	Paramecium. (U)			
	Locomotion and	CSO 1.6: To explain about the			
	Reproduction in	Life-cycle and pathogenicity of			
	Protista.	Plasmodium vivax. (U)			
		CSO 1.7: To understand about			
		Nutrition in Protista. (U)			
		CSO 1.8: To explain			
		Locomotion in Protista. (U)			
		CSO 1.9: To describe about			
		Reproduction in Protista. (K)			
Unit 2:	General	CSO 2.1: To explain about the	7	16	
Porifera	characteristics	general characteristics and			
	and classification	classification of Porifera up to			
	up to classes;	classes;(U)			
	Canal system and	CSO 2.2: To explain about the			
	spicules in	different types Canal system (U)			
	sponges (Sycon)	CSO 2.3 : To define Spicules and			

Unit 3: Cnidaria UNIT-4:	General characteristics and classification up to classes; Polymorphism in Cnidaria Corals and Coral reefs	explain the different types of spicules in sponges (K+U) CSO 2.4: To illustrate the economic importance of sponges. (A) CSO 3.1: To explain about the general characteristics and classification of Cnidaria up to classes (U) CSO 3.2: To explain about Polymorphism in Cnidaria. (U) CSO 3.3: To define Corals and Coral reefs. (K) CSO 3.4: To explain the different types of coral reefs (U) CSO 3.5: To illustrate the economic importance of Coral reefs in everyday life. (A) CSO 4.1: To explain about	9	20	
UNIT-4: Platyhelmint hes	General characteristics and classification up to orders; Life-cycle and pathogenicity of Fasciola hepatica	CSO 4.1: To explain about general characteristics and classification of Platyhelminthes up to orders(U) CSO 4.2: To explain about the Life-cycle of <i>Fasciola hepatica</i> . (U) CSO 4.3: To explain about pathogenicity of <i>Fasciola hepatica</i> . (U)	0	14	
Unit 5: Nemathelmi nthes	General characteristics and classification up to classes; Life-cycle and pathogenicity of Ascaris lumbricoides Parasitic adaptation in helminthes.	CSO 5.1: To explain about the general characteristics and classification of Nemathelminthes up to classes (U) CSO 5.2: To explain about the Life-cycle of <i>Ascaris</i> <i>lumbricoides</i> (U) CSO 5.3: To explain about the Parasitic-adaptation in helminthes (U) CSO 5.4: To explain about the pathogenicity of <i>Ascari</i> <i>lumbricoides</i> (U)		20	

: NON-CHORDATES I: PROTIST TO PSEUDOCOELOMATES, ZOC 1.2 (P) : 01

Number of Credit Number of Hours of Lecture

PRACTICALS

50 Marks

- 1. Study of whole mount of Euglena, Amoeba and Paramecium, Binary fission and conjugation in Paramecium
- 2. Study of Sycon (T.S and L.S), Hyalonema, spongilla
- 3. Study of Physalia, Millepora, Aurelia, Tubipora, Corallium, Alcyonium, Gorgonia, Metridium, Pennatula, Meandrina, Madrepora
- 4. Study of adult *Fasciola hepatica* and their life-cycle (Slides/micro-photographs)

: 30

5. Study of Ascaris lumbricoides and its life stages (Slides/ micro-photographs)

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Ruppert and Branes, R.D (2006). Invertebrate Zoology, VIII Edition. Holt Saunders International Edition.
- 2. Barnes, R.S.K., Calow, P., Olive, P. J. W., Golding, D.W. and Spicer, J.I. (2002)
- 3. E.L. JORDAN and P.S. VERMA Invertebrate Zoology.

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE): NON-CHORDATES II: COELOMATES (ZOC 2.1)Number of Credit: 03Number of Hours of Lecture: 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Non-chordates II: coelomates:**

CO 1	To help students understand the meaning of Coelomates and its Evolution				
CO 2	To make students understand the differences between Excretion and Locomotion in				
	Annelida.				
CO 3	To learn about the social life of different insects				
CO 4	To make students aware about the characteristics and morphological features of diverse				
	animals.				
CO 5	To make students understand the different types of water-vascular systems in				
	Echinodermata.				

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objective	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		(CSOs)	Hours		
Unit 1:	Evolution of	CSO 1.1: To explain about	4	10	
Introduction to	Coelom and	Evolution of Coelom(U)			
Coelomates	Metamerism.	CSO 1.2: To explain about			
		Metamerism (U)			
Unit 2:	General	CSO 2.1: To explain about the	6	14	
Annelida	Characteristics	general Characteristics and			
	and	classification of Annelida up to			
	classification up	classes. (U)			
	to classes;	CSO 2.2: To explain about			
	Excretion and	Excretion in Annelida (U)			
	locomotion in	CSO 2.3: To explain about			
	Annelida.	locomotion in Annelida (U)			
Unit 3:	General	CSO 3.1: To explain about the	12	26	
Arthropoda	characteristics	general characteristics and			
	and	classification of Arthropoda up			
	classification up	to classes. (U)			
	to classes;	CSO 3.2: To explain about			
	Respiration in	respiration in Arthropoda (U)			
	Arthropoda	CSO 3.3: To explain about			
	Metamorphosis	metamorphosis in Insects (U)			
	in Insects;	CSO 3.4: To explain about			
	Social life in	social life in Bees(U)			
	Bees and	CSO 3.5: To study about social			
	Termites.	life of Termites. (U)			
Unit 4:	General	CSO 4.1: To explain about	14	30	
Mollusca	characteristics	general characteristics and			
	and	classification up to classes(U)			
	classification up	CSO 4.2: To explain about			
	to classes;	respiration in Mollusca (U)			

	Respiration in Mollusca Torsion and Detorsion in Gastropods Pearl formation in Bivalves	CSO 4.3: To explain about Torsion and Detorsion in Gastropods (U) CSO 4.4: To explain about Pearl formation in Bivalves (U)			
Unit 5: Echinodermata	General characteristics and classification up to classes; Water- vascular system in Asteroidea Larval forms in Echinodermata.	CSO 5.1: To explain about the general characteristics and classification of Echinodermata up to classes. (U) CSO 5.2: To define Water- vascular system in Asteroidea and its functions. (K) CSO 5.3: To study the different types of water-vascular system in Asteroidea. (U) CSO 5.4: To explain about Larval forms in Echinodermata. (U)	9	20	

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE: NON-CHORDATES II: COELOMATES, ZOC 2.1 (P)Number of Credit: 01Number of Hours of Lecture: 30

PRACTICAL

- 1. Study of following specimens:
 - Annelids- Aphrodite, Nereis, Heteronereis, Sabella, Serpula, Chaetopterus, Pheritima, Hirudinaria

50 Marks

Arthropoda- Limulus, Palamnaeus, Palaemon, Balanus, Sacculina, Scolopendra, Julus, Peripatus.

Mollusca- Chiton, Dentalium, Pila, Doris, Helix, Unio, Pinctada, Sepia, Nautilus Echinodermates- Pentaceros/Asterias, Clypeaster, Echinus, Cucumaria and Antedon

- 2. Study of digestive system, Septal nephridia and pharyngeal nephridia of earthworm
- 3. T.S. through pharynx, gizzard, and typhlosolar intestine of earthworm

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Ruppert and Barnes, R.D. (2006). Invertebrate Zoology, VIII Edition. Holt Saunders International Edition
- 2. Barnes, R.S.K., Calow, P., Olive, P.J.W., Golding, D.W. and Spicer, J.I. (2002). The Invertebrates; A New Synthesis, III Edition, Blackwell Science
- 3. Barrington, E.J.W. (1979). Invertebrate Structure and Functions. II Edition, E.L.B.S. and Nelson

NAME OF THE PAPER	: Cell Biology (ZOC 2.2)
Number of Credit	: 03
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs): The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Cell Biology**:

CO1:	To gain an overview of cells and their origin and evolution.
CO2:	To learn and understand the structure and functions of important cell organelles.
CO3:	To help understand the structure and function and molecular organization of nucleic acids.
CO4:	To learn about the structural organisation of mitochondria and its importance in cellular respiration.
CO5:	Students will understand the cellular components underlying mitotic cell division. It will also help the students to understand the functions of cellular organelles, the cellular basis of differentiation and signalling between and within the cells.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course specific outcome	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		(CSOs)	Hours		
Unit 1:	Prokaryotic and	CSO 1.1: To define and learn	9	20	
Overview of	Eukaryotic cells,	about cell. (K)			
Cells and	Virus and	CSO 1.2: To differentiate			
Plasma	PPLOs;	between Prokaryotic and			
Membrane	Various models	Eukaryotic cells. (K+U)			
	of plasma	CSO 1.3: To study the			
	membrane	different components of			
	structure;	prokaryotic cells. (K)			
	Transport across	CSO 1.4: To learn about the			
	membranes:	different components of			
	Active, Passive	eukaryotic cells. (K)			
	and Facilitated	CSO 1.5: To understand the			
	Transport;	structure and function of			
	Cell junctions:	PPLOs. (K+U)			
	Tight junctions,	CSO 1.6: To learn and			
	Desmosomes,	understand about the structure			
	Gap junctions	and functions of viroids and			
		viruses. (K+U)			
		CSO 1.7: To learn about			
		plasma membrane and its			
		different models. (K+U)			
		CSO 1.8: To learn the concept			
		of how molecules are			
		transported across			
		membranes. (K+U)			
		CSO 1.9: To gain knowledge			
		on active and passive transport			
		and their types. (K+U)			
		CSO 1.10: To learn about			
		different types of junctions in			

		cells, structure and how they			
		function. (K+U)			
Unit 2:	Structure and	CSO 2.1: To gain information	9	20	
Endomembrane	Functions:	about endoplasmic reticulum.		20	
Lindomeniorune	Endoplasmic	(K)			
	Reticulum, Golgi	CSO 2.2: To understand the			
	Apparatus and	structure of endoplasmic			
	Lysosomes	reticulum. (U)			
	•	CSO 2.3: To learn about the			
		different types of ER. (K+U)			
		CSO 2.4: To understand the			
		different functions of ER.			
		(K+U)			
		CSO 2.5: To gain information			
		about golgi apparatus. (K)			
		CSO 2.6: To understand the			
		structure of Golgi apparartus. (K+U)			
		CSO 2.7: To learn about the			
		different forms of golgi			
		appararus. (K+U)			
		CSO 2.8: To understand the			
		different functions of golgi			
		apparatus. (K+U).			
		CSO 2.9: To define and learn			
		about lysosomes. (K)			
		CSO 2.10: To understand the			
		structure of lysosomes and			
		how they are synthesised. (U)			
		CSO 2.11: To learn about the			
		different functions of			
Unit 3:	Mitochondria:	lysosomes. (K+U) CSO 3.1: To learn about the	9	20	
Mitochondria,	Structure, Semi-	structural organisation of	7	20	
Peroxisomes	autonomous	mitochondria. (K)			
and	nature;	CSO 3.2: To understand the			
Cytoskeleton	Mitochondrial	different functions of			
-	Respiratory	mitochondria. (U)			
	Chain,	CSO 3.3 : To learn the concept			
	Chemiosmotic	of semi-autonomous nature of			
	hypothesis;	mitochondria. (U)			
	Peroxisome	CSO 3.4: To learn about			
	Structure and Functions:	endosymbiotic theory and the different evidences supporting			
	Microtubules,	different evidences supporting it. (K+U)			
	Microfilaments	CSO 3.5: To learn the concept			
	and Intermediate	of mitochondrial respiratory			
	filaments	chain. (U)			

		CSO 3.6: To understand the different enzyme complexes		
		involved in electron transport.		
		(U) CSO 3.7: To learn the concept		
		of chemisosmosis. (K+U)		
		CSO 3.8: To learn about the		
		structure and function of		
		peroxisomes. (K+U)		
		CSO 3.9: To gain knowledge on the different components of		
		cytoskeleton. (K)		
		CSO 3.10: To learn about the		
		structure and functions of		
		microfilament, IF and		
.		microtubules. (K+U)		
Unit 4: Nucleus	Structure of Nucleus: Nuclear	CSO 4.1: To learn about the	9	20
	envelope,	concept of nucleus and its composition. (K+U)		
	Nuclear Pore	CSO 4.2: To learn and		
	Complex,	understand the structure of		
	Nucleolus	nuclear envelope. (U)		
	Chromatin:	CSO 4.3: To learn about the		
	Euchromatin and	structure of nuclear lamina and		
	Heterochromatin	its functions. (K+U)		
	and packaging (nucleosome)	CSO 4.4: To gain knowledge on the structure. (K)		
	(inucleosonie)	CSO 4.5: To understand about		
		the different functions of		
		nuclear pores. (K+U)		
		CSO 4.6: To learn about		
		nucleoplasm and its		
		components. (K+U)		
		CSO 4.7: To learn and		
		understand the concept of packaging of genetic material		
		inside the nucleus. (K+U)		
		CSO 4.8: To differentiate		
		between hetrochromatin and		
		euchromatin. (U)		
Unit 5: Cell	Mitosis, Meiosis,	CSO 5.1: To learn the concept	9	20
Division and	Cell cycle and its	of mitosis, meiosis and cell		
Cell Signalling	regulation; GPCR and Role	cycle. (K) CSO 5.2: To gain information		
	of second	on mitosis and its functions.		
	messenger	(K+U)		
	(cAMP)	CSO 5.3: To learn about		
		interkinesis and the various		
		stages involved and its		

significance. (K+U+A) CSO 5.4: To learn about the various stages of mitosis.
(K+U)
CSO 5.5: To gain information
on the cytokinesis and how
they occur in plants and animal
cells. (K+U)
CSO 5.6: To learn the process
of meiosis, the different stages
involved. (K+U)
CSO 5.7: To gain knowledge
on the significance of meiosis.
(K+U)
CSO 5.8: To understand cell
cycle and the stages involved.
(K+U)
CSO 5.9: To learn the concept
of regulation of cell cycle and
its importance. (U+A)
CSO 5.10: To learn about cell
signalling and the different
receptors associated with it.
(U+Å)
CSO 5.11: To the learn the
concept of cAMP as a second
messenger. (U+A)

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: Cell Biology, ZOC 2.2 (P)
Number of Credit	: 01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRACTICAL

50 Marks

- 1. Preparation of temporary stained squash of onion root tip to study various stages of mitosis.
- 2. Study of bacterial cell structure, shape and arrangement using micrographs.
- 3. Study of permanent slides of various stages of meiosis.
- 4. Study of eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells using micrographs or models.
- 5. Preparation of permanent slide to show the presence of Barr body in human female blood cells/cheek cells.
- 6. Study of the different cell organelles using micrographs.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Karp, G. (2010). *Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments*. VI Edition. John Wiley and Sons. Inc.
- 2. De Robertis, E.D.P. and De Robertis, E.M.F. (2006). *Cell and Molecular Biology*. VIII Edition. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- 3. Cooper, G.M. and Hausman, R.E. (2009). *The Cell: A Molecular Approach*. V Edition. ASM Press and Sunderland, Washington, D.C.; Sinauer Associates, MA.

: DIVERSITY OF CHORDATES (ZOC 3.1)

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Diversity of chordates**:

:03

: 45

CO 1	To provide scope and historical background of chordates.
CO 2	To impart knowledge regarding basic concepts of origin of chordates and to make the
	students understand the characteristics and classification of animals with notochord.
CO 3	To help the students differentiate between Pisces and Amphibian.
CO 4	To help the students differentiate between Reptiles and Aves
CO 5	To create interest among students by understanding various mechanisms involved in
	thriving survival of the animals within their geographical realms.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objective (CSOs)	Lecture	Marks	LOs
			Hours		
Unit 1:	General	CSO 1.1: To explain about the	9	20	
Introduction	characteristics	general characteristics and outline			
to chordates	and outline	classification of Chordates (U)			
and	classification of	CSO 1.2: To explain about the			
Protochorda	Chordates	general characteristics of			
ta	General	Hemichordata,			
	characteristics of	CSO 1.3: To enumerate the general			
	Hemichordata,	characteristics of Urochordata. (U)			
	Urochordata and	CSO 1.4: To enumerate the general			
	Cephalochordata	characteristics of Cephalochordata.			
	Study of larval	(U)			
	forms in	CSO 1.5: To define Protochordates			
	Protochordates	and explain about the larval forms			
		in Protochordates. (K+U)			
Unit 2:	Echinoderm	CSO 2.1: To explain about	9	20	
Origin of	theory of origin	Echinoderm theory of origin of			
Chordata	of chordates;	chordates (U)			
and	Advanced	CSO 2.2: To explain about			
Agnatha	features of	advanced features of vertebrates			
	vertebrates over	over Protochordata (U)			
	Protochordata;	CSO 2.3: To explain about general			
	General	characteristics and classification of			
	characteristics	Cyclostomes up to class (U)			
	and classification				
	of Cyclostomes				
	up to class.				
Unit 3:	General	CSO 3.1: To explain about general	9	20	
Pisces and	characteristics of	characteristics of Chondrichthyes			
Amphibia	Chondrichthyes	and Osteichthyes and Classification			
	and Osteichthyes,	up to orders. (U)			
	Classification up	CSO 3.2: To explain about			

	, 1				
	to orders;	Migration and its types in fishes.			
	Migration,	(U)			
	Osmoregulation	CSO 3.3: To explain			
	and Parental care	Osmoregulation in fishes. (u)			
	in Fishes. General	CSO 3.4: To explain Parental care			
	characteristics	in Fishes. (U)			
	and classification	CSO 3.5: To explain about general			
	up to orders;	characteristics and classification of			
	Parental care in	amphibia up to orders (U)			
	Amphibians.	CSO 3.6: To explain about Parental			
		care in Amphibians (U)			
Unit 4:	General	CSO 4.1: To explain about General	9	20	
Reptilia and	characteristics	characteristics and classification of			
Aves	and classification	Reptilia up to order. (U)			
	up to order;	CSO 4.2: To explain about Poison			
	Poison apparatus	apparatus and Biting mechanism in			
	and Biting	snakes. (U)			
	mechanism in	CSO 4.3: To explain about general			
	snakes. General	characteristics and classification of			
	characteristics	Aves up to order (U)			
	and classification	CSO 4.4: To explain about Flight			
	up to order; Flight	adaptation in birds. (U)			
	adaptation and	CSO 4.5: To explain about			
	Migration in	Migration in birds. (U)			
	birds.				
Unit 5:	General	CSO 5.1: To explain about general	9	20	
Mammals	characteristics	characteristics and classification of			
and	and classification	Mammals. (U)			
Zoogeograp	up to order;	CSO 5.2: To explain the Affinities			
hy	Affinities of	with Prototheria. (U)			
	Prototheria;	CSO 5.3: To explain about			
	Zoographical	Zoographical realms. (U)			
		CSO 5.4: To explain the Theories			
	pertaining to	pertaining to distribution of			
	distribution of				
	animals,	CSO 5.5: To explain Continental			
	Continental drift				
	theory,	CSO 5.6: To explain the			
	•	Distribution of vertebrates in			
	vertebrates in				
	different realms.				
	1	1		1 1	

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE: DIVERSITY OF CHORDATES, ZOC 3.1 (P)Number of Credit: 01Number of Hours of Lecture: 30

PRACTICALS

50 Marks

- 1. Protochordata: Balanoglossus, Herdmania, Permanent slides of Herdmania spicules
- 2. Agnatha: Petromyzon, Myxine
- **3. Fishes:** Scoliodon, Sphyrna, Pristis, Torpedo, Chimaera, Heteropneustes, Labeo, Hippocampus, Tetradon, Anabas
- 4. Amphibia: Ichthyophis, Necturus, Bufo, Hyla, Alytes, Salamandra
- **5. Reptilia:** Chelone, Hemidactylus, Varanus, Bungarus, Vipera, Naja, Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes
- 6. Aves: Study of six common birds from different orders. Types of beaks and claws
- 7. Mammalia: Sorex, Funambulus, Loris, Herpestes, Erinaceous.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Young, J.Z. (2004). The life of Vertebrates III Edition. Oxford university press.
- 2. Pough H. Vertebrate life, VIII Edition, Pearson International.
- 3. Diversity of Chordata First Edition by Manideep Raj

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)	: PRINCIPLES OF ECOLOGY (ZOC-3.2)
Number of Credit	: 03
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Principles of ecology**:

CO 1:	To make the students aware of ecological history and various physical factors of ecology
CO 2:	To aid the students in the understanding of the population attributes and help them to analyze population dynamics.
CO 3:	To create an understanding among the students, the characteristics of community and how the climax community are formed.
CO 4:	To inculcate and create interest among students in the understanding of ecosystem and its importance.
CO 5:	To create an understanding among students, the applied zoology and make them aware about the management and conservation of biodiversity

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objective	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		- •			200
UNIT 1 Introduction to ecology (CO 1)	History of ecology, autecology and synecology, levels of organization, laws of limiting factors, study of physical factors.	CSO 1.1: to define the term Ecology (K) CSO 1.2: to understand the history of ecology. (U) CSO 1.3: to define autecology and synecology. (K) CSO 1.4: to explain autecology and synecology. (U) CSO 1.5: to demonstrate the ecological levels of organization. (A) CSO 1.6: to define limiting factors. (K) CSO 1.7: to understand the laws of limiting factors. (U) CSO 1.8: to define physical factors. (K) CSO 1.9: to illustrate how various physical factors influence and effect	9	20	LOS
		ecosystem. (A)			
UNIT 2 Population (CO 2)	Unitary and modular populations; Unique and	CSO 2.1: to define Unitary and modular populations. (K) CSO 2.2: to elaborate Unitary and modular populations. (U)	10	22	

	group attributes of population:	CSO2.3: toexplainUniqueandgroupattributesof			
	density, natality, mortality, life	population. (U) CSO 2.4: to examine natality			
	tables,	and understand how it effects			
	survivorship	population. (A)			
	curves, age ratio,	CSO 2.5: to explain			
	sex ratio,	Mortality. (U)			
	dispersion.	CSO 2.6: to define life tables			
	Exponential and	(K)			
	logistic growth, r	CSO 2.7: to compare life			
	and K strategies;	tables of various organisms.			
	Population	(A)			
	regulation-	CSO 2.8: to discuss			
	density- dependent and	survivorship curves. (U) CSO 2.9: to understand			
	independent	dispersion. (U)			
	factors;	CSO 2.10: to analyse the			
	Population	exponential and logistic			
	interactions	growth. (A)			
		CSO 2.11: to analyse the r			
		and K strategies. (A)			
		CSO 2.12: to discuss			
		population regulation-			
		density- dependent and			
		independent factors. (U)			
		CSO 2.13: to analyse population interactions.			
UNIT 3	Community	CSO 3.1: to define	8	18	
Community	characteristics:	community. (K)	0	10	
	species richness,	CSO 3.2: to explain			
	dominance,	Community characteristics.			
	diversity,	(U)			
	abundance,	CSO 3.3: to illustrate species			
	vertical	richness. (A)			
	stratification,	CSO 3.4: to explain species			
	ecotone and edge	dominance. (U)			
	effect. Ecological	CSO 3.5: to compare species diversity. (A)			
	succession with	CSO 3.6: to explain species			
	one example;	abundance. (U)			
	theories	CSO 3.7: to interpret vertical			
	pertaining to	stratification. (A)			
	climax	CSO 3.8: to explain ecotone			
	community	and edge effect. (U)			
		CSO 3.9: to relate ecological			
		succession with one example.			
		(A) CSO 310: to understand			
		CSO 3.10: to understand			

		4		
		theories pertaining to climax		
		community. (U)	0	20
UNIT 4	Types of	CSO 4.1: to define	9	20
Ecosystem	ecosystems with	Ecosystem. (K)		
	one example in	CSO 4.2: to explain types of		
	detail.	ecosystems with one example		
	Food chain:	in detail. (U)		
	Detritus and	CSO 4.3: to illustrate Food		
	grazing food	chain: Detritus and grazing		
	chains, linear and	food chains. (A)		
	Y- shaped food	CSO 4.4: to differentiate		
	chains.	linear and Y- shaped food		
	Food web;	chains. (A)		
	Energy flow	CSO 4.5: to understand Food		
	through the	web. (U)		
	ecosystem;	CSO 4.6: to demonstrate		
	Ecological	energy flow through the		
	pyramids. Nutrient and	ecosystem. (A)		
		CSO 4.7: to define ecological		
	biogeochemical	pyramid. (K)		
	cycle with one	CSO 4.8: to explain the types		
	example of	of ecological pyramids. CSO 4.9: to interpret		
	nitrogen cycle	1		
		ecological pyramids. (A)		
		CSO 4.10: to explain nutrient		
		and biogeochemical cycle. (U) CSO 4.11: to illustrate		
UNIT 5	Ecology in	nitrogen cycle. (A) CSO 5.1: to define wildlife.	9	20
	Ecology in wildlife		9	20
Applied Ecology	conservation and	(K) CSO 5.2: to discuss the		
LCOIDgy				
	management: types of wildlife			
	management,	conservation and management. (U)		
	elements of	CSO 5.3: to elaborate on		
	wildlife	types of wildlife management.		
	management,	(U)		
	forms of wildlife	CSO 5.4: to explain the		
	management,	elements of wildlife		
	bioethics, causes	management. (U)		
	of extinction,	CSO 5.5: to determine the		
	IUCN Red Data	forms of wildlife		
	Books,	management. (A)		
	conservation and	CSO 5.6: to discuss bioethics.		
	preservation,	(U)		
	wildlife	CSO 5.7: to enumerate the		
	conservation	causes of extinction. (K)		
	projects,	CSO 5.8: to explain IUCN		
	biodiversity	Red Data Books. (U)		
	orourversity	1.00 Dutu DOORS. (0)	1	

conservation in forest ecosystems.	 CSO 5.9: to discuss about conservation and preservation of wildlife. (U) CSO 5.10: to illustrate wildlife conservation projects. (A) CSO 5.11: to generalise biodiversity conservation in forest ecosystems. (A) 	
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NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: PR
Number of Credit	:01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRINCIPLES OF ECOLOGY, ZOC-3.2 (P)

PRACTICAL

50 Marks

- 1. Determination of population density in a natural community by quadrate method and calculation of Shannon-Weiner diversity index for the same community.
- 2. Estimation of population size of unknown samples of *Tribolium* by mark-recapture method.
- 3. Study of life tables and plotting of survivorship curves of different types from the hypothetical data provided.
- 4. Study of an aquatic ecosystem: Phytoplankton and zooplankton, Measurement of area, temperature, penetration of light, determination of pH, Dissolved Oxygen content (Winkler's method) and free CO₂.
- 5. Report on a visit to National Park/Biodiversity Park/Wildlife sanctuary.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Colin vaux, P.A. (1993). Ecology. II Edition. Wiley, John and Sons, Inc.
- 2. Krebs, C.J. (2001). Ecology.VI Edition. Benjamin Cummings.
- 3. Odum, E.P., (2008). Fundamentals of Ecology. Indian Edition. Brooks/Cole
- 4. Ricklefs, R.E., (2000). Ecology. V Edition. Chiron Pres

: FUNDAMENTALS OF BIOCHEMISTRY (ZOC-3.3) : 03

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Fundamentals of Biochemistry:

: 45

CO 1:	To inculcate in students about the structure and biological importance of carbohydrates.
CO 2:	To make the students aware of structure and significance of lipids.
CO 3:	To create an understanding among students, the structure, properties and function of amino acid and proteins.
CO 4:	To inculcate and create interest among students in the understanding of nucleic acids.
CO 5:	To create an understanding among students, the nomenclature and classification of enzymes and how to solve enzyme kinetics.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objective	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		(CSOs)	Hours	11441150	
UNIT 1 Carbohydrates (CO 1)	Structure and Biological importance: Monosaccharides, Disaccharides, Polysaccharides and Glycoconjugates		7	16	
UNIT 2 Lipids (CO 2)	Structure and Significance: Physiologically important	CSO 2.1: to define the term Lipids. (K) CSO 2.2: to elaborate the structure of lipids. (U)	8	18	

	1				
	saturated and	CSO 2.3: to explain the			
	unsaturated fatty	significance of lipids. (U)			
	acids, Tri-	CSO 2.4: to generalise the			
	acylglycerols,	physiological importance of			
	Phospholipids,	saturated fatty acids. (A)			
	Glycolipids,				
	Steroids.	unsaturated fatty acid. (K)			
		CSO 2.6: to elaborate the			
		physiological importance of			
		saturated fatty acids. (U)			
		CSO 2.7: to define Tri-			
		acylglycerols. (K)			
		CSO 2.8: to discuss the			
		structure of Tri-acylglycerols.			
		(U)			
		CSO 2.9: to explain the			
		function of Tri-acylglycerols.			
		(U)			
		CSO 2.10: to illustrate the			
		structure and function of			
		Phospholipids. (A)			
		CSO 2.11: to illustrate the			
		structure and function of			
		Glycolipids. (A)			
		CSO 2.12: to define steroids.			
		(K)			
		CSO 2.13: to elaborate the			
		structure and function of			
		steroids. (U)			
UNIT 3	Amino acids:	CSO 3.1: to define protein.	10	22	
Proteins (CO	Structure,	(K)			
3)	Classification and	CSO 3.2: to explain structure			
	General properties	of amino acids. (U)			
	of α -amino acids;	CSO 3.3: to classify amino			
	Physiological	acids. (U)			
	importance of				
	essential and non-	general properties of of α -			
	essential α -amino	amino acids. (U)			
	acids.	CSO 3.5: to illustrate the			
		Physiological importance of			
	stabilizing protein				
	structure; Levels	CSO 3.6: to illustrate the			
	of organization in	Physiological importance of			
	proteins;	non-essential α -amino acids.			
	Introduction to	(A)			
	simple and				
	conjugate	stabilization. (K)			
	proteins.	CSO 3.8: to explain Bonds			
	Protonio.	stabilizing protein structure.			

			[· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
		(U)			
		CSO 3.9: to demonstrate			
		Levels of organization in			
		proteins. (A)			
		CSO 3.10: to discuss simple			
		proteins. (U)			
		CSO 3.11: to explain			
		conjugate proteins. (U)			
UNIT 4	Structure: Purines	CSO 4.1: to define nucleic	10	22	
Nucleic Acids	and pyrimidines,	acids. (K)	10		
(CO 4)	Nucleosides,	CSO 4.2: to explain the			
	Nucleotides,	sstructures of purines and			
	Nucleic acids	pyrimidines. (U)			
	Cot Curves: Base				
	pairing,	structure and importance of			
	Denaturation and				
	Renaturation of				
	DNA	structure and importance of			
	Types of DNA				
	and RNA,				
	Complementarity	structure and importance of			
	of DNA.	Nucleic acids. (A)			
		CSO 4.6: to explain Cot			
	•	Curves. (U)			
		CSO 4.7: to discuss base			
		pairing. (U)			
		CSO 4.8: to define			
		Denaturation and			
		Renaturation of DNA. (K)			
		CSO 4.9: to interpret			
		Denaturation and			
		Renaturation of DNA in its			
		stability. (A)			
		CSO 4.10: to explain the			
		types of DNA and RNA. (U)			
		CSO 4.11: to illustrate the			
		complementarity of DNA. (A)			
UNIT 5	Nomenclature and	CSO 5.1: to define enzymes.	10	22	
Enzymes (CO 5)	classification;	(K)			
	Cofactors;	CSO 5.2: to elaborate on			
	Specificity of	nomenclature of enzymes. (U)			
	enzyme action;				
	Isozymes;	classification of enzymes. (U)			
	Mechanism of	• • • •			
	enzyme action;	1			
	Factors affecting				
	rate of enzyme-				
	catalysed	(A)			
	reactions;	CSO 5.6: to discuss			
L			L		

Derivation of	
Michaelis-	CSO 5.7: to examine
Menten equation,	Mechanism of enzyme action.
Concept of Km	(A)
and Vmax,	CSO 5.8: to explain the
Lineweaver-Burk	Factors affecting rate of
plot; Enzyme	enzyme-catalysed reactions.
inhibition;	(U)
Allosteric	CSO 5.9: to derive of
enzymes and their	Michaelis-
kinetics;	Menten equation. (A)
Regulation of	CSO 5.10: to explain the
enzyme action.	Concept of Km and Vmax.
	(U)
	CSO 5.11: to construct
	Lineweaver-Burk plot to find
	out the type of enzyme
	inhibition. (A).
	CSO 5.12: to discuss Enzyme
	inhibition. (U)
	CSO 5.13: to demonstrate
	Allosteric enzymes and their
	kinetics. (A)
	CSO 5.14: to analyse the
	Regulation of enzyme action.
	(A)

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: FUNDAMENTALS OF BIOCHEMISTRY, ZOC-3.3 (P)
Number of Credit	: 01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRACTICAL

50 Marks

- 1. Qualitative tests of functional groups in carbohydrates, proteins and lipids.
- 2. Paper chromatography of amino acids.
- 3. Action of salivary amylase under optimum conditions.
- 4. Effect of pH, temperature and inhibitors on the action of salivary amylase.

SUGGESTEDREADING

- 1. Cox, M.M and Nelson, D.L. (2008). *Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry*, V Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- 2. Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L. and Stryer, L. (2007). *Biochemistry*, VI Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- 3. Murray, R.K., Bender, D.A., Botham, K.M., Kennelly, P.J., Rodwell, V.W. and Well P.A. (2009). *Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry*, XXVIII Edition, International Edition, The McGraw-Hill Companies Inc.

: COMPARATIVE ANATOMY OF VERTEBRATES (ZOC 4.1)

Number of Credit	
Number of Hours of Lecture	

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Comparative anatomy of

: 03 : 45

vertebrates:

CO 1:	The objective of this course is to develop a proper understanding of evolution and			
	structure of the vertebrates			
CO 2:	It will help to understand vertebrate anatomical levels of organisation and related			
	functions.			
CO 3:	To allow students to make a comparative study of the anatomy of an organ in different			
	groups of vertebrates.			
CO 4:	To learn about the basic morphological features of representative chordate systems.			
CO 5:	To assist the students in the understanding of human sense organ			

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objective	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		(CSOs)	Hours		
UNIT 1	Structure,	CSO 1.1: To define integument	9	20	
Integumentary	functions and	(K)			
System and	derivatives of	CSO 1.2: To describe Structure			
Skeletal System	integument;	of integument (U)			
	Visceral	CSO 1.3: To elaborate			
	Arches.	derivatives of integument (U)			
	Overview of	CSO 1.4: To discuss visceral			
	axial and	arches of vertebrates. (U).			
	appendicular	CSO 1.5: To define Visceral			
	skeleton	Arches (K)			
		CSO 1.6: To outline axial and			
		appendicular skeleton (K)			
UNIT 2	Alimentary canal	CSO 2.1: To explain	9	20	
Digestive System	and associated	Alimentary canal and			
and Respiratory	glands, dentition,	associated glands (U)			
System	Skin, gills, lungs	CSO 2.2: To compare			
	and air sacs;	Alimentary canal and			
	Accessory	associated glands of			
	respiratory	vertebrates(U)			
	organs	CSO 2.3: To define dentition			
		(K)			
		CSO 2.4: To discuss types of			
		dentition (U)			
		CSO 2.5: to explain			
		Respiratory system (U)			
		CSO 2.6: to elaborate			
		Accessory respiratory organs			
		(U)			

		CSO 2.7: to explain Accessory respiratory organs of all the vertebrates (U)		
UNIT 3 Circulatory System and Urinogenital System	General plan of circulation, evolution of heart and aortic arches. Succession of kidney, Evolution of urinogenital ducts	 plan of circulation (K). CSO 3.2: to discuss parts of circulatory system. (U) CSO 3.3: to explain evolution of heart (U) CSO 3.4: to discuss types of 	9	20
UNIT 4 Nervous System	Comparative account of brain of vertebrates; Autonomic nervous system, Spinal cord, Cranial nerves in mammals	CSO 4.1: to explain types of brain (U) CSO 4.2: to discuss comparative anatomy of brain in vertebrates. (U) CSO 4.3: to define nervous	9	20

UNIT 5	Classification of	CSO 5.1: to define receptors	9	20	
Sense Organs	receptors	(K)			
	Brief account of	CSO 5.2: to elaborate types of			
	visual and	receptors			
	auditory	(U)			
	receptors in man	CSO 5.3: to explain visual			
	_	receptors in man (U)			
		CSO 5.4: to outline auditory			
		receptor in man (U).			

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE

: COMPARATIVE ANATOMY OF VERTEBRATES, ZOC 4.1 (P)

Number of Credit Number of Hours of Lecture

PRACTICAL

1. Study of placoid, cycloid and ctenoid scales through permanent slides/photographs

:01

:30

- 2. Disarticulated skeleton of Frog, Varanus, Fowl, Rabbit
- 3. Mammalian skulls: One herbivorous and one carnivorous animal
- 4. Study of structure of any two organs (heart, lung, kidney, eye and ear)

5. Project on skeletal modifications in vertebrates.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Kardong, K.V. (2005) *Vertebrates' Comparative Anatomy, Function and Evolution*. IV Edition. McGraw-Hill Higher Education
- 2. Kent, G.C. and Carr R.K. (2000). *Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrates*. IX Edition. The McGraw-Hill Companies
- 3. Hilderbrand, M and Gaslow G.E. Analysis of Vertebrate Structure, John Wiley and Sons
- 4. Walter, H.E. and Sayles, L.P; Biology of Vertebrates, Khosla Publishing

50 Marks

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)

Number of Credit	
Number of Hours of Lecture	

: ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY: CONTROLLING AND CONTROLLING SYSTEM (ZOC 4.2) : 03

: 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs):

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Animal Physiology: Controlling and coordinating system:

CO1:	To provide a course of study in mammalian, principally human and its physiology,
	building on knowledge of basic physiological principles.
CO2:	To provide a course of study on the endocrine system and the interactions between
	physiological systems.
CO3:	To study the fundamental processes and mechanisms that serve and control the various
	functions of the body such as neurons.
CO4:	To explore the basic physiological principles common to animals, relating to structure
	and functions of muscular system.
CO5:	To integrate an understanding on the reproductive system and their hormonal control.

Unit Contents	Course specific outcome (CSOs)	Lecture Hours	Marks	LOs
Structure,	CSO 1.1: To learn about the	9	20	
classification and	different types of tissues in			
functions of	animals. (K)			
functions of epithelial tissue, connective tissue, muscular tissue and nervous tissue; Structure and types of bones and cartilages, Ossification and resorption.	• -			
	Structure, classification and functions of epithelial tissue, connective tissue, muscular tissue and nervous tissue; Structure and types of bones and cartilages, Ossification and	Structure, classification and functions of epithelial tissue, connective tissue and nervous tissue; Structure and types of bones and cartilages, Ossification and resorption.CSO 1.1: To learn about the different types of tissues in animals. (K) CSO 1.2: To learn about the structure of epithelial tissue. (K) CSO 1.3: To differentiate the different types of epithelial tissues and their functions. (U) CSO 1.4: To learn about the structure of connective tissue. (K) CSO 1.5: To differentiate the different types of connective tissues and their functions. (U) CSO 1.5: To differentiate the different types of connective tissues and their functions. (U) CSO 1.6: To gain knowledge on the structure of muscular tissue. (K) CSO 1.7: To learn and understand the different type of muscular tissues and their functions. (U) CSO 1.8: To study about the structure, types and functions of nervous tissue. (K+U) CSO 1.9: To study about the	Structure, classification and functions of epithelial tissue, connective tissue and nervous tissue;CSO 1.1: To learn about the different types of tissues in animals. (K)9CSO 1.2: To learn about the structure of epithelial tissue. (K) CSO 1.3: To differentiate the different types of epithelial tissues and cartilages, Ossification and resorption.9CSO 1.3: To differentiate the different types of connective tissues and their functions. (U) CSO 1.4: To learn about the structure of connective tissue. (K) CSO 1.5: To differentiate the different types of connective tissues and their functions. (U) CSO 1.6: To gain knowledge on the structure of muscular tissue. (K) CSO 1.7: To learn and understand the different type of muscular tissues and their functions. (U) CSO 1.8: To study about the structure, types and functions of nervous tissue. (K+U) CSO 1.9: To study about the	Structure, classification and functions of epithelial tissue, connective tissue, muscular tissue and nervous tissue;CSO 1.1: To learn about the different types of tissues in animals. (K) CSO 1.2: To learn about the structure of epithelial tissue. (K) CSO 1.3: To differentiate the different types of epithelial tissues and their functions. (U) CSO 1.4: To learn about the structure of connective tissue. (K) CSO 1.5: To differentiate the different types of connective tissues and their functions. (U) CSO 1.5: To differentiate the different types of connective tissues and their functions. (U) CSO 1.6: To gain knowledge on the structure of muscular tissue. (K) CSO 1.7: To learn and understand the different type of muscular tissues and their functions. (U) CSO 1.8: To study about the structure, types and functions of nervous tissue. (K+U) CSO 1.9: To study about theHours

Unit 2: Nervous System	Structure of neuron, resting membrane potential, Origin of action potential and its propagation across nerve fibers; Types of synapses; Synaptic transmission and, Neuromuscular junction; Reflex action and its types - reflex arc.	and its types. (K) CSO 1.11: To gain information on the concept of ossification. (U) CSO 1.12: To understand the process of bone resorption. (U) CSO 2.1: To define neuron and understand its structure. (K+U) CSO 2.2: To differentiate the different types of neurons and their functions. (U) CSO 2.3: To understand the resting membrane potential of neurons. (U) CSO 2.4: To learn the concept of action potential of neuron. (U) CSO 2.5: To understand the concept of synapses in neurons. (U) CSO 2.6: To learn about the concept of reflex action, reflex arc. (K) CSO 2.7: To learn about the mechanism of reflex action and its significance. (U+A) CSO 2.8: To gain information on the structure of mammalian ear and its functions and working. (K+U) CSO 2.9: To learn about the structure and working of mammalian eye. (K+U)	9	20	
Unit 3: Muscle	Histology of different types of muscle; Ultra structure of skeletal muscle; Molecular and chemical basis of muscle contraction; Characteristics of muscle twitch; Motor unit, summation and tetanus; Physiology of hearing and vision.	CSO 3.1: To learn the basics of muscle tissue and its types. (K) CSO 3.2: To learn about the structure and function of skeletal muscle. (K+U) CSO 3.3: To learn the structure and function of smooth muscle. (K+U) CSO 3.4: To understand the structure and function of cardiac muscle. (K+U) CSO 3.5: To learn about the ultrastructure of skeletal muscle. (U) CSO 3.6: To understand the mechanism of muscle contraction. (U) CSO 3.7: To learn the concept of	9	20	

		mussels twitch and the stages			
		muscle twitch and the stages			
		involved. (K+U)			
		CSO 3.8: To gain information on			
		motor unit, wave summation.			
		(K+U)			
		CSO 3.9: To understand the			
		phenomenon of tetanus and its			
		types. (K+U)			
Unit 4:	Histology of	CSO 4.1: To learn the basic	9	20	
Reproductive	testis and ovary;	concepts of reproductive system			
System	Physiology of	and its importance. (K)			
	male and female	CSO 4.2: To learn the basics of			
	reproduction;	the male reproductive system. (K)			
	Methods of	CSO 4.3: To learn about the			
	contraception in	structure and histology of testes.			
	male and female.	(K+U)			
		CSO 4.4: To gain information and			
		learn on the hormonal control of			
		testicular function. (U)			
		CSO 4.5: To learn the basics of			
		the female reproductive system.			
		(K)			
		CSO 4.6: To learn about the			
		structure and histology of ovary.			
		(K+U)			
		CSO 4.7: To learn about			
		gametogenesis- spermatogenesis			
		and oogenesis. (U)			
		CSO 4.8: To understand the			
		structure of sperm and ovum. (U)			
		CSO 4.9: To learn and understand			
		the menstrual cycle. (U)			
		CSO 4.10: To gain information			
		and learn on the endocrine control			
		of menstrual cycle. (U)			
		CSO 4.11: To learn about			
		different contraceptives methods			
		used. (U+A)			
		CSO 4.12: To learn about the			
		concept of medical termination of			
		pregnancy. (U+A)			
Unit 5:	Histology of	CSO 5.1: To gain information on	9	20	
Endocrine	endocrine glands	endocrine glands. (K)			
System	- pineal,	CSO 5.2: To study and understand			
System	pituitary, thyroid,	the structure of hypothalamus and			
	parathyroid,	pituitary gland. (K+U)			
	pancreas,	CSO 5.3: To learn about the			
	adrenal;	different hormones secreted by			
	Hypothalamus	pituitary gland. (K+U)			
	riypoulaiaillus	pronary granu. (IXTU)	I		

		4: To study about the	
gland)	- control structur	e, hormones secreted and	
of ende	ocrine function	ns of pineal gland. (K+U)	
system	. CSO 5.	5: To learn about the	
	structur	e, hormones and functions	
	of thyro	oid gland. (K+U)	
	CSO 5.	6: To study about the	
	structur	e, hormones and functions	
	of parat	hyroid gland. (K+U)	
	CSO 5.	7: To learn about the	
	structur	e, hormones and regulation	
	of blood	d sugar by pancreas. (K+U)	
	CSO 5.	8: To learn about the	
	structur	e, hormones and functions	
	of adren	nal gland. (K+U)	
	CSO 5.	9: To understand the	
	hypotha	lamic control of pituitary	
	gland. (U)	

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE

Number of Credit Number of Hours of Lecture

PRACTICALS

CONTROLLING SYSTEM, ZOC 4.2 (P) : 01

: ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY: CONTROLLING AND

: 30

50 Marks

1. Recording of simple muscle twitch with electrical stimulation (or Virtual)

2. Demonstration of the unconditioned reflex action (Deep tendon reflex such as knee jerk reflex)

3. Preparation of temporary mounts: Squamous epithelium, Striated muscle fibres and nerve cells

4. Study of permanent slides of Mammalian skin, Cartilage, Bone, Spinal cord, Nerve cell,

Pituitary, Pancreas, Testis, Ovary, Adrenal, Thyroid and Parathyroid

5. Microtomy: Preparation of permanent slide of any five mammalian (Goat/white rat) tissues

SUGGESTED BOOKS

1. · Guyton, A.C. & Hall, J.E. (2006). Textbook of Medical Physiology. XI Edition. Hercourt Asia PTE Ltd. /W.B. Saunders Company.

2. · Tortora, G.J. & Grabowski, S. (2006). Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. XI Edition John Wiley & sons

3. · Victor P. Eroschenko. (2008). DiFiore's Atlas of Histology with Functional co-relations. XII Edition. Lippincott W. & Wilkins.

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)

Number of Credit Number of Hours of Lecture

: BIOCHEMISTRY OF METABOLIC PROCESSES (ZOC 4.2)

: 03 : 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Biochemistry of Metabolic Processes**:

I I UCCEBCE.	
CO 1:	To create awareness and interest in students about the metabolic activities in organisms.
CO 2:	To help the students understand carbohydrate metabolism.
CO 3:	To create an understanding among students, lipid metabolism.
CO 4:	To inculcate and create interest among students in the understanding protein metabolism
CO 5:	To create an understanding among students, the oxidative phosphorylation.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objective	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		(CSOs)	Hours		
UNIT 1	Catabolism vs	CSO 1.1: to define the term	9	20	
Overview of	Anabolism,	Metabolism. (K)			
Metabolism	Stages of	CSO 1.2: to define the term			
	catabolism,	Catabolism. (K)			
	Shuttle systems	CSO 1.3: to define the term			
	and membrane	Anabolism. (K)			
	transporters; ATP	CSO 1.4: to contrast			
	as "Energy	Catabolism and Anabolism.			
	Currency of cell";	(A)			
	coupled reactions;	CSO 1.5: t o demonstrate the			
	Intermediary	stages of catabolism. (A)			
	metabolism and	CSO 1.6: to explain the			
	regulatory	Shuttle systems. (U)			
	mechanisms	CSO 1.7: to discuss			
		membrane transporters. (U)			
		CSO 1.8: to analyse ATP as			
		"Energy Currency of cell".			
		(A)			
		CSO 1.9: to enumerate			
		coupled reactions. (U)			
		CSO 1.10: to define			
		Intermediary metabolism.			
		(K)			
		CSO 1.11: to explain			
		Intermediary metabolism.			
		(U)			
		CSO 1.12: to analyse the			
		regulatory mechanisms of			
		Intermediary metabolism.			
		(A)			

LINIT 2	Sequence	CSO 21. to define what is	0	20	
UNIT 2 Carbobydrata	Sequence of reactions of	CSO 2.1: to define what is Carbohydrate Metabolism.	9	20	
Carbohydrate Metabolism					
Wietabolisiii	glycolysis, Citric acid cycle,	(K) CSO 2.2: to illustrate the			
	5 /				
	Phosphate-	Sequence of reactions of			
	pentose pathway,	glycolysis. (A)			
	Gluconeogenesis,	CSO 2.3: to explain the			
	Glycogenolysis	Sequence of reactions in			
	and Glycogenesis	Citric acid cycle. (U)			
		CSO 2.4: to generalise the			
		Sequence of reactions in			
		Phosphate-pentose pathway.			
		(A) CSO 25: to define			
		CSO 2.5: to define			
		Gluconeogenesis. (K)			
		CSO 2.6: to to generalise the			
		Sequence of reactions in			
		Gluconeogenesis. (A) CSO 2.7: to define			
		Glycogenolysis. (K)			
		CSO 2.8: to discuss the			
		Sequence of reactions in			
		Glycogenolysis. (U)			
		CSO 2.9: to define			
		Glycogenesis. (K)			
		CSO 2.10: to illustrate the			
		Sequence of reactions in			
UNIT 3	β -oxidation and	Glycogenesis. (A)	9	20	
Lipid	omega-oxidation	CSO 3.1: to define lipid metabolism. (K)	9	20	
Metabolism	of saturated fatty				
wietabolishi	acids with even	CSO 3.2: to define β -oxidation. (K)			
	number of carbon	CSO 3.3: to define omega-			
	atoms;	oxidation. (K)			
	Biosynthesis of	CSO 3.4: to explain β -			
	palmitic acid;	oxidation of saturated fatty			
	Ketogenesis	acids with even number of			
	Retogeneous	carbon atoms. (U)			
		CSO 3.5: to illustrate the			
		omega-oxidation of saturated			
		fatty acids with even number			
		of carbon atoms. (A)			
		CSO 3.6: to define			
		biosynthesis. (K)			
		CSO 3.7: to define palmitic			
		acid. (K)			
		CSO 3.8: to explain			
		Biosynthesis of palmitic acid.			
		(U)			
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		CSO 3.9: to define			
		ketogenesis (K)			
		CSO 3.10: to interpret			
		ketogenesis. (A)			
UNIT 4	Catabolism of	CSO 4.1: to define protein	9	20	
Protein	amino acids:	metabolism. (K)			
Metabolism	Transamination,	CSO 4.2: to explain			
	Deamination,	Catabolism of amino acids.			
	,				
	Urea cycle; Fate	(U)			
	of C-skeleton of	CSO 4.3: to define			
	Glucogenic and	Transamination. (K)			
	Ketogenic amino	CSO 4.4: to illustrate the			
	acids	process of Transamination.			
		(A)			
		CSO 4.5: to define			
		deamination. (K)			
		CSO 4.6: to explain the			
		process of Deamination. (U)			
		CSO 4.7: to define Urea			
		cycle. (K)			
		CSO 4.8: to illustrate the			
		cycle of Urea. (A)			
		CSO 4.9: to interpret the fate			
		of C-skeleton of Glucogenic			
		amino acids. (A)			
		CSO 4.10: to demonstrate			
		the fate of C-skeleton of			
		Ketogenic amino acids. (A)			
UNIT 5	Redox systems;	CSO 5.1: to define Oxidative	9	20	
Oxidative	Review of	Phosphorylation. (K)			
Phosphorylation	mitochondrial	CSO 5.2: to define redox			
1 nosphor ylation	respiratory chain,				
	Inhibitors and un-				
		structure of mitochondrial			
	couplers of				
		respiratory chain. (U)			
		CSO 5.4: to illustrate the			
		working mechanism of			
		mitochondrial respiratory			
		chain. (A)			
		CSO 5.5: to define Electron			
		Transport System. (K)			
		CSO 5.6: to discuss the			
		process of Electron Transport			
		System. (U)			
		CSO 5.7: to define Electron			
		Transport System. (K)			
		CSO 5.8: to discuss the			
		process of Electron Transport			
		System. (U)			

CSO 5.9: to define Inhibitor. (K) CSO 5.10: to interpret the effect of inhibitors on Electron Transport System. (A) CSO 5.11: to define un- couplers. (K) CSO 5.12: to interpret the effect of un-couplers on Electron Transport System.		
Electron Transport System. (U).		

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE: BIOCHEMISTRY OF METABOLIC
PROCESSES, ZOC 4.2 (P)Number of Credit: 01Number of Hours of Lecture: 30

PRACTICAL

50 Marks

- 1. Estimation of total protein in given solutions by Lowry's method.
- 2. Detection of SGOT and SGPT or GST and GSH in serum/tissue.
- 3. To study the enzymatic activity of Urease.
- 4. Study of biological oxidation (SDH) [goat liver]
- 5. To perform the Acid and Alkaline phosphatase assay from serum/tissue.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Cox, M.M and Nelson, D.L. (2008). *Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry*, V Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- 2. Berg, J.M, and Stryer, L. (2007). *Biochemistry*, VI Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- Murray, R.K., Bender, D.A., Botham, K.M., Kennelly, P.J., Rodwell, V.W. and Well, P.A. (2009). *Harper Illustrate Biochemistry*, XXVIII Edition, International Edition, The Mc Graw-Hill Companies Inc.
- 4. Hames, B.D. and Hooper, N.M. (2000) *Instant Notes in Biochemistry*, II Edition, BIOS Scientific Publishers Ltd U.K.

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE) Number of Credit Number of Hours of Lecture

: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY (ZOC 5.1)

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper MOLECULAR BIOLOGY:

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CO 1:	To study how DNA, RNA and proteins are synthesized.
CO 2:	To acquire knowledge on transcription and mechanism of transcription in prokaryotes and
	eukaryotes.
CO 3:	To learn about translation and their processes
CO 4:	To learn the Post Transcriptional Modifications and Processing of Eukaryotic RNA and
	DNA Repair Mechanisms.
CO 5:	To learn about gene regulations and their processes

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objective	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		(CSOs)	Hours		
UNIT 1	Salient features	CSO 1.1: To explain about	9	20	
Nucleic Acids	of DNA and	Salient features of DNA and			
and DNA	RNA. Watson	RNA. (U).			
Replication	and Crick model	CSO 1.2: To classify types of			
	of DNA. DNA	DNA (U).			
	Replication in	CSO 1.3: To classify types of			
	prokaryotes and	RNA (U).			
	eukaryotes,	CSO 1.4: To outline history of			
	Semi-	Watson and Crick model of DNA			
	conservative,	(U).			
	bidirectional and	CSO 1.5: to describe structure of			
	semi-	Watson and Crick model of DNA			
	discontinuous	(K)			
	replication.	CSO 1.6: to explain features of			
		Watson and Crick structure of			
		DNA (U).			
		CSO 1.7: to define Replication in			
		prokaryotes (K)			
		CSO 1.8: to define Replication in			
		eukaryotes (K)			
		CSO 1.9: to compare Prokaryotic			
		and eukaryotic replication (U)			
		CSO 1.10: to explain Semi-			
		conservative (U)			
		CSO 1.11: to explain			
		bidirectional and semi-			
		discontinuous replication (U)			
		CSO 1.12: to define RNA			
		priming (K)			
		CSO 1.13: to list function of			
		RNA primer (K)			

UNIT 2 Transcription	RNA polymerase and transcription Unit, mechanism of transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes, synthesis of rRNA and mRNA, transcription Factors.	CSO 2.1: To define RNA polymerase (K) CSO 2.2: To explain types of RNA polymerase (U) CSO 2.3: To define transcription Unit (K) CSO 2.4: To discuss stages of transcription (U) CSO 2.5: to define transcription in prokaryot es and eukaryotes (K) CSO 2.6: to explain transcription in prokaryotes (U) CSO 2.7: to elaborate transcription in eukaryotes (U). CSO 2.8: to define rRNA (K) CSO 2.9: to explain synthesis of rRNA (U) CSO 2.10: to define mRNA (K) CSO 2.11: to explain synthesis of mRNA (U). CSO 2.12: to define transcription	9	20
		Factors (K) CSO 2.13: to elaborate		
		mechanism of transcript ion Factors (U)		
		CSO 2.14: to list function of		
UNIT 3 Translation	Genetic code, Degeneracy of the genetic code and Wobble Hypothesis; Process of protein synthesis in prokaryotes: Ribosome structure and assembly in prokaryotes, fidelity of protein synthesis, aminoacyl tRNA synthetases and charging of tRNA; Proteins involved in initiation, elongation and termination of polypeptide chain	transcript ion Factors (K) CSO 3.1: to define genetic code (K). CSO 3.2: to discuss Degeneracy of the genetic code (U) CSO 3.3: to explain Degeneracy of the Wobble Hypothesis (U) CSO 3.4: to discuss Process of protein synthesis in prokaryotes. (U) CSO 3.5: to illustrate Ribosome structure. (A) CSO 3.6: to explain assembly in prokaryotes (U). CSO 3.7: to describe fidelity of protein synthesis (K) CSO 3.8: to define aminoacyl tRNA synthetases (K). CSO 3.9: to outline mechanism of aminoacyl tRNA synthetases (K) CSO 3.10: to explain class of aminoacyl tRNA synthetases (U).	10	22

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		CSO 3.11: to describe structure			
		of aminoacyl tRNA synthetases			
		(K).			
		CSO 3.12: to define charging of			
		tRNA (K)			
		CSO 3.13: to illustrate			
		mechanism charging of tRNA (A)			
		CSO 3.14: to outline Proteins			
		involved in initiation, elongation and			
		termination of polypeptide chain (K)		10	
UNIT 4	Structure of	1	8	18	
Post	globin mRNA;	globin mRNA (U).			
Transcriptional	Split genes:	CSO 4.2: to describe split			
Modifications	concept of introns	genes(K)			
and Processing	and exons,	CSO 4.3: to define introns (K)			
of Eukaryotic	splicing	CSO 4.4: to explain exons (U)			
RNA and DNA	mechanism,	CSO 4.5: to define splicing (K).			
Repair	alternative				
Mechanisms		CSO 4.6: to explain mechanism			
wicemunishis	splicing, exon	of splicing (U)			
	shuffling, and	CSO 4.7: to discuss alternative			
	RNA editing,	splicing (U)			
	Processing of	CSO 4.8: to define exon			
	tRNA.	shuffling (K)			
	Pyrimidine	CSO 4.9: to explain mechanism			
	dimerization and	of exon shuffling (U)			
	mismatch repair	CSO 4.10: to define RNA editing			
	mismaten repair	(K)			
		CSO 4.11: to explain Processing			
		of tRNA (U)			
		CSO 4.12: to define Pyrimidine			
		(K)			
		CSO 4.13: to explain			
		dimerization (U).			
		CSO 4.14: to describe mismatch			
		repair (K)			
UNIT 5	Transcription	CSO 5.1: to discuss Principles of	9	20	
Gene	regulation in	transcriptio nal regulation in			
Regulation	U	prokaryotes (U).			
Regulation	prokaryotes:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Principles of	CSO 5.2: to elaborate <i>lac</i> operon			
	transcriptional	concept (U).			
	regulation with	CSO 5.3: to explain <i>trp</i> operon			
	examples from	(U).			
	lac operon and	CSO 5.4: to outline Transcription			
	<i>trp</i> operon;	regulation in eukaryotes (U).			
	Transcription	CSO 5.5: to explain Activators			
	regulation in	(U).			
	eukaryotes:	CSO 5.6: to discuss repressors			
	-	(U).			
	Activators,				
	repressors,	CSO 5.7: to explain enhancers			
		(U)			

enhancers, silencer elements; Gene	CSO 5.8: to outline silencer elements (K) CSO 5.9: to explain Gene	
silencing, Genetic imprinting	silencing (U) CSO 5.10: to elaborate Genetic imprinting (U)	

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE Number of Credit Number of Hours of Lecture

: MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, ZOC 5.1(P)

: 01 : 30

PRACTICAL

50 Marks

- 1. Study of Polytene chromosomes from Chironomous / Drosophila larvae
- 2. Preparation of liquid culture medium (LB) and raise culture of E. coli
- 3. Preparation of solid culture medium (LB) and growth of *E. coli* by spreading and streaking
- 4. Demonstration of antibiotic sensitivity/resistance of *E. coli* to antibiotic pressure and interpretation of results
- 5. Quantitative estimation of RNA using Orcinol reaction
- 6. Study and interpretation of electron micrographs/ photograph showing
 - a) DNA replication
 - b) Transcription
 - c) Split genes

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Becker, W.M., Kleinsmith, L.J., Hardin. J. and Bertoni, G. P. (2009). *The World* of the Cell. VII Edition. Pearson Benjamin Cummings Publishing, San Francisco.
- 2. Bruce Alberts, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis, Martin Raff, Keith Roberts, Peter Walter: *Molecular Biology of the Cell*, IV Edition.
- 3. Cooper G. M. and Robert E. Hausman R. E. *The Cell: A Molecular Approach*, V Edition, ASM Press and Sinauer Associates.
- 4. De Robertis, E.D.P. and De Robertis, E.M.F. (2006). *Cell and Molecular Biology*. VIII Edition. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- 5. Karp, G. (2010) *Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments*. VI Edition. John Wiley and Sons. Inc.

: BIOSTATISTICS (ZOC-5.2)

: 03 : 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Biostatistics**:

CO 1:	To make the students aware of statistical methods and basic principles of biostatistics.
CO 2:	To help the students learn about the collection of primary and secondary data.
CO 3:	To create an understanding among students, the measures of central tendency.
CO 4:	To inculcate and create interest among students in the understanding of types and methods
	of correlation.
CO 5:	To make the students learn how to draw conclusion from statistical data.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objective	Lecture	Marks	Los
		(CSOs)	Hours		
UNIT 1	Definition -	CSO 1.1: to define the term	6	14	
Introduction to	statistical methods	Biostatistics. (K)			
Biostatistics	- basic principles.	CSO 1.2: to understand			
	Variables -	various methods of statistics			
	measurements,	used in biology. (U)			
	functions,	CSO 1.3: to discuss the basic			
	limitations and	principles of biostatistics. (U)			
	uses of statistics	CSO 1.4: to define Variables.			
		(K)			
		CSO 1.5: to discuss about			
		measurements of variables.			
		(U)			
		CSO 1.6: to apply			
		measurements of variables in			
		solving biological data. (A)			
		CSO 1.7: to explain the			
		functions of variables. (U)			
		CSO 1.8: to elaborate the			
		limitations of variables. (U)			
		CSO 1.9: to discuss the uses			
		of variables in statistics. (U)	-		
UNIT 2	Types and		9	20	
Collection of	methods of data	1 2 ()			
data primary	collection	CSO 2.2: to define the term			
and secondary	procedures -	secondary data. (K)			
	merits and				
	demerits.	collect data. (U)			
	Classification -	CSO 2.4: to analyse raw data.			
	tabulation and				
	presentation of				
	data - sampling	• 1			
	methods	procedures. (U)			I

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		CSO 2.6: to elaborate the			
		methods of data collection			
		procedures. (U)			
		CSO 2.7: to explain merits of			
		data collection. (U)			
		CSO 2.8: to discuss the			
		demerits of data collection.			
		(U)			
		CSO 2.9: to analyse merits			
		and demerits of data			
		collection (A)			
		CSO 2.10: to classify data.			
		(U)			
		CSO 2.11: to construct table			
		using collected data. (A)			
		CSO 2.12: to organise and present the data (A)			
		present the data. (A)			
		CSO 2.13: to elaborate			
	M	sampling methods. (U)	1.4	20	
UNIT 3	Mean, median,	CSO 3.1: to define central	14	30	
Measures of	mode - merits &	tendency. (K)			
central	demerits.	CSO 3.2: to explain different			
tendency	Measures of				
	dispersion - range,	(U)			
	standard	CSO 3.3: to define and apply			
	deviation, mean	mean to get the overall idea			
	deviation, quartile				
	deviation - merits	1			
	and demerits; Co-	E , ,			
	efficient of	CSO 3.5: to explain the mode			
	variations	and its usage. (U+ A)			
		CSO 3.6: to enumerate merits			
		& demerits of Mean, median			
		and mode. (A)			
		CSO 3.7: to define the			
		Measures of dispersion. (K)			
		CSO 3.8: to explain and			
		apply range in solving			
		biological data. (U+A)			
		CSO 3.9: to explain and			
		apply standard deviation in			
		solving biological data.			
		(U+A)			
		CSO 3.10: to explain and			
		apply mean deviation in			
		solving biological data.			
		(U+A)			
		CSO 3.11: to explain and			
		apply quartile deviation in			
		upping quartine deviation m			

UNIT 4 Correlation	Types and methods of correlation, regression, simple regression equation, fitting prediction, similarities and dissimilarities of correlation and regression	solving biological data. (U+A) CSO 3.12: to compare range, standard deviation, mean deviation, quartile deviation - merits and demerits. (A) CSO 3.13: to explain and apply Co- efficient of variations in solving biological data. (U+A) CSO 4.1: to define correlation. (K) CSO 4.2: to explain the types of correlation. (U) CSO 4.3: to elaborate the methods of correlation (U) CSO 4.4: to apply correlation in solving problems in biology. (A) CSO 4.5: to define regression. (K) CSO 4.6: to apply regression in solving problems in biology. (A) CSO 4.7: to derive simple regression equation. (A) CSO 4.8: to determine fitting prediction. (A) CSO 4.9: to contrast similarities between	8	18	
UNIT 5 Statistical inference	Hypothesis - simple hypothesis - student 't' test - chi square test.	similarities between correlation and regression. (A) CSO 4.10: to contrast dissimilarities between correlation and regression. (A) CSO 5.1: to define statistical inference. (K) CSO 5.2: to elaborate on statistical hypothesis. (U) CSO 5.3: to explain the simple hypothesis. (U) CSO 5.4: to explain student 't' test. (U)	8	18	
		CSO 5.5: to apply student 't' test in solving biological data. (A) CSO 5.6: to define chi square			

CSO 5.8: to apply chi square test to compare observed and expected results. (A)
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NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: BIOSTATISTICS, ZOC-5.2 (P)
Number of Credit	: 01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRACTICAL

1) Calculation of mean, standard deviation and standard error

2) Calculation of correlation coefficient values and finding out the probability

3) Calculation of 'F' value and finding out the probability value for the F value.

SUGGESTED READINGS

1. Biostatistic, Danniel, W.W., 1987.New York, John Wiley Sons.

2. An introduction to Biostatistics, 3rd edition, Sundarrao, P.S.S and Richards, J. Christian Medical College, Vellore

3. Statistics for Biology, Boston, Bishop, O.N. Houghton, Mifflin.

4. The principles of scientific research, Freedman, P. New York, Pergamon Press.

5. Statistics for Biologists, Campbell, R.C., 1998. Cambridge University Press.

50 Marks

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)

: ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY: LIFE SUSTAINING
SYSTEM (ZOC 5.3)
: 03

Number of Credit	
Number of Hours of Lecture	

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs):

The follow	ving are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Animal Physiology: Life sustaining system:	
CO1:	To study about the structural organization and functions of gastrointestinal tract and the	
	process of digestion and absorption.	
CO2:	To give knowledge on the physiology of respiration.	
CO3:	To give information on the physiology of excretory system and its mechanism.	
CO4:	To study about the structural organization of heart and its components.	
CO5:	To give knowledge on the mechanism of circulatory system and its importance.	

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Unit & TitleUnit ContentsCourse specific outcome (CSOs)Lecture HoursMar MarUnit 1: Physiology of of DigestionStructural organization and functions of gastrointestinal tract; DigestionCSO 1.1: To learn about the concept of digestion and absorption. (K)920CSO 1.2: To gain information on the different nutrients;CSO 1.2: To gain information and absorption.920	
Physiology oforganization and functions ofconcept of digestion and absorption. (K)Digestiongastrointestinal tract; Digestion and absorption ofCSO 1.2: To gain information on the different types of nutrients and their	
Harrinal, Hormonal control of secretion of enzymes in Gastrointestinal tract.CSO 1.3: To learn and understand the structural oragnization of the digestive tract. (K+U)CSO 1.4: To learn about the different enzymes involved in the process of digestion. (K+U)CSO 1.5: To understand how carbohydrates are digested and absorbed. (U)CSO 1.6: To learn how proteins are digested and absorbed. (U)CSO 1.7: To understand how fats are digested and absorbed. (U)CSO 1.8: To learn about the neural control of digestion. (U)CSO 1.9: To learn and	

		enzymes in the			
		gastrointestinal tract. (U)			
		gastronnestinar tract. (0)			
Unit 2:	Histology of	CSO 2.1: To learn about the	9	20	
Physiology	trachea and lungs;	basics of respiration and its	,	20	
of	Mechanism of	types. (K)			
Respiration	respiration;	CSO 2.2: To learn about the			
Respiration	Dissociation	structure of the respiratory			
	curves and factors	tract. (K)			
	influencing it;	CSO 2.3: To differentiate			
	Carbon monoxide	between external and			
	poisoning; Control	internal respiration. (U)			
	of respiration	CSO 2.4: To understand the			
	or respiration	mechanism of breathing. (U)			
		CSO 2.5: To learn about the			
		mechanism of respiration.			
		(U) CSO 2.6: To learn the			
		concept of oxygen			
		dissociation curve. (K+U)			
		CSO 2.7: To study the			
		transport of oxygen from			
		lungs to tissues. (U)			
		CSO 2.8: To understand the			
		transport of carbon dioxide			
		from tissue to the lungs.			
		(K+U)			
		CSO 2.9: To learn and gain			
		information on carbon			
		monoxide poisoning. (K+U)			
		CSO 2.10: To learn about			
		the different factors			
		influencing or controlling			
		the process of respiration. (K+U)			
Unit 3:	Structure of	CSO 3.1: To learn the	9	20	
Renal	kidney and its	basics of kidney and its			
Physiology	functional unit;	functions. (K)			
• 0•	Mechanism of	CSO 3.2: To learn about the			
	urine formation;	structure of kidney. (K)			
	Regulation of	CSO 3.3: To learn about the			
	water balance	structure of a nephron. (K)			
		CSO 3.4: To learn about the			
		mechanism of urine			
		formation. (U)			
		CSO 3.5: To study and			
		understand the			
		countercurrent system of			
		kidneys. (U)			

		CSO 3.6: To learn the			
		concept of osmoregulation.			
		(K)			
		CSO 3.7: To understand the			
		maintenance of water			
		balance by kidneys. (K+U)			
		CSO 3.8: To learn about the			
		maintenance of electrolyte			
		balance by kidney. (K+U)			
		CSO 3.9: To learn about the			
		hormonal control of renal			
		function. (U)			
Unit 4:	Components of	CSO 4.1: To learn about the	9	20	
Blood	blood and their	basics of blood. (K)			
	functions;	CSO 4.2: To learn about the			
	Structure and	different components of			
	functions of	blood. (K)			
	Haemoglobin	CSO 4.3: To gain			
	Blood groups: Rh	information on the functions			
	factor, ABO and	of the different components			
	MN	of blood. (U)			
	Haemostasis:	CSO 4.4: To understand the			
	Blood clotting	structure of Haemoglobin			
	•	and its functions. (K+U)			
	system; Haemopoiesis	CSO 4.5: To learn about the			
	Themopolesis				
		different types of blood			
		groups. (K+U) CSO 4.6: To learn the			
		concept of Rh factor and			
		MN. (K)			
		CSO 4.7: To understand the			
		concept of haemostasis. (U)			
		CSO 4.8: To learn about the			
		mechanism of blood clotting			
		and the steps involved.			
		(K+U)			
		CSO 4.9: To learn about			
		haemopoisis. (K+U)			
Unit 5:	Coronary	CSO 5.1: To learn the	9	20	
Physiology	circulation;	basics of heart and the			
of Heart	Structure and	circulatory system. (K)			
	working of	CSO 5.2: To understand the			
	conducting	structure of heart. (U)			
	myocardial fibers	CSO 5.3: To learn about the			
	Electrocardiogram,	different vessels and the			
	Blood Pressure	circulation of blood through			
	and Its regulations,	it. (U)			
	Cardiac cycle,	CSO 5.4: To learn and			
	Cardiac output and	understand the different			
L	salar ourput and		1	I	I

its regulations.	types of circulation. (K+U)		
	CSO 5.5: To understand the		
	concept of cardiac cycle. (U)		
	CSO 5.6: To learn about the		
	regulation of heartbeat.		
	(K+U)		
	CSO 5.7: To define and		
	understand the working of		
	ECG. (K+U)		
	CSO 5.8: To learn about		
	blood pressure and the		
	factors that control it. (K+U)		
	CSO 5.9: To understand the		
	significance of ECG. (U+A)		
	CSO 5.10: To gain		
	information on the		
	regulation of cardiac cycle.		
	(U)		

SYSTEM, ZOC 5.3 (P)

: ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY: LIFE SUSTAINING

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE

Number of Credit Number of Hours of Lecture

PRACTICALS

50 Marks

- 1. Determination of ABO Blood group and Rh factor
- 2. Estimation of haemoglobin using Sahli's haemoglobinometer
- 3. Preparation of haemin crystals
- 4. Recording of blood pressure using a sphygmomanometer

5. Examination of sections of mammalian Oesophagus, Stomach, Duodenum, Ileum, rectum, liver, trachea, lung, kidney.

:01

: 30

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Guyton, A.C. & Hall, J.E. (2006). Textbook of Medical Physiology. XI Edition. Hercourt Asia PTE Ltd. W.B. Saunders Company.

2. Tortora, G.J. & Grabowski, S. (2006). Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. XI Edition John Wiley & sons,

3. Victor P. Eroschenko (2008). diFiore's Atlas of Histology with Functional correlations. XII Edition. Lippincott W. & Wilkins.

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE): DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY (ZOC 6.1)Number of Credit: 03Number of Hours of Lecture: 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY**:

CO 1:	To study and understand the historical perspective and basic concepts of developmental
	biology.
CO 2:	To learn about early embryonic development.
CO 3:	To understand about late embryonic development.
CO 4:	To understand the post embryonic development.
CO 5:	To understand the implications of developmental biology.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		Objective (CSOs)	Hours		
UNIT 1 INTRODUCTION	Historical perspective and basic concepts: Phases of development, Cell- Cell interaction, Pattern formation, Differentiation and growth, Differential gene Expression.	CSO 1.1: To explain Historical perspective and basic concepts: Phases of development (U) CSO 1.2: To discuss Cell-Cell interaction (U) CSO 1.3: To describe Pattern formation (K) CSO 1.4: To explain Differentiation and growth (U) CSO 1.5: To identify Differential gene expression (K)	9	20	
UNIT 2 Early Embryonic Development	Gametogenesis, Spermatogenesis, Oogenesis; Types of eggs, Egg membranes; Fertilization (External and Internal): Changes in gametes, Blocks to polyspermy; Planes and patterns of cleavage; Types of Blastula.	CSO 2.4: to characterize Types of eggs (U) CSO 2.5: to explain Egg	9	20	

		and Internal): Changes in gametes (U) CSO 2.7: to explain Blocks to polyspermy (U) CSO 2.8: to classify Planes and patterns of cleavage (U) CSO 2.9: to describe Types of Blastula (K)			
UNIT 3 Late Embryonic Development	Fate of Germ Layers; Extra-embryonic membranes in birds; Implantation of embryo in humans, Placenta (Structure, types and functions of placenta)	CSO 3.1: to classify Fate of Germ Layers (U) CSO 3.2: to discuss Extra-embryonic membranes in birds. (U) CSO 3.3: to describe Implantation of embryo in humans (K) CSO 3.4: to discuss Placenta (Structure, types and functions of placenta) (U)	9	20	
UNIT 4 Post Embryonic Development	Metamorphosis: Changes, hormonal regulations in amphibians and insects; Regeneration: Modes of regeneration, epimorphosis, morphallaxis and compensatory regeneration (with one example each); Ageing: Concepts and Theories	CSO 4.1: to define Metamorphosis. (K) CSO 4.2: to outline Changes, hormonal regulations in amphibians and insects (K) CSO 4.3: to define Regeneration (A) CSO 4.4: to outline Modes of regeneration (K) CSO 4.5: to explain epimorphosis regeneration with one example (U). CSO 4.6: to discuss morphallaxis regeneration with one example. (U) CSO 4.7: to describe compensatory regeneration with one example. (U).	9	20	

		CSO 4.8: to define Ageing (K).		
UNIT 5 Implications of Developmental Biology	0 0	CSO 5.1: to define Teratogenesis (K) CSO 5.2: to elaborate Teratogenic agents and their effects on embryonic	9	20

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY, ZOC 6.1 (P)
Number of Credit	: 01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRACTICAL

50 Marks

1. Study of whole mounts and sections of developmental stages of frog through permanent slides: Cleavage stages, blastula, gastrula, neurula, tail-bud stage, tadpole (external and internal gill stages).

2. Study of whole mounts of developmental stages of chick through permanent slides: Primitive streak (13 and 18 hours), 21, 24, 28, 33, 36, 48, 72, and 96 hours of incubation (Hamilton and Hamburger stages)

3. Study of different sections of placenta (photomicrograph/ slides)

4. Project report on Drosophila culture/chick embryo development.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Gilbert, S. F. (2010). Developmental Biology, IX Edition, Sinauer Associates, Inc., Publishers, Sunderland, Massachusetts, USA

2. Balinsky B. I. and Fabian B. C. (1981). An Introduction to Embryology, V Edition, International Thompson Computers Press

3. Kalthoff (2008). Analysis of Biological Development, II Edition, McGraw-Hill Publisher

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)	: EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY (ZOC-6.2)
Number of Credit	: 03
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

COURSE	COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)				
The follow	ing are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Evolutionary biology :				
CO 1:	: To inculcate in students about the evolution of life on Earth.				
CO 2:	To create interest in students about the evidences of evolution.				
CO 3:	To create an understanding among students, the genetics of population.				
CO 4:	To inculcate and create interest among students in the understanding of product of				
	evolution.				
CO 5:	To let the students acquire the knowledge of origin and evolution of man, construction				
	and interpretation of phylogenetic tree.				

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objective	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		(CSOs)	Hours		
UNIT 1	Chemogeny, RNA	CSO 1.1: to define	9	20	
Life's	world, Biogeny, Origin	Chemogeny. (K)			
Beginnings	of photosynthesis,	CSO 1.2: to elaborate the			
	Evolution of eukaryotes	Chemical evolution. (U)			
	Historical review of	CSO 1.3: to understand			
	evolutionary concept:	about RNA world. (U)			
	Lamarckism,	CSO 1.4: to describe			
	Darwinism, Neo-	biogeny. (U)			
	Darwinism	CSO 1.5: to discuss about			
		Origin of photosynthesis.			
		(U)			
		CSO 1.6: to explain about			
		Evolution of eukaryotes. (U)			
		CSO 1.7: to relate historical			
		review of evolutionary			
		concept. (A)			
		CSO 1.8: to discuss about			
		Lamarckism. (U)			
		CSO 1.9: to interpret			
		Darwinism. (A)			
		CSO 1.10: to discuss Neo-			
		Darwinism. (U)			
UNIT 2	Fossil record (types of	CSO 2.1: to define Fossil	9	20	
Evidences of	fossils, transitional	record. (K)			
Evolution	forms, geological time	CSO 2.2: to describe the			
	scale.	types of fossils. (U)			
	evolution of horse, three	CSO 2.3: to correlate			
	domains of life, neutral				
	theory of molecular	evidence of connecting link			
	evolution	in evolution. (A)			

		CSO 2.4: to discuss		
		geological time scale. (U)		
		CSO 2.5: to explain about		
		evolution of horse. (U)		
		CSO 2.6: To illustrate the		
		three domains of life. (A)		
		CSO 2.7: to define		
		molecular evolution. (K)		
		CSO 2.8: to explain about		
		the neutral theory of		
		molecular evolution. (U)		
UNIT 3	Hardy-Weinberg Law	CSO 3.1: to discuss about	9	20
Population	(statement and	population genetics. (U)		
genetics	derivation of equation,	CSO 3.2: to explain about		
	application of law to	Hardy-Weinberg Law. (U)		
	human Population)	CSO 3.3: To derive HW		
	Natural selection	equation. (A)		
	(concept of fitness,	CSO 3.4: to apply HWE to		
	selection coefficient,	human Population. (A)		
	derivation of one unit of	CSO 3.5: To discuss about		
	selection for a dominant	Natural selection. (U)		
	allele, genetic load,	CSO 3.6: to understand		
	Genetic Drift, founder's	concept of fitness. (U)		
	effect, bottleneck	CSO 3.7: to analyse		
	phenomenon; Role of	selection coefficient. (A)		
	Migration and Mutation	CSO 3.8: to derive one unit		
	in changing allele	of selection for a dominant		
	frequencies.	allele) (A)		
		CSO 3.9: to define the		
		genetic load, Genetic Drift,		
		founder's effect, bottleneck		
		phenomenon. (K)		
		CSO 3.10: to explain the		
		genetic load, Genetic Drift,		
		founder's effect, bottleneck		
		phenomenon. (U)		
		CSO 3.11: to illustrate the		
		role of Migration in		
		changing allele frequencies.		
		(A)		
		CSO 3.12: To express how		
		mutation changes allele		
		frequencies. (A)		
UNIT 4	Micro evolutionary	CSO 4.1: To define micro	9	20
Product of	changes (inter-	evolutionary changes. (K)		
evolution	population variations,	CSO 4.2: To explain about		
		1		1
	clines, races)	Micro evolutionary changes.		
	clines, races) Species concept, Isolating mechanisms,	(U) CSO 4.3: to correlate inter-		

	modes of speciation— allopatric, sympatric; Adaptive radiation/macroevolution (exemplified by Galapagos finches)	population variations, clines, races. (A) CSO 4.4: to define Species concept. (K) CSO 4.5: to discuss about Species concept. (U) CSO 4.6: to understand Isolating mechanisms (U) CSO 4.7: to examine modes of speciation—allopatric. (A) CSO 4.8: to examine modes of speciation—sympatric. (A) CSO 4.9: to explain the Adaptive radiation/macroevolution (exemplified by Galapagos finches) (U)			
UNIT 5 Evolution of	Unique hominin characteristics contrasted	CSO 5.1: To contrast Unique hominin	9	20	
man and	with primate	Unique hominin characteristics with primate			
phylogenetic	1	characteristics. (A)			
tree	phylogeny from	CSO 5.2: To explain the			
	Dryopithecus leading to				
	Homo sapiens,	Dryopithecus leading to			
	molecular analysis of human origin.	CSO 5.3: To explain the			
	Phylogenetic tree,	molecular analysis of human			
	Multiple Sequence	origin. (U)			
	alignment, construction	0			
	1.0	Phylogenetic tree. (K)			
	interpretation of tree	CSO 5.5: to elaborate			
		Phylogenetic tree. (U)			
		CSO 5.6: to define Multiple Sequence alignment. (K)			
		CSO 5.7 : to understand and			
		apply Multiple Sequence			
		alignment. (U+A)			
		CSO 5.8: to construct			
		phylogenetic tree. (A)			
		CSO 5.9: to interpret			
		phylogenetic tree. (A)			

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE Number of Credit Number of Hours of Lecture

: EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY, ZOC-6.2 (P)

: 01 : 30

PRACTICAL

50 Marks

1. Study of fossils from models/ pictures

2. Study of homology and analogy from suitable specimens

3. Study and verification of Hardy-Weinberg Law by chi square analysis

4. Demonstration of role of natural selection and genetic drift in changing allele frequencies using simulation studies

5. Graphical representation and interpretation of data of height/ weight of a sample of 100 humans in relation to their age and sex.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Ridley, M (2004) Evolution III Edition Blackwell publishing
- 2. Hall, B.K. and Hallgrimson, B (2008). Evolution IV Edition. Jones and Barlett Publishers.
- 3. Campbell, N.A. and Reece J.B (2011). Biology. IX Edition. Pearson, Benjamin, Cummings.
- 4. Douglas, J. Futuyma (1997). Evolutionary Biology. Sinauer Associates.
- 5. Pevsner, J (2009). Bioinformatics and Functional Genomics. II Edition Wiley-Blackwell

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)	: IM
Number of Credit	:03
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 45

: IMMUNOLOGY (ZOC-6.3)

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Immunology**:

	····· ···· ····· ·····················		
CO 1:	To create awareness and interest in students about the perspective of immunology and		
	how the immune system operates in organisms.		
CO 2:	To make the students understand innate and adaptive immunity.		
CO 3:	To create an understanding among students, the structure and function of different classes		
	of immunoglobulins and acquaint them with hybridoma technology.		
CO 4:	To inculcate and create interest among students in the understanding of Major		
	Histocompatibility Complex and Cytokines.		
CO 5:	To help students gain knowledge and understanding about complement system,		
	hypersensitivity and vaccines.		

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objective	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		(CSOs)	Hours		
UNIT 1	Historical	CSO 1.1: to define the term	7	16	
Overview of	perspective of	Immunity and Immune			
Immune System	Immunology,	system. (K)			
	Cells and organs	CSO 1.2: to describe the			
	of the immune	historical perspective of			
	system, barriers of	immunology. (U)			
	immune system	CSO 1.3: to explain how			
		immunology progress over			
		time. (U)			
		CSO 1.4: to illustrate the			
		cells of the immune system.			
		(A)			
		CSO 1.5: to elaborate the			
		organs of the immune			
		system. (U)			
		CSO 1.6: to demonstrate			
		how anatomy act as barrier			
		of immune system. (A)			
		CSO 1.7: to understand			
		how physiology act as			
		barrier of immune system.			
		(U)			
UNIT 2	Inflammation,	CSO 2.1: to define the term	12	26	
Innate and	Cell and	innate and adaptive			
Adaptive	molecules	immunity. (K)			
Immunity	involved in innate	CSO 2.2: to discuss types			
	immunity,	of inflammation. (U)			
	Adaptive	CSO 2.3: to explain how			
	immunity (Cell	inflammation is vital to			

					1
	mediated and	health. (U)			
	humoral);	CSO 2.4: to generalise Cell			
	Passive: Artificial	and involved in innate			
	and natural	immunity. (A)			
	Immunity, Active:	CSO 2.5: to summarise the			
	Artificial and	molecules involved in			
	natural Immunity,	innate immunity (A)			
	Immune	CSO 2.6: to define			
	dysfunctions	adaptive immunity. (K)			
	(brief account of	CSO 2.7: to explain			
	autoimmunity	adaptive immunity. (U)			
	with reference to	CSO 2.8: to illustrate cell			
	Rheumatoid	mediated immunity. (A)			
	Arthritis and	CSO 2.9: to illustrate			
	tolerance, AIDS).	humoral immunity. (A)			
		CSO 2.10: to understand			
		Passive: Artificial and			
		natural Immunity. (U)			
		CSO 2.11: to illustrate			
		Active: Artificial and			
		natural Immunity. (A)			
		CSO 2.12: to define			
		Immune dysfunctions. (K)			
		CSO 2.13: to give a brief			
		account of autoimmunity.			
		(K)			
		CSO 2.14: to cite a brief			
		account on Rheumatoid			
		Arthritis. (K)			
		CSO 2.15: to define			
		tolerance. (K)			
		CSO 2.16: to discuss			
	~ .	briefly on AIDS. (U)			
UNIT 3	Structure and	CSO 3.1: to define	10	22	
Immunoglobulins	functions of	Immunoglobulins. (K)			
	different classes	CSO 3.2: to explain the			
	of	structure of			
	immunoglobulins,	Immunoglobulins. (U)			
	Antigen- antibody	CSO 3.3: to classify			
	interactions,	Immunoglobulins. (U)			
	Immunoassays	CSO 3.4: to explain the			
	(ELISA and RIA).	different structures of			
	Hybridoma	Immunoglobulins. (U)			
	technology:	CSO 3.5: to illustrate the			
	Monoclonal	function of different classes			
	antibodies in	of immunoglobulin. (A)			
	therapeutics and	CSO 3.6: to define antigen			
	diagnosis.	and antibody. (K)			
		CSO 3.7: to discuss how			
			1	1	

UNIT 4 Major Histocompatibility Complex and Cytokines	Structure and functions of MHC molecules. Endogenous and exogenous pathways of antigen processing and presentation Properties and functions of cytokines, Therapeutics Cytokines	antigen-antibody interacts. (U) CSO 3.8: to illustrate different technique for the detection of antigen- antibody interaction. (A) CSO 3.9: to define Immunoassay. (K) CSO 3.10: to demonstrate the technique of ELISA. (A) CSO 3.11: to explain the technique of RIA. (U) CSO 3.12: to describe hybridoma technology. (U) CSO 3.13: to illustrate the use of Monoclonal antibodies in therapeutics. (A) CSO 3.14: to illustrate the use of Monoclonal antibodies in diagnosis. (A) CSO 4.1: to define Major Histocompatibility Complex (MHC). (K) CSO 4.2: to define Cytokines. (K) CSO 4.3: to illustrate the structure of MHC. (A) CSO 4.4: to discuss the function of MHC. (U) CSO 4.5: to illustrate the Endogenous pathway of antigen processing and presentation. (A) CSO 4.7: to discuss the properties of cytokines. (U) CSO 4.8: to demonstrate the function of cytokines. (U) CSO 4.9: to interpret the	8	18	
		CSO 4.9: to interpret the use of cytokines in therapeutics. (A)			
UNIT 5	Components and	CSO 5.1: to define	-	18	

Complement	pathways of	complement system. (K)		
System,	complement	CSO 5.2: to elaborate on		
Hypersensitivity	activation;	various components of		
and Vaccines	Gell and Coombs'	complement system. (U)		
	classification and	CSO 5.3: to interpret the		
	brief description	pathways of complement		
	of various types of	system activation. (A)		
	Hypersensitivities;	CSO 5.4: to define		
	Types of vaccines.	hypersensitivity. (K)		
		CSO 5.5: to classify		
		hypersensitivity base on		
		Gell and Coombs'		
		classification. (U)		
		CSO 5.6: to discuss Type I		
		hypersensitivity. (U)		
		CSO 5.7: to elaborate Type		
		II hypersensitivity. (U)		
		CSO 5.8: to illustrate Type		
		III hypersensitivity. (A)		
		CSO 5.9: to explain Type		
		IV hypersensitivity. (U)		
		CSO 5.10: to define		
		vaccine. (K)		
		CSO 5.11: to discuss types		
		of vaccine.		

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY, ZOC 6.2 (P)
Number of Credit	: 01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRACTICAL

- 1. Demonstration of lymphoid organs.
- 2. Histological study of spleen, thymus and lymph nodes through slides/photographs
- 3. Preparation of stained blood film to study various types of blood cells.
- 4. Ouchterlony's double immuno-diffusion method.
- 5. ABO blood group determination.
- 6. Demonstration of Immuno-electrophoresis.

SUGGESTED READINGS

1. Kindt, T. J., Goldsby, R.A., Osborne, B. A. and Kuby, J (2006). *Immunology*, W.H. Freeman and Company, VI Edition.

2. David, M., Jonathan, B., David, R. B. and Ivan R. (2006). *Immunology*, Mosby, Elsevier Publication,

VII Edition.

3. Abbas, K. Abul and Lechtman H. Andrew (2003.) *Cellular and Molecular Immunology*, Saunders Publication, V Edition.

50 Marks

NAME OF THE PAPER	: PRINCIPLES OF GENETICS (ZOC 6.4)
Number of Credit	: 03
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs):

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Principles of Genetics:

The rono mig	The following die the Course Coljectives (COS) for the paper 1 microfies of Ceneties.					
CO1:	To understand how nucleic acids transport genetic information and understand the					
	experiments that showed the role of nucleic acids for genetic information.					
CO2:	To learn how information are passed from generation to generation through the process					
	of linkage and crossing over.					
CO3:	To understand the concept of mutation and its importance.					
CO4:	To learn about the phenomenon of sex determination and the factors that affects it.					
CO5:	To understand the concept of transfer and uptake of genetic information between cells.					

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course specific outcome	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		(CSOs)			
Unit & Title Unit 1: Mendelian Genetics and its Extension	Unit Contents Principles of inheritance, Incomplete dominance and co-dominance, Multiple alleles, Lethal alleles, Epistasis, Pleiotropy; Sex-linked, sex- influenced and sex-limited characters inheritance.	(CSOs) CSO 1.1: To learn and define different terminologies in genetics. (K) CSO 1.2: To define genetics and learn about the experimental procedures of Mendel. (K+U) CSO 1.3: To learn the concept of principle of inheritance and tits limitations. (K+U) CSO 1.4: To study and understand the different crossing techniques involved in genetics. (K+U) CSO 1.5: To understand the laws of inheritance. (U) CSO 1.6: To learn the concept of genotype, phenotype, dominance and recessiveness. (U) CSO 1.7: To gain information	Lecture Hours 9	Marks 20	LOs
		CSO 1.7: To gain information on the chromosomal theory of inheritance. (K+U)CSO 1.8: To compare the			
		parallelism between chromosomes and mendelian factors. (U+A) CSO 1.9: To understand the concept of incomplete			

		dominance and codominanace. (U) CSO 1.10: To learn about multiple alleles and			
		pleiotropy. (U) CSO 1.11: To learn the concept of lethal genes and epistasis. (K+U) CSO 1.12: To learn about sex			
		linked inheritance and its characteristics. (K+U) CSO 1.13: To learn about sex influenced traits and sex- limited traits. (K+U)			
Unit 2: Linkage, Crossing Over and Chromosomal Mapping	Linkage and crossing over, Cytological basis of crossing over, Models of recombination; Two factor and three factor crosses, Interference and coincidence, Somatic cell hybridization.	CSO 2.1: To define linkage and learn about the concept of linkage. (K) CSO 2.2: To understand the different types of linkages with examples. (U) CSO 2.3: To define crossing over and learn about its types. (K+U) CSO 2.4: To gain information on the factors influencing crossing over and its significance. (U) CSO 2.5: To understand the cytological basis of crossing over. (U+A) CSO 2.6: To understand the concept of two factor and three factor crosses. (U) CSO 2.7: To learn about the molecular mechanism of recombination. (U) CSO 2.8: To differentiate between conservative and site-specific recombination. (U) CSO 2.9: To explain and understand the Holliday model of recombination. (U) CSO 2.10: To learn about double strand break model of recombination. (U) CSO 2.11: To define somatic hybridisation, understand the steps involved and its	9	20	

		applications. (K+U+A)			
Unit 3: Mutations	Types of gene mutations (Classification), Types of chromosomal aberrations; Molecular basis of mutations in relation to UV light and chemical mutagens; Detection of mutations: CLB method, attached X method.	CSO 3.1: Introduction to mutation and its definition. (K) CSO 3.2: To learn about the types of mutation. (U) CSO 3.3: To learn about the molecular basis of gene mutation. (U) CSO 3.4: To learn about the importance of gene mutation. (U) CSO 3.5: To learn the concept of chromosomal aberrations. (K) CSO 3.6: To understand the different types of structural chromosomal aberration with examples. (U) CSO 3.7: To learn about the types of numeral chromosomal aberrations with examples. (U) CSO 3.8: To learn the molecular basis of gene mutation. (U) CSO 3.9: To study about the different physical agents that causes mutation. (U) CSO 3.10: To learn about the different types of chemical agents that causes gene mutation. (U) CSO 3.11: To learn about the different methods for detecting gene mutation. (U+A)	9	20	
Unit 4: Sex Determination, Extra- chromosomal Inheritance and Polygenic Inheritance	Chromosomal mechanisms of sex determination in Drosophila and Man; Criteria for extra- chromosomal inheritance, Mitochondrial	CSO 4.1: To define sex determination and understand the concept. (K) CSO 4.2: To gain information on chromosomal sex determination. (U) CSO 4.3: To learn about environmental sex determination. (U) CSO 4.4: To study sex	9	20	

[1		,
	mutations in	determination in Drosophila.			
	Saccharomyces,	(U)			
	Infective	CSO 4.5: To study sex			
	heredity in	determination in humans. (U)			
	Paramecium and	CSO 4.6: To understand the			
	Maternal effects;	concept of extra chromosomal			
	Polygenic	inheritance. (K)			
	inheritance with	CSO 4.7: To learn the criteria			
	an example.	for extra chromosomal			
	_	inheritance. (U)			
		CSO 4.8: To study about			
		plastid inheritance in			
		Mirabilis jalapa. (U)			
		CSO 4.9: To learn about			
		cytoplasmic male sterility in			
		maize. (U)			
		CSO 4.10: To understand			
		maternal effect in snail. (U)			
		CSO 4.11: To study			
		mitochondrial mutation in			
		Saccharomyces with			
		examples.			
		(U) ¹			
		CSO 4.12: To learn about			
		infective inheritance in			
		Paramecium. (U)			
		CSO 4.13: To study			
		polygenic inheritance and			
		their characteristics and			
		examples. (U)			
Unit 5:	Conjugation,	CSO 5.1: To learn the	9	20	
Recombination		concept of conjugation in	-		
in Bacteria	Transduction in	bacteria. (K)			
and Viruses	Bacteriophage;	CSO 5.2: To learn about the			
and	Transposons in	different types of plasmids.			
Transposable	bacteria,	(K)			
Genetic	Transposons in	CSO 5.3: To understand the			
Elements	humans.	mechanism of conjugation			
		and the different components.			
		(U)			
		CSO 5.4: To study the steps			
		of and applications of			
		bacterial conjugation. (U+A)			
		CSO 5.5: To understand the			
		concept of transformation. (K)			
		CSO 5.6: To understand the			
		principle and mechanism of			
		bacterial transformation. (U)			
		CSO 5.7: To learn the steps			
	1	ese contro tourn the steps	1		

72

involved in bacterial		
transformation. (U)		
CSO 5.8: To study Griffiths		
experiment as a model for		
bacterial transformation. (U)		
CSO 5.9: To define and learn	1	
the concept of transduction.		
(K+U)		
CSO 5.10: To differentiate		
between lytic and lysogenic		
cyles. (U)		
CSO 5.11: To learn about the	•	
different types of		
transductions and the steps		
involved. (U)		
CSO 5.12: To study about th	e	
types of transposons in		
humans. (U)		
CSO 5.13: To learn about the		
different types of transposons		
in bacteria. (U)		
	transformation. (U) CSO 5.8: To study Griffiths experiment as a model for bacterial transformation. (U) CSO 5.9: To define and learn the concept of transduction. (K+U) CSO 5.10: To differentiate between lytic and lysogenic cyles. (U) CSO 5.11: To learn about the different types of transductions and the steps involved. (U) CSO 5.12: To study about the types of transposons in humans. (U) CSO 5.13: To learn about the different types of transposons	transformation. (U) CSO 5.8: To study Griffiths experiment as a model for bacterial transformation. (U) CSO 5.9: To define and learn the concept of transduction. (K+U) CSO 5.10: To differentiate between lytic and lysogenic cyles. (U) CSO 5.11: To learn about the different types of transductions and the steps involved. (U) CSO 5.12: To study about the types of transposons in humans. (U) CSO 5.13: To learn about the different types of transposons

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE Number of Credit Number of Hours of Lecture : PRINCIPLES OF GENETICS, ZOC 6.4 (P) : 01

: 30

PRACTICALS

50 Marks

- 1. Chi-square analysis of the law of segregation using coins.
- 2. Linkage maps based on data from *Drosophila* crosses.
- 3. Study of human karyotype (normal and abnormal).
- 4. Pedigree analysis of some human inherited traits.
- 5. Chi-square analysis of the law of independent assortment using beads

SUGGESTED READINGS

1. Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J., Snustad, D.P. (2008). *Principles of Genetics*. VIII Edition. Wiley India

2. Snustad, D.P., Simmons, M.J. (2009). *Principles of Genetics*. V Edition. John Wiley and Sons Inc

3. Klug, W.S., Cummings, M.R., Spencer, C.A. (2012). *Concepts of Genetics*. X Edition. Benjamin Cummings

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE): REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY (ZOC 7.1)Number of Credit: 03Number of Hours of Lecture: 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Reproductive Biology:**

CO 1:	To make the students understand the gonadal hormones, mechanism of hormone action and sex differentiation.
CO 2:	To make students understand the functional anatomy of the male reproductive system.
CO 3:	To make students understand the functional anatomy of the female reproductive system.
CO 4:	To impart knowledge to the students about fertilization in human
CO 5:	To impart knowledge to the students about infertility in males and females, assisted reproductive technologies and modern contraceptive techniques.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objectives (CSOs)	Lecture Hours	Marks	LOs
UNIT 1	Gonadal	CSO 1.1: to explain about Gonadal	10	22	
Reproductive	hormones and	hormones. (U)			
Endocrinolog	mechanism of	CSO 1.2: to describe about the			
У	hormone action,	mechanism of hormone			
	steroids,	Action. (K)			
	glycoprotein	CSO 1.3: to explain on steroids. (U)			
	hormones, and	CSO 1.4: to explain on glycoprotein			
	prostaglandins,	hormones. (U)			
	hypothalamo –	CSO 1.5: to explain on			
	hypophyseal –	prostaglandins. (U)			
	gonadal axis,	CSO 1.6: To discuss about			
	regulation of	hypothalamo – hypophyseal –			
	gonadotrophin	gonadal axis. (U)			
	secretion	CSO 1.7: to describe the regulation			
	in male and	of gonadotrophin secretion in male			
	female;	and female. (K)			
	Reproductive	CSO 1.8: to explain on the			
	System:	Reproductive System. (U)			
	Development	CSO 1.9: to elucidate the			
	and	development of gonads. (A)			
	differentiation of	CSO 1.10: to understand the			
	gonads,	differentiation of gonads. (U)			
	mechanism	CSO 1.11: to elaborate on the			
	of sex	mechanism of sex differentiation.			
	differentiation.	(U)			

UNIT 2 Functional anatomy of male reproduction	Histology of male reproductive system in human; Testis: Cellular functions; Spermatogenesis : kinetics and hormonal regulation; Androgen synthesis and metabolism; Epididymal function and sperm maturation; Accessory glands functions; Sperm transportation in male tract.	CSO 2.1: To outline the histology of male reproductive system in human. (K) CSO 2.2: To outline the histology of male reproductive system in rat. (K). CSO 2.3: To discuss Spermatogenesis, its kinetics and hormonal regulation. (U). CSO 2.4: To explain hormonal regulation of spermatogenesis. (U) CSO 2.5: To describe Androgen synthesis. (K) CSO 2.6: To describe metabolism of Androgen synthesis. (K) CSO 2.7: To explain the epididymal function. (U) CSO 2.8: to elaborate on sperm maturation. (U) CSO 2.9: To describe the accessory glands functions. (K) CSO 2.10: to illustrate sperm transportation in male tract. (K)	10	22
UNIT 3 Functional anatomy of female reproduction	Histology of female reproductive system in human; Ovary: folliculogenesis, ovulation, corpus luteum formation and regression; Steroidogenesis and secretion of ovarian hormones; Reproductive cycles (rat and human) and their regulation.	 CSO 3.1: To outline histology of female reproductive system in human. (K) CSO 3.2: To outline histology of female reproductive system in rat. (K) CSO 3.3: To explain on folliculogenesis, ovulation, corpus luteum formation and regression. (U) CSO 3.4: To explain on Steroidogenesis. (U) CSO 3.5: to describe the secretion of ovarian hormones. (K) CSO 3.6: To elaborate on the reproductive cycles of rat and their regulation. (U) CSO 3.7: To summarize on the reproductive cycles of human and their regulation. (A) 	8	18
UNIT 4 Fertilization	Ovum transport in the fallopian tubes; Sperm transport in the female tract, fertilization;	CSO 4.1: to explain ovum transport in the fallopian tube. (U) CSO 4.2: to explain sperm transport in the female tract and fertilization. (U) CSO 4.3: to describe the hormonal	8	18

	Hormonal control of implantation; Hormonal regulation of gestation, foeto – maternal relationship; Mechanism of parturition; Lactation.	control of implantation. (K) CSO 4.4: to describe the hormonal regulation of gestation, foeto – maternal relationship. (K) CSO 4.5: to describe the hormonal regulation of foeto – maternal relationship. (K) CSO 4.6: to explain on the mechanism of parturition. (U) CSO 4.7: to explain on the mechanism of lactation. (U)			
UNIT 5 Reproductive Health	Infertility in male and female: causes, diagnosis and management; Assisted Reproductive Technology: sex selection, sperm banks, frozen embryos, in vitro fertilization, ET, EFT, IUT, ZIFT, GIFT, ICSI, PROST; Modern contraceptive technologies; Demographic terminology used in family planning.	CSO 5.1: to explain on infertility in male - causes diagnostics and management. (U) CSO 5.2: to explain on infertility in female - causes diagnostics and management. (U) CSO 5.3: to define Assisted Reproductive Technology. (K) CSO 5.4: to explain on sex selection, sperm banks, (U) CSO 5.5: to explain on frozen embryo and in vitro fertilization. (U) CSO 5.6: to explain on ET, EFT. (U) CSO 5.7: to explain on IUT, ZIFT, GIFT. (U) CSO 5.8: to explain on ICSI, PROST. (U) CSO 5.9: to discuss on modern contraceptive technologies and its Demographic terminology used in family planning. (U)	9	20	

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE: REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY, ZOC 7.1 (P)Number of Credit: 01Number of Hours of Lecture: 30

PRACTICAL

50 Marks

1. Study of animal house: set up and maintenance of animal house, breeding techniques, care of normal and experimental animals.

2. Examination of vaginal smear from live rats.

3. Surgical techniques: principles of surgery in endocrinology- Ovariectomy and castration in rats.

4. Examination of histological sections from photomicrographs/ permanent slides of rat: testis, epididymis and accessory glands of male reproductive systems; Sections of ovary, fallopian tube, uterus (proliferative and secretory stages), cervix and vagina.

5. Sperm count and sperm motility in rat.

6. Study of modern contraceptive devices

SUGGESTED READINGS:

• Austin, C.R. and Short, R.V. reproduction in Mammals. Cambridge University Press.

- Degroot, L.J. and Jameson, J.L. (eds). Endocrinology. W.B. Saunders and Company.
- Knobil, E. et al. (eds). The Physiology of Reproduction. Raven Press Ltd.

• Hatcher, R.A. et al. The Essentials of Contraceptive Technology. Population Information

: ENDOCRINOLOGY (ZOC 7.2) : 03

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Endocrinology:**

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CO 1:	To have developed understanding on introduction to endocrinology
CO 2:	To have developed basic knowledge about pineal gland
CO 3:	To inculcate knowledge about the pituitary gland
CO 4:	To have developed the understanding of the peripheral endocrine glands
CO 5:	To impart knowledge about the regulation of hormone action

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objectives (CSOs)	Lecture Hours	Marks	LOs
UNIT 1 Introduction to Endocrinolo gy	History of endocrinology, Classification, Characteristic and Transport of Hormones, Neurosecretion s and Neurohormone s	CSO 1.1: to discuss about the history of endocrinology. (U) CSO 1.2: to define hormone. (K) CSO 1.3: to explain on the classification of hormones. (U) CSO 1.4: to explain on the characteristics of hormones. (U) CSO 1.5: to explain on the transport of hormones. (U) CSO 1.6: to explain on neurosecretions and neurohormones. (U) CSO 1.7: to explain on neurohormones. (U)	9	20	
UNIT 2 Pineal gland	Structure of pineal gland, Secretions and their functions in biological rhythms and reproduction. Structure of hypothalamus, Hypothalamic nuclei and their functions,	 CSO 2.1: to describe the structure of pineal gland. (K) CSO 2.2: to explain the secretions of pineal gland. (U) CSO 2.3: to discuss the functions of pineal gland in biological rhythms. (U) CSO 2.4: to discuss the functions of pineal gland in reproduction. (U) CSO 2.5: to describe the structure of hypothalamus and its function. (K) CSO 2.6: to describe the structure of 	9	20	

	Regulation of neuroendocrine glands, Feedback mechanisms	hypothalamic nuclei and its function. (K) CSO 2.7: to discuss on the regulations of neuroendocrine glands. (U) CSO 2.8: to explain on the feedback mechanism of the neuroendocrine glands. (U)			
UNIT 3 Pituitary gland	Structure of pituitary gland, Hormones and their functions, Hypothalamo- hypophysial portal system, Disorders of pituitary gland	CSO 3.1: to describe the structure of the pituitary gland. (K) CSO 3.2: to explain on hormones and their functions. (U) CSO 3.3: to explain on Hypothalamo-hypophysial portal System. (U) CSO 3.4: to discuss on the disorders of pituitary gland. (U)	6	14	
UNIT 4 Peripheral Endocrine Glands	Structure, Hormones, Functions and Regulation of Thyroid gland, Parathyroid, Adrenal, Pancreas, Ovary and Testis Hormones in homeostasis	CSO 4.1: to define peripheral endocrine glands. (K) CSO 4.2: to describe the structure of thyroid gland. (K) CSO 4.3: to explain on the function and regulations of the thyroid gland. (U) CSO 4.4: to describe the structure of the parathyroid gland. (K) CSO 4.5: to explain on the function and regulations of the parathyroid gland. (U) CSO 4.6: to describe the structure of the adrenal gland(K) CSO 4.7: to explain on the function and regulations of the adrenal gland. (U) CSO 4.8: to describe the structure of the pancreas. (K) CSO 4.9: to explain on the function and regulations of the pancreas. (U) CSO 4.10: to describe the structure of the ovary. (K) CSO 4.11: to explain on the function and regulations of the Dvary. (U) CSO 4.12: to describe Testis hormone in homeostasis. (K)	12	26	

UNIT 5 Regulation of Hormone Action	Hormone action at Cellular level: Hormone receptors, transduction and regulation; Hormone action at Molecular level: Molecular mediators, Genetic control of hormone action.	CSO 5.1: to describe hormone action at cellular level. (K) To explain about Hormone action at Cellular level CSO 5.2: To discuss about hormone receptors, transduction and regulation. (U) CSO 5.3: To describe the hormone action at Molecular level. (K) CSO 5.4: To explain about the Molecular mediators. (U) CSO 5.5: To explain the Genetic control of hormone action. (U)	9	20	
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NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE Number of Credit Number of Hours of Lecture : ENDOCRINOLOGY, ZOC 7.2 (P)

: 01 : 30

PRACTICAL

50 Marks

- 1. Dissect and display of Endocrine glands in laboratory bred rat
- 2. Study of the permanent slides of all the endocrine glands
- 3. Demonstration of hypophysectomy in fishes.
- 4. Designing of primers of any hormone/gene.
- 5. Demonstration of thyroidectomy in rats/mice.
- 6. Demonstration of adrenalectomy in rats/mice

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. General Endocrinology C. Donnell Turner Pub- Saunders Toppan
- 2. Endocrinology: An Integrated Approach; Stephen Nussey and Saffron Whitehead. Oxford: BIOS Scientific Publishers; 2001.
- 3. Hadley, M.E. and Levine J.E. 2007. Endocrinology, 6th Edition. Pearson Prentice-Hall, Pearson Education Inc., New Jersey.
- 4. Vertebrate Endocrinology by David O. Norris,

: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (RM 7)

: 03 : 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Research Methodology

CO 1:	To understand the concept of research and types of research.
CO 2:	To acquire knowledge about various research designs.
CO 3:	To learn about different methods of data collection, analysis and biological problems.
CO 4:	To learn the art of scientific writing and its presentation.
CO 5:	To be aware of various ethical issues relating to research.

UNIT 1 Foundations of ResearchMeaning, Objectives, MethodsCSO 1.1: To explain about Meaning, Objectives, Motivation of research (U). CSO 1.2: To discuss about Research614Mendology, Types of Quantitative Applied.Kesearch Research (U). CSO 1.3: To explain types of Research (U). CSO 1.4: to define Analytical research. (U) CSO 1.5: to explain descriptive research. (U) CSO 1.6: To compare Analytical and Descriptive, (CSO 1.6: To compare Analytical and Descriptive, (CSO 1.6: To compare Analytical and Descriptive, (CSO 1.7: to analyse Quantitative and Qualitative. (A) CSO 1.8: to contrast basic and Applied research. (A)920UNIT 2Need for research design: Features of good design, Important concepts related to good design-Observation and Facts, Prediction and Facts, Prediction and Facts, Prediction and Facts, Prediction and Explanation, Development of Models. Developing a research plan: Problem Problem identification,CSO 2.4: to understand the developing a research plan. (U) CSO 2.6: To explain the920	Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objective	Lecture	Marks	LOs
Foundations of ResearchMotivation: Research MethodsMeaning, Objectives, Motivation of research (U). CSO 1.2: To discuss about Research Methods and Methodology (U). CSO 1.3: To explain types of Research (U). CSO 1.4: to define Analytical research (U). CSO 1.5: to explain descriptive research. (U) CSO 1.6: To compare Analytical and Descriptive, CSO 1.7: to analyse Quantitative and Qualitative. (A) CSO 1.8: to contrast basic and Applied920UNIT 2Need for research design: Features of good design, Important concepts related to good design-Observation and Facts, Prediction and Explanation, Development of Models. Developing a research plan: Problem identification,Neaning, Objectives, Motivation of research (U). CSO 1.2: To discuss about CSO 1.4: to define Analytical research (U) CSO 1.6: To compare Analytical and Descriptive, CSO 1.7: to analyse Quantitative and Qualitative. (A) CSO 1.8: to contrast basic and Applied research. (A)UNIT 2Need for research design: Features of good design, Important concepts related to good design, Observation and Facts, Prediction and Explanation, Development of Models. Developing a research plan. (CSO 2.6: To explain the920			(CSOs)	Hours		
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DesignImportant concepts related to good design-Observation and Facts, Prediction and Explanation, Development of Rodels. Developing a research plan: Problem identification,Features of good design. (U) CSO 2.3: To illustrate important concepts related to good design- Observation and Facts, Prediction and Explanation. (A) CSO 2.4: to understand the development of Models. (U).CSO 2.5: To explain about developing a research plan. (U) identification,CSO 2.6: To explain the		design: Features of	for research design (U)			
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related to good design-Observation and Facts, Prediction and Explanation, Development of Models. Developing a research plan: Problem identification, CSO 2.3: To illustrate important concepts related to good design- Observation and Facts, Prediction and Explanation. (A) CSO 2.4: to understand the development of Models. (U). CSO 2.5: To explain about developing a research plan. (U) CSO 2.6: To explain the	Design		Features of good design. (U)			
design-Observation and Facts, Prediction and Explanation, Development of Prediction and Explanation. (A)concepts related to good design- Observation and Facts, Prediction and Explanation. (A)Development of Models. Developing a research plan: Problem identification,CSO 2.4: to understand the development of Models. (U).CSO 2.5: developing a research plan. (U) identification,CSO 2.6: CSO 2.6: To explain the	U		U			
and Facts, Prediction and Explanation, Development of Models. Developing a research plan:Observation and Facts, Prediction and Explanation. (A) CSO 2.4: to understand the 		e	_			
andExplanation, DevelopmentPrediction and Explanation. (A) CSO 2.4: to understand the development of Models. (U).aresearchplan: DroblemProblemCSO 2.5: developing a research plan. (U) CSO 2.6:CSO 2.6: To explain the		e				
Developmentof Models.CSO2.4:to understandthe development of Models.aresearchplan:CSO2.5:Toexplainabout developing a research plan.Problem identification,CSO2.6:Toexplainthe		,	,			
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a research Problemplan:CSO 2.5:To explain about developing a research plan. (U)identification,CSO 2.6:To explain the		-				
Problemdeveloping a research plan. (U)identification,CSO 2.6: To explain the		1 0	1			
identification, CSO 2.6: To explain the		1	1			
-						
		Experimentation,	Problem identification,			

	Determining experimental and sample designs.	CSO 2.7: to solve problems relating to Experimentation. (A) CSO 2.8: to determine experimental and sample designs. (A)		
UNIT 3 Data Collection, Analysis and Biological problems	ObservationandCollectionofData:Methodsofdatacollection-SamplingMethods,DataProcessingandAnalysisStrategies.Imagingoftissuespecimensandapplicationofscalebars.bars.Theareas,Modelorganismsinbiologyesearchareas,Modelorganismsinbiology,Biochemistry,MolecularBiology,CellBiology,Genomics.Stalogy,	Observation and Collection of Data (U). CSO 3.2: To discuss about methods of data collection. (U) CSO 3.3: To explain the imaging of tissue specimens and field photography. (U) CSO 3.4: to discuss about the key biology research areas, Model	12	26
UNIT 4 The art of scientific writing and its presentation	Numbers, units, abbreviations and nomenclature used in scientific writing.	and nomenclature used in scientific writing (U). CSO 4.2: to describe technical reports(K) CSO 4.3: to define thesis writing (K)	9	20
UNIT 5	Intellectual property	CSO 5.1: To explain about	7	16

Ethical	Rights,	Intellectual property Rights. (U).	
Issues	Commercialization,	CSO 5.2: To discuss about	
	Copy Right, Royalty,	Commercialization, Copy Right,	
	Patent law	Royalty, Patent law (U).	
	Plagiarism, Citation,	CSO 5.3: To describe about	
	Acknowledgement.	Plagiarism, Citation and	
		Acknowledgement. (U).	

50 Marks

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY, RM 7 (P)
Number of Credit	: 01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRACTICAL

- 1. Experiments based on chemical calculations.
- 2. Experiments based on research design.
- 3. The art of imaging of samples through foldscope and field photography.
- 4. Poster making on defined topics.
- 5. Technical writing on topics assigned.

SUGGESTED READINGS

• Anthony, M, Graziano, A.M. and Raulin, M.L. 2009. Research Methods: A Process of Inquiry, Allyn and Bacon.

• Walliman, N. 2011. Research Methods- The Basics. Taylor and Francis, London, New York.

• Wadhera, B.L.: Law Relating to Patents, Trade Marks, Copyright Designs and Geographical Indications, 2002, Universal Law publishing.

- C.R.Kothari: Research Methodology, New Age International, 2009
- Coley, S.M. and Scheinberg, C.A. 1990, "Proposal writing". Stage Publications.

82

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)	: Biology of Insecta (ZOC 8.1)
Number of Credit	: 03
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 45

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Biology of Insecta**:

CO1:	To attain a solid foundation in insect biology, including general entomology, basic
	systematic and biodiversity.
CO2:	To gain information on the morphology of insects.
CO3:	To understand the unique anatomical and physiological characteristics features of insects.
CO4:	To conduct studies related to all aspects of ecology related to insect-borne diseases.
CO5:	To carry out studies on the identification and taxonomy of vectors and evaluate the status of
	the associated group of insects.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course specific outcome (CSOs)	Lecture Hours	Marks	LOs
Unit 1: Introduction and Insect Taxonomy	General Features of Insects; Distribution and Success of Insects on the Earth; Basis of insect classification; Classification of insects up to orders.	CSO 1.1: Introduction to insects. (K) CSO 1.2: To understand the basis of classification of insects. (U) CSO 1.3: To classify insecta up to orders. (K) CSO 1.4: To study the characteristic features of the subclass apterygota. (K+U) CSO 1.5: To study the features of insect orders ephemeroptera, odonota, orthoptera, dicyoptera, phasmida and plecopters. (K+U) CSO 1.6: To learn the features of isoptera, zoraptera, embioptyera, dermaptera, pscoptera. (K+U) CSO 1.7: To study the features of mallophaga, aneupleura, thysanoptera, hemiptera and Grylloblattoidea. (K+U) CSO 1.8: To study the features of Neuroptera, Coleoptera, Strepsiptera, Mecoptera and Trichoptera. (K+U) CSO 1.9: To study the features of Lepidoptera, Hymenoptera, Diptera and Siphonaptera. (K+U) CSO 1.10: To study the different reasons for the success of insects. (U)	9	20	

Unit 2.	Extornal Easternation	CSO 21. Introduction to different	0	20	
Unit 2:	External Features;		9	20	
General	Head – Eyes,				
Morphology	Types of	5			
of Insects	antennae, Mouth	1			
	parts w.r.t.	CSO 2.3: To learn about the			
	feeding habits;	structure of thorax of insects. (K)			
	Thorax: Wings	•			
	and wing	wings. (U)			
	articulation,	CSO 2.5: To study the structure of			
	Types of Legs				
	adapted to diverse	CSO 2.6: To study the structure of			
	habitat;	male and female genitalia of			
	Abdominal	insects. (K+U)			
	appendages and				
	genitalia.	of insect legs. (K)			
		CSO 2.8: To differentiate the			
		types of legs of insects. (U)			
		CSO 2.9: To discuss the structure			
		and types of mouthparts of insects.			
		(K+U)			
		CSO 2.10: To discuss the			
		structure and types of antennae of			
		insects. (K+U)			
Unit 3:	Structure and	CSO 3.1: To learn the basics of	9	20	
Physiology	physiology of:	integumentary system of insects.			
of Insects:	Integumentary,	(K)			
body	Digestive,	CSO 3.2: To discuss the structure			
systems	Excretory,	of insect cuticle. (K)			
	Circulatory,	CSO 3.3: To discuss the			
	Respiratory and	1			
	Reproductive	CSO 3.4: To study different			
	systems.	integument modifications. (U)			
		CSO 3.5: To discuss the digestive			
		system of insects. (U)			
		CSO 3.6: To discuss the			
		movement of food through insect			
		gut. (U)			
		CSO 3.7: To learn about the			
		excretory system of insects. (U)			
		CSO 3.8: To discuss the			
		circulatory system of insects. (U)			
		CSO 3.9: To discuss the			
		respiratory system of insects. (U)			
		CSO 3.10: To discuss the male			
		reproductive system of insects.			
		(U)			
		CSO 3.11: To discuss the female			
		reproductive system of insects.			
		(U)			

TI 4	Cture of the second sec	CCO 41. Later desting t	0	20
Unit 4:	Structure and		9	20
Physiology	function:	endocrine system of insects. (K)		
of Insects:	Endocrine and	CSO 4.2: To discuss and learn		
endocrine	nervous system;	about the different cells and		
systems and	Sensory receptors	glands of endocrine system of		
sensory	Growth and	insects. (K+U)		
receptors	metamorphosis	CSO 4.3: Introduction to nervous		
		system of insects. (K)		
		CSO 4.4: To learn about the		
		central nervous system of insects.		
		(U)		
		CSO 4.5: To study the stomodeal		
		nervous system of insects. (U)		
		CSO 4.6: Introduction to sensory		
		receptors of insects. (K)		
		CSO 4.7: To discuss the different		
		types of receptors in insects. (U)		
		CSO 4.8: To study the different		
		types of metamorphosis in insects.		
		(K+U)		
		CSO 4.9: To learn the concept of		
		endocrine control of moulting in		
		insects. (U)		
		CSO 4.10: To discuss the		
		characteristics of moulting		
		hormones in insects. (U)		
Unit 5:	Group of social	CSO 5.1: Introduction to social	9	20
Insect	insects and their	life in insects. (K)		
Society and	social life; Social	CSO 5.2: To discuss the different		
Insects as	organization and			
Vectors	social behaviour			
	(w.r.t. any one	characteristics of social insects.		
	example);	(U)		
		CSO 5.4: To discuss the		
	mechanical and			
	biological vectors,	1 5		
	-	CSO 5.5: To discuss the social		
	on houseflies and			
	mosquitoes as			
	important insect			
	vectors.	CSO 5.7: To learn the concept of		
	voctors.	swarming and formation of new		
		colonies in bees. (U)		
		CSO 5.8: To discuss the social		
		atministra of anta (11)		
		structure of ants. (U)		
		CSO 5.9: To learn the concept of		

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: Biology of Insecta, ZOC 8.1 (P)
Number of Credit	:01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRACTICAL

50 Marks

- 1. Study of different kinds of antennae, legs and mouth parts of insects.
- 2. Morphological studies of various castes of Apis.
- *3.* Study of any insect pests and their damages.
- 4. Study of any three beneficial insects and their products.
- 5. Study of insect spiracles.
- 6. Field study of insects and submission of a project report on the insect diversity.

SUGGESTED READINGS

1. A general text book of entomology, Imms, A. D., Chapman & Hall, UK

- 2. The Insects: Structure and function, Chapman, R. F., Cambridge University Press, UK
- 3. Principles of Insect Morphology, Snodgrass, R. E., Cornell Univ. Press, USA

4. Introduction to the study of insects, Borror, D. J., Triplehorn, C. A., and Johnson, N. F., M Saunders College Publication, USA

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE) Number of Credit Number of Hours of Lecture : PARASITOLOGY (ZOC 8.2) : 03

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the course objectives for the paper Parasitology

	wing are the course objectives for the puper rarastology
CO 1	To provide students with knowledge concerning biological, epidemiological and ecological
	aspects of parasites causing diseases to humans.
CO 2	To enable students to understand the pathogenesis, clinical presentations and complications
	of parasitic diseases.
CO 3	To enable students to reach diagnosis and know the general outline of treatment,
	prevention and control of parasitic platyhelminth's infections.
CO 4	To enable students to reach diagnosis and know the general outline of treatment,
	prevention and control of parasitic nematodes infections.
CO 5	To make the students aware of importance of controlling parasitic arthropoda and
	vertebrates.

: 45

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objective	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		(CSOs)	Hours		
Unit 1:	Brief introduction	1	5	12	
Introduction to	of Parasitism,				
Parasitology	Parasite, Parasitoid				
	and Vectors	,			
	(mechanical and	Parasitoid and Vectors and			
	biological vector),	discuss its matters			
	Host parasite	(mechanical and biological			
	relationship	vector). (K+U)			
		CSO 1.3: To explain about			
		host parasite relationship.			
		(U)			
Unit 2:	Study of	CSO 2.1: To study about	10	22	
Parasitic	Morphology, Life-	Morphology, Life Cycle,			
Protists	Cycle, Prevalence,	Prevalence, Epidemiology of			
	Epidemiology,	Entamoeba histolytica. (U)			
	Pathogenicity,	CSO 2.2: To Study the			
	Diagnosis,	Pathogenicity, Diagnosis,			
	Prophylaxis and	Prophylaxis and Treatment			
	Treatment of				
	Entamoeba	CSO 2.3: To study about			
	histolytica, Giardia	Morphology, Life Cycle,			
	<i>intestinalis</i> and	Prevalence, Epidemiology of			
	Leishmania	Giardia intestinalis (U)			
	donovani.	CSO 2.4: To study the			
		Pathogenicity, Diagnosis,			
		Prophylaxis and Treatment			
		of Giardia intestinalis (U)			
		CSO 2.5: To study about			

		Morphology, Life Cycle,		
		Prevalence, Epidemiology of		
		Leishmania donovani (U)		
		CSO 2.6: To study about the		
		Pathogenicity, Diagnosis,		
		Prophylaxis and Treatment		
		of Leishmania donovani. (U)		
Unit 3:	Study of	CSO 3.1: To Study about	9	20
Parasitic	Morphology, Life	Morphology, Life Cycle,		
Platyhelminthes	Cycle, Prevalence,	Prevalence, Epidemiology of		
-	Epidemiology,	Fasciolopsis buski (U)		
	Pathogenicity,	CSO 3.2: To study the		
	Diagnosis,	Pathogenicity, Diagnosis,		
	Prophylaxis and			
	Treatment of			
	Fasciolopsis buski,	CSO 3.3: To Study about		
	Schistosoma	Morphology, Life Cycle,		
	haematobium and	1 00 0		
	Taenia solium.	Schistosoma haematobium		
	Tuenta sottant.	(<i>U</i>)		
		CSO 3.4: To study the		
		Pathogenicity, Diagnosis,		
		Prophylaxis and Treatment		
		of Schistosoma haematobium		
		(U)		
		CSO 3.5: To Study about		
		Morphology, Life Cycle,		
		Prevalence, Epidemiology of		
		Taenia solium. (U)		
		CSO 3.6: To study the		
		Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxic and Trastment		
		Prophylaxis and Treatment		
TT •4 4-	Ctor day	of Taenia solium. (U)	10	2(
Unit 4:	Study of	CSO 4.1: To Study about	12	26
Parasitic	Morphology, Life	Morphology, Life Cycle,		
Nematodes	Cycle, Prevalence,	Prevalence, Epidemiology of		
	Epidemiology,	Wucheria bancrofti (U)		
	Pathogenicity,	CSO 4.2: To study about		
	Diagnosis,	Pathogenicity, Diagnosis,		
	Prophylaxis and	1 V		
	Treatment of	5 ()		
	Wuchereria	CSO 4.3: To Study about		
	<i>bancrofti</i> and	Morphology, Life Cycle,		
	Trichinella spiralis.	Prevalence, Epidemiology of		
	Study of structure,	Trichinella spiralis. (U)		
	life cycle and	CSO 4.4: To study about		
	importance of	Pathogenicity, Diagnosis,		
	Meloidogyne (root	Prophylaxis and Treatment		
	knot nematode),	of Trichinella spiralis. (U)		

	<i>Pratylencus</i> (lesion nematode).	CSO 4.5: To Study about structure, life cycle and importance of Meloidogyne (root knot nematode), Pratylencus (lesion nematode). (U)		
Unit 5:	Biology,	CSO 5.1: To explain about	9	20
Parasitic	importance and	Biology, importance and		
Arthropoda	control of ticks,	control of ticks, Pediculus		
and	Pediculus humanus	humanus (head and body		
Vertebrates		louse), Xenopsylla cheopis and Cimex lectularius (U) CSO 5.2: To give a brief account of parasitic		

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE Number of Credit Number of Hours of Lecture : PARASITOLOGY, ZOC 8.2 (P)

: 30

:01

PRACTICAL

50 Marks

1. Study of life stages of *Entamoeba histolytica*, *Trypanosoma gambiense*, *Leishmania donovani* through permanent slides/micro photographs.

2. Study of adult and life stages of *Fasciolopsis buski* and *Taenia solium* through permanent slides/micro photographs.

3. Study of adult and life stages of *Wuchereria bancrofti* and *Trichinellaspiralis* through permanent slides/micro photographs.

4. Study of plant parasitic root knot nematode, *Meloidogyne* from the soil sample.

5. Study of *Pediculus humanus* (Head louse and Body louse), *Xenopsylla cheopis* and *Cimex lectularius* through permanent slides/ photographs.

6. Study of nematode/cestode parasites from the intestines of Poultry bird. [Intestine can be procured from poultry/market as a by-product.

7. Submission of a brief report on external parasites of economically important mammals.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

• Arora, D. R and Arora, B. (2001) Medical Parasitology. II Edition. CBS Publications and Distributors

• Parija, S. C. Textbook of medical parasitology, protozoology & helminthology (Text and colour Atlas), II Edition, All India Publishers & Distributers, Medical Books Publishers, Chennai, Delhi

• K. D. Chatterjee (2009). Parasitology: Protozoology and Helminthology. XIII Edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors (P) Ltd.

: FISH AND FISHERIES (ZOC- 8.3)

: 03 : 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Fish and Fisheries:

CO 1:	To make the students understand the general classification of Fishes and its habitat.
CO 2:	To make students understand the different morphology and physiology which will help them to identify fish species.
CO 3:	To inculcate knowledge in students about different types of fisheries its law and regulations
CO 4:	To impart knowledge to the students about different aquaculture techniques
CO 5:	To have developed the understanding of fish diseases and processing of fish.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objectives (CSOs)	Lecture Hours	Marks	LOs
UNIT 1 Introduction and Classificatio n	General description of fish; Account of systematic classification of fishes (up to classes); Classification based on feeding habit, habitat and manner of reproduction.	CSO 1.1: to characterize the general classification of Fishes up to classes. (U) CSO 1.2: to enumerate the classification of fishes based on feeding habit. (K) CSO 1.3: to describe the habitat of fishes (K) CSO 1.4: to describe the manner of reproduction in fishes	8	18	
UNIT 2 Morphology and Physiology	Types of fins and their modifications; Locomotion in fishes; Types of Scales, Use of scales in Classification and determination of age of fish; Gills and gas	CSO 2.1: to classify the different types of fins and their modifications. (U) CSO 2.2: to explain the locomotion in fishes. (U) CSO 2.3: to list out the type of scales in fishes. (K) CSO 2.4: to identify the classification of fish age through scales. (A) CSO 2.5: to outline the different types of gills and gas exchange in	10	22	

	exchange; Swim Bladder: Types and role in Respiration; Osmoregulation in Elasmobranchs; Reproductive strategies (special reference to Indian fishes); Electric organs; Parental care; Migration	 fish. (K) CSO 2.6: to elaborate on the role of swim bladder in fishes for respiration. (U) CSO 2.7: to discuss on the osmoregulation in Elasmobranchs. (U) CSO 2.8: to explain the electric organ in fishes. (U) CSO 2.9: to describe parental care in fishes. (K) CSO 2.10: to discuss on the migration in fishes. (U) 			
UNIT 3 Fisheries	Inland Fisheries; Marine Fisheries; Fishing crafts and Gears; Depletion of fisheries resources; Application of remote sensing and GIS in fisheries; Fisheries law and regulations	 CSO 3.1: to define Inland fisheries and Marine fisheries. (K) CSO 3.2: to explain the different types of fishing crafts and gears. (U) CSO 3.3: to discuss on the depletion of resources in fisheries. (U) CSO 3.4: to explain the application of remote sensing and GIS in fisheries. (U) CSO 3.5: to discuss on the fisheries law and regulations. (U) 	9	20	
UNIT 4 Aquaculture	Sustainable Aquaculture; Extensive, semi- intensive and intensive culture of fish; Pen and cage culture; Polyculture; Composite fish culture; Induced breeding of fish; Preparation and maintenance of fish aquarium; Preparation of compound diets for fish; Role of	CSO 4.1: to define sustainable aquaculture. (K) CSO 4.2: to explain on the Extensive, semi-intensive and intensive culture of fish. (U) CSO 4.3: to explain on the Pen and cage culture in fish. (U) CSO 4.4: to explain on polyculture in fishes. (U) CSO 4.5: to explain on the Composite culture in fish. (U) CSO 4.6: to describe induced breeding in fish. (K) CSO 4.7: to explain on the preparation and maintenance of fish aquarium. (U) CSO 4.8: to explain on the preparation of compound diets for fish. (U)	9	20	

	water quality in aquaculture.	CSO 4.9: to disuss on the role of water quality in aquaculture. (U)			
UNIT 5 Fish diseases and processing of fish	Bacterial, viral and parasitic; Preservation and processing of harvested fish, Fishery by- products	CSO 5.1: To describe the bacterial diseases in Fish. (K) CSO 5.2: To explain on the viral diseases in Fish. (U) CSO 5.3: To explain on the parasitic diseases in Fish. (U) CSO 5.4: To discuss on the preservation and processing of harvested fish. (U) CSO 5.5: To describe on fishery by - products. (K)	9	20	

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: FISH AND FISHERIES, ZOC- 8.3 (P)
Number of Credit	: 01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRACTICAL

50 Marks

- 1. Study of Petromyzon, Myxine, Pristis, Chimaera, Exocoetu, Hippocampus, Gambusia, Labeo, Heteropneustes, Anabas.
- 2. Morphometric and meristic characters of fishes.
- 3. Study of different types of scales (through permanent slides/ photographs).
- 4. Study of indigenous fish catching gears and methods.
- 5. Water quality criteria for Aquaculture: Assessment of pH, conductivity, Total solids, Total dissolved solids
- 6. Submission of a brief report on hill stream fishes.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Q Bone and R Moore, Biology of Fishes, Talyor and Francis Group, CRC Press, U.K.
- 2. D. H. Evans and J. D. Claiborne, The Physiology of Fishes, Taylor and Francis Group, CRC Press, UK
- 3. von der Emde, R.J. Mogdans and B.G. Kapoor. The Senses of Fish: Adaptations for the Reception of Natural Stimuli, Springer, Netherlands.
- 4. C.B.L. Srivastava, Fish Biology, Narendra Publishing House.
- 5. S.S. Khanna and H.R. Singh, A text book of Fish Biology and Fisheries, Narendra Publishing House

INTER DISCIPLINARY MINOR PAPERS (IDM)

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)	: Biology of Non-Chordates I (ZOM 1)
Number of Credit	: 03
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs):

The follow	ing are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Biology of Non-Chordates I:
CO 1	Learn about various aspects of Protista and Parazoa
CO 2	Understand about Porifera world
CO 3	To classify and understand Cnidaria
CO 4	To inculcate among the students about classification, characters and pathogenicity of
	Platyhelminthes.
CO 5	To inculcate among the students about classification, characters and parasitic adaptation of
	Nemathelminths.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course specific outcome (CSOs)	Lecture Hours	Marks	LOs
Unit 1:	General characteristics	CSO 1.1: To explain the	14	30	
Protista and	and classification up	general characteristics of		00	
Parazoa	to classes; Study of	Protista and Parazoa. (U)			
- ur uzou	Euglena, Amoeba and	CSO 1.2: To classify			
	Paramecium. Life-	Protista and Parazoa up to			
	cycle and	classes. (U)			
	pathogenicity of	CSO 1.3: To explain about			
	Plasmodium vivax.	Euglena. (U)			
	Nutrition, Locomotion	CSO 1.4: To explain about			
	and Reproduction in	Amoeba. (U)			
	Protista	CSO 1.5: To explain about			
		Paramecium. (U)			
		CSO 1.6: To explain about			
		the Life-cycle and			
		pathogenicity of Plasmodium			
		vivax. (U)			
		CSO 1.7: To understand about			
		Nutrition in Protista. (U)			
		CSO 1.8: To explain			
		Locomotion in Protista. (U)			
		CSO 1.9: To describe about			
		Reproduction in Protista. (K)			
Unit 2:	General characteristics	CSO 2.1: To explain about	7	16	
Porifera	and classification up	the general characteristics and			
	to classes;	classification of Porifera up to			
	Canal system and	classes;(U)			
	spicules in sponges	CSO 2.2: To explain about the			
	(Sycon)	different types Canal system			
		(U)			

-				
		CSO 2.3: To define Spicules		
		and explain the different types		
		of spicules in sponges (K+U)		
		CSO 2.4: To illustrate the		
		economic importance of		
		sponges. (A)		
Unit 3:	General characteristics	CSO 3.1: To explain about the	9	20
Cnidaria	and classification up	general characteristics and		
	to classes;	classification of Cnidaria up to		
	Polymorphism in	classes (U)		
	Cnidaria. Corals and	CSO 3.2: To explain about		
	Coral reefs	Polymorphism in Cnidaria. (U)		
		CSO 3.3: To define Corals and		
		Coral reefs. (K)		
		CSO 3.4: To explain the		
		different types of coral reefs		
		(U)		
		CSO 3.5: To illustrate the		
		economic importance of Coral		
		reefs in everyday life. (A)		
Unit 4:	General characteristics	CSO 4.1: To explain about	6	14
Platyhelmin	and classification up	general characteristics and		
thes	to orders;	classification of		
	Life-cycle and	Platyhelminthes up to		
	pathogenicity of	orders(U)		
	Fasciola hepatica	CSO 4.2: To explain about the		
		Life-cycle of Fasciola		
		hepatica. (U)		
		CSO 4.3: To explain about		
		pathogenicity of Fasciola		
	~	hepatica. (U)		
Unit 5:	General characteristics	CSO 5.1: To explain about the	9	20
Nemathelmi	and classification up	general characteristics and		
nthes	to classes;Life-cycle	classification of		
	and pathogenicity of	Nemathelminthes up to classes		
	Ascaris			
	lumbricoidesParasitic	CSO 5.2: To explain about		
	adaptation in	the Life-cycle of Ascaris		
	helminthes	lumbricoides (U)		
		CSO 5.3: To explain about the		
		Parasitic-adaptation in		
		helminthes. (U)		
		CSO 5.4: To explain about the		
		pathogenicity of Ascaris		
		lumbricoides (U)		

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: Biology of Non-Chordates I, ZOM 1 (P)
Number of Credit	: 01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRACTICALS

50 Marks

- 1. Study of whole mount of Euglena, Amoeba and Paramecium, Binary fission and conjugation in Paramecium
- 2. Study of Sycon (T.S and L.S), Hyalonema, spongilla
- 3. Study of Physalia, Millepora, Aurelia, Tubipora, Corallium, Alcyonium, Gorgonia, Metridium, Pennatula, Meandrina, Madrepora
- 4. Study of adult Fasciola hepatica and their life-cycle (Slides/micro-photographs)
- 5. Study of Ascaris lumbricoides and its life stages (Slides/ micro-photographs)

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Barnes, R.S.K., Calow, P., Olive, P. J. W., Golding, D.W. and Spicer, J.I. (2002)
- 2. E.L. JORDAN and P.S. VERMA Invertebrate Zoology

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)	: Biology of Non-Chordates II (ZOM 2)
Number of Credit	: 03
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 45

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Biology of Non-Chordates II**:

CO 1	To help students understand the meaning of Coelomates and its Evolution					
CO 2	To make students understand the differences between Excretion and Locomotion in					
	Annelida.					
CO 3	To learn about the social life of different insects					
CO 4	To make students aware about the characteristics and morphological features of diverse					
	animals.					
CO 5	To make students understand the different types of water-vascular systems in					
	Echinodermata.					

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course specific outcome (CSOs)	Lecture	Marks	LOs
			Hours		
Unit 1:	Evolution of	CSO 1.1: To explain about	4	10	
Introduction to	Coelom and	Evolution of Coelom(U)			
Coelomates	Metamerism.	CSO 1.2: To explain about			
		Metamerism (U)			
Unit 2:	General	CSO 2.1: To explain about the	6	14	
Annelida	Characteristics	general Characteristics and			
	and	classification of Annelida up to			
	classification up	classes. (U)			
	to classes;	CSO 2.2: To explain about			
	Excretion and	Excretion in Annelida (U)			
	locomotion in	CSO 2.3: To explain about			
	Annelida.	locomotion in Annelida (U)			
Unit 3:	General	CSO 3.1: To explain about the	12	26	
Arthropoda	characteristics	general characteristics and			
	and	classification of Arthropoda up to			
	classification up	classes. (U)			
	to classes;	CSO 3.2: To explain about			
	Respiration in	respiration in Arthropoda (U)			
	Arthropoda	CSO 3.3: To explain about			
	Metamorphosis	metamorphosis in Insects (U)			
	in Insects;	CSO 3.4: To explain about social			
	Social life in	life in Bees(U)			
	Bees and	CSO 3.5: To study about social			
	Termites.	life of Termites. (U)			
Unit 4:	General	CSO 4.1: To explain about	14	30	
Mollusca	characteristics	general characteristics and			
	and	classification up to classes(U)			
	classification up	CSO 4.2: To explain about			

97

	to classes; Respiration in Mollusca Torsion and Detorsion in Gastropods Pearl formation in Bivalves	respiration in Mollusca (U) CSO 4.3: To explain about Torsion and Detorsion in Gastropods (U) CSO 4.4: To explain about Pearl formation in Bivalves (U)		
Unit 5: Echinodermata	General characteristics and classification up to classes; Water- vascular system in Asteroidea Larval forms in Echinodermata.	CSO 5.1: To explain about the general characteristics and classification of Echinodermata up to classes. (U) CSO 5.2: To define Water- vascular system in Asteroidea and its functions. (K) CSO 5.3: To study the different types of water-vascular system in Asteroidea. (U) CSO 5.4: To explain about Larval forms in Echinodermata. (U)	9	20

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE Number of Credit Number of Hours of Lecture : Biology of Non-Chordates II, ZOM 2 (P)

- : 01
- : 30

PRACTICAL

- 1. Study of following specimens:
 - Annelids- Aphrodite, Nereis, Heteronereis, Sabella, Serpula, Chaetopterus, Pheritima, Hirudinaria

Arthropoda- Limulus, Palamnaeus, Palaemon, Balanus, Sacculina, Scolopendra, Julus, Peripatus.

Mollusca- Chiton, Dentalium, Pila, Doris, Helix, Unio, Pinctada, Sepia, Nautilus

Echinodermates- Pentaceros/Asterias, Clypeaster, Echinus, Cucumaria and Antedon

- 2. Study of digestive system, Septal nephridia and pharyngeal nephridia of earthworm
- 3. T.S. through pharynx, gizzard, and typhlosolar intestine of earthworm

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 4. Ruppert and Barnes, R.D. (2006). Invertebrate Zoology, VIII Edition. Holt Saunders International Edition
- 5. Barnes, R.S.K., Calow, P., Olive, P.J.W., Golding, D.W. and Spicer, J.I. (2002). The Invertebrates; A New Synthesis, III Edition, Blackwell Science
- 6. Barrington, E.J.W. (1979). Invertebrate Structure and Functions. II Edition, E.L.B.S. and Nelson

50 Marks

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)	: Life of Chordates (ZOM 3)
Number of Credit	: 03
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 45

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Life of Chordates:

CO 1	To provide scope and historical background of chordates.
CO 2	To impart knowledge regarding basic concepts of origin of chordates and to make the
	students understand the characteristics and classification of animals with notochord.
CO 3	To help the students differentiate between Pisces and Amphibian.
CO 4	To help the students differentiate between Reptiles and Aves
CO 5	To create interest among students by understanding various mechanisms involved in
	thriving survival of the animals within their geographical realms.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course specific outcome (CSOs)	Lecture Hours	Marks	LOs
Unit 1: Introduction to chordates and Protochordata	General characteristics and outline classification of Chordates General characteristics of Hemichordata, Urochordata and Cephalochordata Study of larval forms in Protochordates	CSO 1.1: To explain about the general characteristics and outline classification of Chordates (U) CSO 1.2: To explain about the general characteristics of Hemichordata, Urochordata and Cephalochordata. (U) CSO 1.3: To define Protochordates and explain about the larval forms in Protochordates. (K+U)	9	20	
Unit 2: Origin of Chordata and Agnatha	Echinoderm theory of origin of chordates; Advanced features of vertebrates over Protochordata; General characteristics and classification of Cyclostomes up to class	CSO 2.1: To explain about Echinoderm theory of origin of chordates (U) CSO 2.2: To explain about advanced features of vertebrates over Protochordata (U) CSO 2.3: To explain about general characteristics and classification of Cyclostomes up to class (U)	9	20	
Unit 3: Pisces and Amphibia	General characteristics of Chondrichthyes	CSO 3.1: To explain about general characteristics of Chondrichthyes and Osteichthyes	9	20	

	and Osteichthyes, Classification up to orders; Migration, Osmoregulation and Parental care in Fishes.General characteristics and classification up to orders; Parental care in Amphibians	 and Classification up to orders. (U) CSO 3.2: To explain about Migration and its types in fishes. (U) CSO 3.3: To explain Osmoregulation in fishes. (u) CSO 3.4: To explain Parental care in Fishes. (U) CSO 3.5: To explain about general characteristics and classification of amphibia up to orders (U) CSO 3.6: To explain about Parental care in Amphibians (U) 			
Unit 4: Reptilia and Aves	General characteristics and classification up to order; Poison apparatus and Biting mechanism in snakes. General characteristics and classification up to order; Flight adaptation and Migration in birds.	CSO 4.1: To explain about General characteristics and classification of Reptilia up to order. (U) CSO 4.2: To explain about Poison apparatus and Biting mechanism in snakes. (U) CSO 4.3: To explain about general characteristics and classification of Aves up to order (U) CSO 4.4: To explain about Flight adaptation in birds. (U) CSO 4.5: To explain about Migration in birds. (U	9	20	
Unit 5: Mammals and Zoogeography	General characteristics and classification up to order; Affinities of Prototheria; Zoographical realms, Theories pertaining to distribution of animals, Continental drift theory, Distribution of vertebrates in different realms.	CSO 5.1: To explain about general characteristics and classification of Mammals. (U) CSO 5.2: To explain the Affinities with Prototheria. (U) CSO 5.3: To explain about Zoographical realms. (U) CSO 5.4: To explain the Theories pertaining to distribution of animals. (U) CSO 5.5: To explain Continental drift theory. (U) CSO 5.6: To explain the Distribution of vertebrates in different realms. (U)	9	20	

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: Life of Chordates, ZOM 3 (P)
Number of Credit	: 01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRACTICAL

50 Marks

- 1. Protochordata: Balanoglossus, Herdmania, Permanent slides of Herdmania spicules
- 2. Agnatha: Petromyzon, Myxine
- **3. Fishes:** Scoliodon, Sphyrna, Pristis, Torpedo, Chimaera, Heteropneustes, Labeo, Hippocampus, Tetradon, Anabas
- 4. Amphibia: Ichthyophis, Necturus, Bufo, Hyla, Alytes, Salamandra
- **5. Reptilia:** Chelone, Hemidactylus, Varanus, Bungarus, Vipera, Naja, Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes
- 6. Aves: Study of six common birds from different orders. Types of beaks and claws
- 7. Mammalia: Sorex, Funambulus, Loris, Herpestes, Erinaceous.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Young, J.Z. (2004). The life of Vertebrates III Edition. Oxford university press.
- 2. Pough H. Vertebrate life, VIII Edition, Pearson International.
- 3. Darlington P.J. The geographical Distribution of Animals, R.E. Krieger Pub Co.

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)	: Animal Physiology-I (ZOM 4)
Number of Credit	: 03
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 45

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Animal Physiology-I:
 CO1: To integrate an understanding on the reproductive system and their hormonal control.
 CO2: To provide students with a basic understanding of the structure and functions of different types of tissues.
 CO3: To study the fundamental processes and mechanisms that serve and control the various functions of the body such as neurons.
 CO4: To explore the basic physiological principles common to animals, relating to structure and functions of muscular system.
 CO5: To provide a course of study on the endocrine system and the interactions between physiological systems.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course specific outcome (CSOs)	Lecture	Marks	LOs
T T 1 4	a		Hours	• •	
Unit 1:	Structure,	CSO 1.1: To learn about the	9	20	
Tissues, Bone	classification and	different types of tissues in			
and	functions of	animals. (K)			
Cartilage	epithelial tissue,	CSO 1.2: To learn about the			
	connective	structure of epithelial tissue. (K)			
	tissue, muscular	CSO 1.3: To differentiate the			
	tissue and	different types of epithelial tissues			
	nervous tissue;	and their functions. (U)			
	Structure and	CSO 1.4: To learn about the			
	types of bones	structure of connective tissue. (K)			
	and cartilages,	CSO 1.5: To differentiate the			
	Ossification and	different types of connective			
	resorption.	tissues and their functions. (U)			
	Ĩ	CSO 1.6: To gain knowledge on			
		the structure of muscular tissue.			
		(K)			
		CSO 1.7: To learn and understand			
		the different type of muscular			
		tissues and their functions. (U)			
		CSO 1.8: To study about the			
		structure, types and functions of			
		nervous tissue. (K+U)			
		CSO 1.9: To study about the			
		structure and types of cartilage.			
		(K)			
		CSO 1.10: To learn about bones			
		and its types. (K)			
		CSO 1.11: To gain information on			
		the concept of ossification. (U)			
	l	the concept of ossification. (U)			

		CSO 1.12: To understand the		
		process of bone resorption. (U)		
Unit 2:	Structure of	CSO 2.1: To define neuron and	9	20
Nervous	neuron, resting	understand its structure. (K+U)		
System	membrane	CSO 2.2: To differentiate the		
v	potential, Origin	different types of neurons and their		
	of action	functions. (U)		
	potential and its	CSO 2.3: To understand the		
	propagation	resting membrane potential of		
	across nerve	neurons. (U)		
	fibers;	CSO 2.4: To learn the concept of		
	Types of	action potential of neuron. (U)		
	synapses;	CSO 2.5: To understand the		
	Synaptic	concept of synapses in neurons.		
	transmission	(U)		
	and,	CSO 2.6: To learn about the		
	Neuromuscular	concept of reflex action, reflex arc.		
	junction; Reflex	(K)		
	action and its	CSO 2.7: To learn about the		
	types - reflex	mechanism of reflex action and its		
	arc.	significance. (U+A)		
	arc.	CSO 2.8: To gain information on		
		the structure of mammalian ear		
		and its functions and working.		
		(K+U)		
		CSO 2.9: To learn about the		
		structure and working of		
		mammalian eye. (K+U)		
Unit 3:	Histology of	CSO 3.1: To learn the basics of	9	20
Muscle	Histology of different types of	muscle tissue and its types. (K)	9	20
wiuscie	muscle; Ultra	CSO 3.2: To learn about the		
	, í			
	structure of	structure and function of skeletal $(K + II)$		
	skeletal muscle; Molecular and	muscle. (K+U) CSO 3.3: To learn the structure		
	chemical basis of	and function of smooth muscle. $(K + U)$		
	muscle	(K+U) CSO 3.4: To understand the		
	contraction;			
	Characteristics	structure and function of cardiac		
	of muscle twitch;	muscle. (K+U)		
	Motor unit,	CSO 3.5: To learn about the		
	summation and	ultrastructure of skeletal muscle.		
	tetanus;			
	Physiology of	CSO 3.6: To understand the		
	hearing and	mechanism of muscle contraction.		
	vision.			
		CSO 3.7: To learn the concept of		
		muscle twitch and the stages		
		involved. (K+U)		
		CSO 3.8: To gain information on		1

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		motor unit, wave summation.			
		(K+U)			
		CSO 3.9: To understand the			
		phenomenon of tetanus and its			
		types. (K+U)			
Unit 4:	Histology of	CSO 4.1: To learn the basic	9	20	
Reproductive	testis and ovary;	concepts of reproductive system			
System	Physiology of	and its importance. (K)			
	male and female	CSO 4.2: To learn the basics of			
	reproduction;	the male reproductive system. (K)			
	Methods of	CSO 4.3: To learn about the			
	contraception in	structure and histology of testes.			
	male and female.	(K+U)			
		CSO 4.4: To gain information and			
		learn on the hormonal control of			
		testicular function. (U)			
		CSO 4.5: To learn the basics of			
		the female reproductive system.			
		CSO 4.6: To learn about the			
		structure and histology of ovary.			
		(K+U)			
		CSO 4.7: To learn about			
		gametogenesis- spermatogenesis			
		and oogenesis. (U)			
		CSO 4.8: To understand the			
		structure of sperm and ovum. (U)			
		CSO 4.9: To learn and understand			
		the menstrual cycle. (U)			
		CSO 4.10: To gain information			
		and learn on the endocrine control			
		of menstrual cycle. (U)			
		CSO 4.11: To learn about			
		different contraceptives methods			
		used. (U+A) CSO 4.12: To learn about the			
		concept of medical termination of program $(U \mid A)$			
Init 5.	Histology of	pregnancy. (U+A) CSO 5.1: To gain information on	9	20	
Unit 5: Endocrine	Histology of	-	У У	20	
	endocrine glands	endocrine glands. (K)			
System	- pineal,	CSO 5.2: To study and understand			
	pituitary,	the structure of hypothalamus and $(K \mid U)$			
	thyroid,	pituitary gland. (K+U) CSO 5.3: To learn about the			
	parathyroid,				
	pancreas,	different hormones secreted by			
	adrenal;	pituitary gland. (K+U)			
	Hypothalamus	CSO 5.4: To study about the			
	(neuroendocrine	structure, hormones secreted and			
	gland) - control	functions of pineal gland. (K+U)			

of endocrine	CSO 5.5: To learn about the		
system.	structure, hormones and functions		
	of thyroid gland. (K+U)		
	CSO 5.6: To study about the		
	structure, hormones and functions		
	of parathyroid gland. (K+U)		
	CSO 5.7: To learn about the		
	structure, hormones and regulation		
	of blood sugar by pancreas. (K+U)		
	CSO 5.8: To learn about the		
	structure, hormones and functions		
	of adrenal gland. (K+U)		
	CSO 5.9: To understand the		
	hypothalamic control of pituitary		
	gland. (U)		

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: Animal Physiology-I, ZOM 4 (P)
Number of Credit	: 01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRACTICALS

- 1. Recording of simple muscle twitch with electrical stimulation (or Virtual)
- 2. Demonstration of the unconditioned reflex action (Deep tendon reflex such as knee jerk reflex)
- 3. Preparation of temporary mounts: Squamous epithelium, Striated muscle fibres and nerve cells
- 4. Study of permanent slides of Mammalian skin, Cartilage, Bone, Spinal cord, Nerve cell, Pituitary, Pancreas, Testis, Ovary, Adrenal, Thyroid and Parathyroid
- 5. Microtomy: Preparation of permanent slide of any five mammalian (Goat/white rat) tissues

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Guyton, A.C. & Hall, J.E. (2006). Textbook of Medical Physiology. XI Edition. Hercourt Asia PTE Ltd. /W.B. Saunders Company.
- Tortora, G.J. & Grabowski, S. (2006). Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. XI Edition John Wiley & sons
- 3. Victor P. Eroschenko. (2008). diFiore's Atlas of Histology with Functional correlations. XII Edition. Lippincott W. & Wilkins.

50 Marks

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)	: Animal Physiology-II (ZOM 5)
Number of Credit	: 03
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 45

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Animal Physiology-II:

CO1:	To study about the structural organization and functions of gastrointestinal tract and the
	process of digestion and absorption.
CO2:	To give knowledge on the physiology of respiration.
CO3:	To give information on the physiology of excretory system and its mechanism.
CO4:	To study about the structural organization of heart and its components.
CO5:	To give knowledge on the mechanism of circulatory system and its importance.

Physiology of Digestion	Structural organization and functions of gastrointestinal tract; Digestion and absorption of	(CSOs) CSO 1.1: To learn about the concept of digestion and absorption. (K) CSO 1.2: To gain information on the different types of	Hours 9	20	
Physiology of Digestion	organization and functions of gastrointestinal tract; Digestion	concept of digestion and absorption. (K) CSO 1.2: To gain information	9	20	
	nutrients; Hormonal control of secretion of enzymes in Gastrointestinal tract.	nutrients and their digestion and absorption. (K+U) CSO 1.3: To learn and understand the structural organization of the digestive tract. (K+U) CSO 1.4: To learn about the different enzymes involved in the process of digestion. (K+U) CSO 1.5: To understand how carbohydrates are digested and absorbed. (U) CSO 1.6: To learn how proteins are digested and absorbed. (U) CSO 1.7: To understand how fats are digested and absorbed. (U) CSO 1.8: To learn about the neural control of digestion. (U) CSO 1.9: To learn and understand how hormones			
Unit 2:	Histology of	control the secretion of enzymes in the gastrointestinal tract. (U) CSO 2.1: To learn about the	9	20	

		1			
Physiology of	trachea and lungs;	basics of respiration and its			
Respiration	Mechanism of	types. (K)			
	respiration;	CSO 2.2: To learn about the			
	Dissociation	structure of the respiratory tract.			
	curves and factors	(K)			
	influencing it;	CSO 2.3: To differentiate			
	Carbon monoxide	between external and internal			
	poisoning; Control	respiration. (U)			
	of respiration	CSO 2.4: To understand the			
	1	mechanism of breathing. (U)			
		CSO 2.5: To learn about the			
		mechanism of respiration. (U)			
		CSO 2.6: To learn the concept			
		of oxygen dissociation curve.			
		(K+U)			
		CSO 2.7: To study the transport			
		of oxygen from lungs to tissues.			
		(U)			
		CSO 2.8: To understand the			
		transport of carbon dioxide from			
		tissue to the lungs. (K+U)			
		CSO 2.9: To learn and gain			
		information on carbon monoxide			
		poisoning. (K+U)			
		CSO 2.10: To learn about the			
		different factors influencing or			
		controlling the process of			
		respiration. (K+U)			
Unit 3: Renal	Structure of	CSO 3.1: To learn the basics of	9	20	
Physiology	kidney and its	kidney and its functions. (K)			
	functional unit;	CSO 3.2: To learn about the			
	Mechanism of	structure of kidney. (K)			
	urine formation;	CSO 3.3: To learn about the			
	Regulation of	structure of a nephron. (K)			
	water balance	CSO 3.4: To learn about the			
		mechanism of urine formation.			
		(U)			
		CSO 3.5: To study and			
		understand the countercurrent			
		system of kidneys. (U)			
		CSO 3.6: To learn the concept			
		of osmoregulation. (K)			
		CSO 3.7: To understand the			
		maintenance of water balance by			
		kidneys. (K+U)			
		CSO 3.8: To learn about the			
		maintenance of electrolyte			
		balance by kidney. (K+U)			
		CSO 3.9: To learn about the			

		hormonal control of renal			
		function. (U)			
Unit 4: Blood	Components of	CSO 4.1: To learn about the	9	20	
0	blood and their	basics of blood. (K)	-		
	functions;	CSO 4.2: To learn about the			
	Structure and	different components of blood.			
	functions of	(K)			
	Haemoglobin	CSO 4.3: To gain information			
	Blood groups: Rh	on the functions of the different			
	factor, ABO and	components of blood. (U)			
	MN	CSO 4.4: To understand the			
	Haemostasis:	structure of Haemoglobin and its			
	Blood clotting	functions. (K+U)			
	system;	CSO 4.5: To learn about the			
	Haemopoiesis	different types of blood groups.			
		(K+U)			
		CSO 4.6: To learn the concept			
		of Rh factor and MN. (K)			
		CSO 4.7: To understand the			
		concept of haemostasis. (U)			
		CSO 4.8: To learn about the			
		mechanism of blood clotting and			
		the steps involved. (K+U)			
		CSO 4.9: To learn about			
	~	haemopoisis. (K+U)		• •	
Unit 5:	Coronary	CSO 5.1: To learn the basics of	9	20	
Physiology of	circulation;	heart and the circulatory system.			
Heat	Structure and				
	working of	CSO 5.2: To understand the			
	conducting	structure of heart. (U) CSO 5.3: To learn about the			
	myocardial fibers				
	Electrocardiogram, Blood Pressure	different vessels and the circulation of blood through it.			
	and Its regulations,	e			
	Cardiac cycle,	(U) CSO 5.4: To learn and			
	Cardiac output and	understand the different types of			
	its regulations.	circulation. (K+U)			
	its regulations.	CSO 5.5: To understand the			
		concept of cardiac cycle. (U)			
		CSO 5.6: To learn about the			
		regulation of heartbeat. (K+U)			
		CSO 5.7: To define and			
		understand the working of ECG.			
		(K+U)			
		CSO 5.8: To learn about blood			
		pressure and the factors that			
		control it. (K+U)			
	1	. ,			
		CSO 5.9: To understand the			

	CSO 5.10: To gain information		
	on the regulation of cardiac		
	cycle. (U)		

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: Animal Physiology-II, ZOM 5 (P)
Number of Credit	: 01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRACTICALS

- 1. Determination of ABO Blood group and Rh factor
- 2. Estimation of haemoglobin using Sahli's haemoglobinometer
- 3. Preparation of haemin crystals
- 4. Recording of blood pressure using a sphygmomanometer
- 5. Examination of sections of mammalian Oesophagus, Stomach, Duodenum, Ileum, rectum, liver, trachea, lung, kidney.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Guyton, A.C. & Hall, J.E. (2006). Textbook of Medical Physiology. XI Edition. Hercourt Asia PTE Ltd. W.B. Saunders Company.
- 2. Tortora, G.J. & Grabowski, S. (2006). Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. XI Edition John Wiley & sons,
- 3. Victor P. Eroschenko (2008). diFiore's Atlas of Histology with Functional correlations. XII Edition. Lippincott W. & Wilkins.

108

50 Marks

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)	: Reproductive Biology of Animals (ZOM 6)
Number of Credit	: 03
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs):

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Reproductive Biology of Animals**:

CO1:	To make the students understand gonadal hormones, mechanism of hormone action and
	sex differentiation.
CO2:	To make students understand the functional anatomy of the male reproductive system.
CO3:	To make students understand the functional anatomy of the female reproductive system.
CO4:	To impart knowledge to the students about fertilization in human.
CO5:	To impart knowledge to the students about infertility in males and females, assisted
	reproductive technologies and modern contraceptive techniques.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course specific outcome (CSOs)	Lecture	Marks	LOs
			Hours		
Unit 1	Gonadal	CSO 1.1: to explain about	10	22	
Reproductive	hormones and	Gonadal hormones. (U)			
Endocrinology	mechanism of	CSO 1.2: to describe about the			
	hormone action,	mechanism of hormone			
	steroids,	Action. (K)			
	glycoprotein	CSO 1.3: to explain on steroids,			
	hormones, and	glycoprotein hormones, and			
	prostaglandins,	prostaglandins. (U)			
	hypothalamo –	CSO 1.4: To discuss about			
	hypophyseal –	hypothalamo – hypophyseal –			
	gonadal axis,	gonadal axis. (U)			
	regulation of	CSO 1.5: to describe the			
	gonadotrophin	regulation of gonadotrophin			
	secretion in	secretion in male and female. (K)			
	male and female;	CSO 1.6: to explain on the			
	Reproductive	Reproductive System,			
	System:	Development and differentiation			
	Development	of gonads. (U)			
	and	CSO 1.7: to elaborate on the			
	differentiation of	mechanism of sex differentiation.			
	gonads,	(U)			
	mechanism of				
	sex				
	differentiation.				
UNIT 2	Histology of	CSO 2.1: To outline the histology	10	22	
Functional	male	of male reproductive system in			
anatomy of	reproductive	human. (K)			
male	system in human;	CSO 2.2: To outline the histology			
reproduction	Testis: Cellular	of male reproductive system in rat.			
	functions;	(K).			
	Spermatogenesis:	CSO 2.3: To discuss			
	kinetics and	Spermatogenesis, its kinetics and			

	1 1	1 1 1			
	hormonal	hormonal regulation. (U).			
	regulation;	CSO 2.4: To describe Androgen			
	Androgen	synthesis and its metabolism. (K)			
	synthesis and	CSO 2.5: To explain the			
	metabolism;	epididymal function and sperm			
	Epididymal	maturation. (U)			
	function and	CSO 2.6: To describe the			
	sperm	accessory glands functions and			
	maturation;	sperm transportation in male tract.			
	Accessory glands	(K)			
	functions; Sperm				
	transportation in				
	male tract.				
Unit 3	Histology of	CSO 3.1: To outline histology of	8	18	
Functional	female	female reproductive system in			
Anatomy of	reproductive	human. (K)			
Female	system in human;	CSO 3.2: To outline histology of			
Reproduction	Ovary:	female reproductive system in rat.			
	folliculogenesis,	(K)			
	ovulation, corpus	CSO 3.3: To explain on			
	luteum formation	folliculogenesis, ovulation, corpus			
	and regression;	luteum formation and regression.			
	Steroidogenesis	(U)			
	and secretion of	CSO 3.4: To explain on			
	ovarian	Steroidogenesis. (U)			
	hormones;	CSO 3.5: to describe the secretion			
	Reproductive	of ovarian hormones. (K)			
	cycles (rat and	CSO 3.6: To elaborate on the			
	human) and their	reproductive cycles of rat and			
	regulation.	their regulation. (U)			
	1080101011	CSO 3.7: To elaborate on the			
		reproductive cycles of human and			
		their regulation. (U)			
Unit 4	Ovum transport	CSO 4.1: to explain ovum	8	18	
Fertilization	in the fallopian	transport in the fallopian tube. (U)	0	10	
- •• •••••••••	tubes; Sperm	CSO 4.2: to explain sperm			
	transport in the	transport in the female tract and			
	female tract,	fertilization. (U)			
	fertilization;	CSO 4.3: to describe the			
	Hormonal	hormonal control of implantation.			
	control of	(K)			
	implantation;	CSO 4.4: to describe the			
	Hormonal	hormonal regulation of gestation,			
	regulation of	foeto – maternal relationship. (K)			
	gestation, foeto –	CSO 4.5: to describe the			
	maternal	hormonal regulation of foeto –			
	relationship;	maternal relationship. (K)			
	Mechanism	CSO 4.6: to explain on the			
	of parturition;	mechanism of parturition. (U)			
	of parturnion,	incentation of participation. (0)			

	Lactation.	CSO 4.7: to explain on the			
		mechanism of lactation. (U)			
Unit 5	Infertility in male	CSO 5.1: to explain on infertility	9	20	
Reproductive	and female:	in male - causes diagnostics and			
Health	causes, diagnosis	management. (U)			
	and	CSO 5.2: to explain on infertility			
	management;	in female - causes diagnostics and			
	Assisted	management. (U)			
	Reproductive	CSO 5.3: to define Assisted			
	Technology: sex	Reproductive Technology. (K)			
	selection, sperm	CSO 5.4: to explain on sex			
	banks, frozen	selection, sperm banks, (U)			
	embryos, in vitro	CSO 5.5: to explain on frozen			
	fertilization, ET,	embryo and in vitro fertilization.			
	EFT, IUT, ZIFT,	(U)			
	GIFT, ICSI,	CSO 5.6: to explain on ET, EFT.			
	PROST; Modern	(U)			
	contraceptive	CSO 5.7: to explain on IUT,			
	technologies;	ZIFT, GIFT. (U)			
	Demographic	CSO 5.8: to explain on ICSI,			
	terminology used	PROST. (U)			
	in family	CSO 5.9: to discuss on modern			
	planning.	contraceptive technologies and its			
		Demographic terminology used in			
		family planning. (U)			

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: Reproductive Biology of Animals, ZOM 6 (P)
Number of Credit	: 01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRACTICAL

50 Marks

1. Study of animal house: set up and maintenance of animal house, breeding techniques, care of normal and experimental animals.2. Examination of vaginal smear rats from live animals.

3. Surgical techniques: principles of surgery in endocrinology- Ovarectomy, castration and vasectomy in rats.

4. Examination of histological sections from photomicrographs/ permanent slides of rat: testis, epididymis and accessory glands of male reproductive systems; Sections of ovary, fallopian tube, uterus (proliferative and secretory stages), cervix and vagina.

5. Sperm count and sperm motility in rat.

6. Study of modern contraceptive devices

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Austin, C.R. and Short, R.V. reproduction in Mammals. Cambridge University Press.

2. Degroot, L.J. and Jameson, J.L. (eds). Endocrinology. W.B. Saunders and Company.

3. Knobil, E. et al. (eds). The Physiology of Reproduction. Raven Press Ltd.

4. Hatcher, R.A. et al. The Essentials of Contraceptive Technology. Population Information

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)	: Introductory Endocrinology
Number of Credit	: 03
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs):

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Introductory Endocrinology:

CO1:	To have developed understanding on introduction to endocrinology
CO2:	To have developed basic knowledge about pineal gland
CO3:	To inculcate knowledge about the pituitary gland
CO4:	To have developed the understanding of the peripheral endocrine glands
CO5:	To impart knowledge about the regulation of hormone action

(ZOM 7)

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course specific outcome (CSOs)	Lecture	Marks	LOs
			Hours		
Unit 1:	History of	CSO 1.1: to discuss about the	9	20	
Introduction	endocrinology,	history of endocrinology. (U)			
to	Classification,	CSO 1.2: to define hormone. (K)			
Endocrinology	Characteristic	CSO 1.3: to explain on the			
	and Transport	classification of hormones. (U)			
	of Hormones,	CSO 1.4: to explain on the			
	Neurosecretions	characteristics of hormones. (U)			
	and	CSO 1.5: to explain on the			
	Neurohormones	transport of hormones. (U)			
		CSO 1.6: to explain on			
		neurosecretions and			
		neurohormones. (U)			
Unit 2:	Structure of	CSO 2.1: to describe the structure	9	20	
Pineal gland	pineal gland,	of pineal gland. (K)	-		
0	Secretions and	CSO 2.2: to explain the			
	their functions	secretions of pineal gland. (U)			
	in biological	CSO 2.3: to discuss the functions			
	rhythms and	of pineal gland in biological			
	reproduction.	rhythms. (U)			
	Structure of	CSO 2.4: to discuss the functions			
	hypothalamus,	of pineal gland in reproduction.			
	Hypothalamic	(U)			
	nuclei and their	CSO 2.5: to describe the structure			
	functions,				
	,	of hypothalamus and its function.			
	Regulation of	(K) CSO 2 (a ta dagariha tha atmatura			
	neuroendocrine	CSO 2.6: to describe the structure			
	glands,	of hypothalamic nuclei and its			
	Feedback	function. (K)			
	mechanisms	CSO 2.7: to discuss on the			
		regulations of neuroendocrine			
		glands. (U)			
		CSO 2.8: to explain on the			

		feedbeels meehonism of the		
		feedback mechanism of the		
U:4 2	Cture et 6	neuroendocrine glands. (U)	(14
Unit 3:	Structure of	CSO 3.1: to describe the structure	6	14
Pituitary	pituitary gland,	of the pituitary gland. (K)		
gland	Hormones and	CSO 3.2: to explain on hormones		
	their functions,	and their functions. (U)		
	Hypothalamo-	CSO 3.3: to explain on		
	hypophysial	Hypothalamo-hypophysial portal		
	portal system,	System. (U)		
	Disorders of	CSO 3.4: to discuss on the		
	pituitary gland	disorders of pituitary gland. (U)		
Unit 4:	Structure,	CSO 4.1: to define peripheral	12	26
Peripheral	Hormones,	endocrine glands. (K)		
Endocrine	Functions and	CSO 4.2: to describe the structure		
Glands	Regulation of	of thyroid gland. (K)		
	Thyroid gland,	CSO 4.3: to explain on the		
	Parathyroid,	function and regulations of the		
	Adrenal,	thyroid gland. (U)		
	Pancreas,	CSO 4.4: to describe the structure		
	Ovary and	of the parathyroid gland. (K)		
	Testis	CSO 4.5: to explain on the		
	Hormones in	function and regulations of the		
	homeostasis	parathyroid gland. (U)		
		CSO 4.6: to describe the structure		
		of the adrenal gland(K)		
		CSO 4.7: to explain on the		
		function and regulations of the		
		adrenal gland. (U)		
		CSO 4.8: to describe the structure		
		of the pancreas. (K)		
		CSO 4.9: to explain on the		
		function and regulations of the		
		pancreas. (U)		
		CSO 4.10: to describe the		
		structure of the ovary. (K)		
		CSO 4.11: to explain on the		
		function and regulations of the		
		Ovary. (U)		
		CSO 4.12: to describe Testis		
		hormone in homeostasis. (K)		
Unit 5:	Hormone action	CSO 5.1: to describe hormone	9	20
Regulation of	at Cellular	action at cellular level. (K)		
Hormone	level: Hormone	To explain about Hormone		
Action	receptors,	action at Cellular level		
	transduction	CSO 5.2: To discuss about		
	and regulation;	hormone receptors, transduction		
	Hormone action	and regulation. (U)		
	at Molecular	CSO 5.3: To describe the		

level:	hormone action at Molecular	
Molecular	level. (K)	
mediators,	CSO 5.4: To explain about the	
Genetic control	Molecular mediators. (U)	
of hormone	CSO 5.5: To explain the	
action	Genetic control of hormone	
	action. (U)	

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE
Number of Credit
Number of Hours of Lecture

: Introductory Endocrinology, ZOM 7 (P)

50 Marks

:01

: 30

PRACTICALS

- 1. Dissect and display of Endocrine glands in laboratory bred rat*
- 2. Study of the permanent slides of all the endocrine glands
- 3. Demonstration of hypophysectomy in fishes.
- 4. Designing of primers of any hormone/gene.
- 5. Demonstration of thyroidectomy in rats/mice.
- 6. Demonstration of adrenalectomy in rats/mice

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. General Endocrinology C. Donnell Turner Pub- Saunders Toppan
- 2. Endocrinology: An Integrated Approach; Stephen Nussey and Saffron Whitehead.Oxford:
- BIOS Scientific Publishers; 2001.
- 3. Hadley, M.E. and Levine J.E. 2007. Endocrinology, 6th Edition. Pearson Prentice-Hall, Pearson Education Inc., New Jersey.
- 4. Vertebrate Endocrinology by David O. Norris,

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)	: BASICS OF IMMUNOLOGY (ZOM-8)
Number of Credit	: 03
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Basics of immunology**:

CO 1:	To create awareness and interest in students about the perspective of immunology and how		
	the immune system operates in organisms.		
CO 2:	To make the students understand innate and adaptive immunity.		
CO 3:	To create an understanding among students, the structure and function of different classes of immunoglobulins and acquaint them with hybridoma technology.		
CO 4:	To inculcate and create interest among students in the understanding of Major Histocompatibility Complex and Cytokines.		
CO 5:	To help students gain knowledge and understanding about complement system, hypersensitivity and vaccines.		

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objective	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		(CSOs)	Hours		
UNIT 1	Historical	CSO 1.1: to define the term	7	16	
Overview of	perspective of	Immunity and Immune			
Immune System	Immunology,	system. (K)			
	Cells and organs	CSO 1.2: to describe the			
	of the immune	historical perspective of			
	system, barriers of	immunology. (U)			
	immune system	CSO 1.3: to explain how			
		immunology progress over			
		time. (U)			
		CSO 1.4: to illustrate the			
		cells of the immune system.			
		(A)			
		CSO 1.5: to elaborate the			
		organs of the immune			
		system. (U)			
		CSO 1.6: to demonstrate			
		how anatomy act as barrier			
		of immune system. (A)			
		CSO 1.7: to understand how			
		physiology act as barrier of			
	TCI	immune system. (U)	10	26	
UNIT 2	Inflammation,	CSO 2.1: to define the term	12	26	
Innate and	Cell and	innate and adaptive			
Adaptive	molecules	immunity. (K)			
Immunity	involved in innate	CSO 2.2: to discuss types of			
	immunity,	inflammation. (U)			
	Adaptive	CSO 2.3: to explain how			
	immunity (Cell	inflammation is vital to			
	mediated and	health. (U)			

	1 1				
	humoral);	CSO 2.4: to generalise Cell			
	Passive: Artificial	and involved in innate			
	and natural	immunity. (A)			
	Immunity, Active:	CSO 2.5: to summarise the			
	Artificial and	molecules involved in innate			
	natural Immunity,	immunity (A)			
	Immune	CSO 2.6: to define adaptive			
	dysfunctions	immunity. (K)			
	(brief account of	CSO 2.7: to explain			
	autoimmunity	adaptive immunity. (U)			
	with reference to	CSO 2.8: to illustrate cell			
	Rheumatoid	mediated immunity. (A)			
	Arthritis and	CSO 2.9: to illustrate			
	tolerance, AIDS).	humoral immunity. (A)			
	, ,	CSO 2.10: to understand			
		Passive: Artificial and			
		natural Immunity. (U)			
		CSO 2.11:to illustrate			
		Active: Artificial and natural			
		Immunity. (A)			
		CSO 2.12: to define			
		Immune dysfunctions. (K)			
		CSO 2.13: to give a brief			
		account of autoimmunity.			
		(K)			
		CSO 2.14: to cite a brief			
		account on Rheumatoid			
		Arthritis. (K) CSO 2.15: to define			
		tolerance. (K)			
		CSO 2.16: to discuss briefly			
		on AIDS. (U)	10	22	
UNIT 3	Structure and	CSO 3.1: to define	10	22	
Immunoglobulins	functions of	Immunoglobulins. (K)			
	different classes	CSO 3.2: to explain the			
	of	structure of			
	immunoglobulins,	Immunoglobulins. (U)			
	Antigen- antibody	CSO 3.3: to classify			
	interactions,	Immunoglobulins. (U)			
	Immunoassays	CSO 3.4: to explain the			
	(ELISA and RIA).	different structures of			
	Hybridoma	Immunoglobulins. (U)			
	technology:	CSO 3.5: to illustrate the			
	Monoclonal	function of different classes			
	antibodies in	of immunoglobulin. (A)			
	therapeutics and	CSO 3.6: to define antigen			
	diagnosis.	and antibody. (K)			
		CSO 3.7: to discuss how			
		antigen-antibody interacts.			

Major1Histocompatibility1Complex and1Cytokines11213444 <t< th=""><th>Structure and functions of MHC molecules. Endogenous and exogenous pathways of antigen processing and presentation Properties and functions of cytokines, Therapeutics Cytokines</th><th>(U) CSO 3.8: to illustrate different technique for the detection of antigen- antibody interaction. (A) CSO 3.9:to define Immunoassay. (K) CSO 3.10: to demonstrate the technique of ELISA. (A) CSO 3.11:to explain the technique of RIA. (U) CSO 3.12: to describe hybridoma technology. (U) CSO 3.13: to illustrate the use of Monoclonal antibodies in therapeutics. (A) CSO 3.14: to illustrate the use of Monoclonal antibodies in diagnosis. (A) CSO 4.1: to define Major Histocompatibility Complex (MHC). (K) CSO 4.2: to define Cytokines. (K) CSO 4.3: to illustrate the structure of MHC. (A) CSO 4.4: to discuss the function of MHC. (U) CSO 4.5: to illustrate the Endogenous pathway of antigen processing and presentation. (A) CSO 4.7: to discuss the properties of cytokines. (U) CSO 4.8: to demonstrate the exogenous pathway of antigen processing and presentation. (A) CSO 4.9: to interpret the use of cytokines. (A) CSO 4.9: to interpret the use of cytokines in therapeutics. (A)</th><th>8</th><th>18</th></t<>	Structure and functions of MHC molecules. Endogenous and exogenous pathways of antigen processing and presentation Properties and functions of cytokines, Therapeutics Cytokines	(U) CSO 3.8: to illustrate different technique for the detection of antigen- antibody interaction. (A) CSO 3.9:to define Immunoassay. (K) CSO 3.10: to demonstrate the technique of ELISA. (A) CSO 3.11:to explain the technique of RIA. (U) CSO 3.12: to describe hybridoma technology. (U) CSO 3.13: to illustrate the use of Monoclonal antibodies in therapeutics. (A) CSO 3.14: to illustrate the use of Monoclonal antibodies in diagnosis. (A) CSO 4.1: to define Major Histocompatibility Complex (MHC). (K) CSO 4.2: to define Cytokines. (K) CSO 4.3: to illustrate the structure of MHC. (A) CSO 4.4: to discuss the function of MHC. (U) CSO 4.5: to illustrate the Endogenous pathway of antigen processing and presentation. (A) CSO 4.7: to discuss the properties of cytokines. (U) CSO 4.8: to demonstrate the exogenous pathway of antigen processing and presentation. (A) CSO 4.9: to interpret the use of cytokines. (A) CSO 4.9: to interpret the use of cytokines in therapeutics. (A)	8	18
Complement J System, d	Components and pathways of complement activation;	CSO 5.1: to define complement system. (K) CSO 5.2: to elaborate on various components of	8	18

	brief description	pathways of complement
	of various types of	system activation. (A)
	Hypersensitivities;	ČSO 5.4: to define
	Types of vaccines.	hypersensitivity. (K)
		CSO 5.5: to classify
		hypersensitivity base on Gell
		and Coombs' classification.
		(U)
		CSO 5.6: to discuss Type I
		hypersensitivity. (U)
		CSO 5.7: to elaborate Type
		II hypersensitivity. (U)
		CSO 5.8: to illustrate Type
		III hypersensitivity. (A)
		CSO 5.9: to explain Type
		IV hypersensitivity. (U)
		CSO 5.10:to define
		vaccine. (K)
		CSO 5.11: to discuss types
		of vaccine.
NAME OF THE PAI	PER, CODE	: BASICS OF IMMUNOLOGY, ZOM 8 (P)
Number of Credit		: 01
Number of Hours of	Lecture	: 30

complement system. (U)

CSO 5.3: to interpret the

PRACTICAL

and Vaccines

- 1. Demonstration of lymphoid organs.
- 2. Histological study of spleen, thymus and lymph nodes through slides/photographs
- 3. Preparation of stained blood film to study various types of blood cells.
- 4. Ouchterlony's double immuno-diffusion method.

Gell and Coombs'

classification and

- 5. ABO blood group determination.
- 6. Demonstration of Immuno-electrophoresis.
- * The experiments can be performed depending upon usage of animals in UG courses.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Kindt, T. J., Goldsby, R.A., Osborne, B. A. and Kuby, J (2006). *Immunology*, VI Edition. W.H. Freeman and Company.
- 2. David, M., Jonathan, B., David, R. B. and Ivan R. (2006). *Immunology*, VII Edition, Mosby, Elsevier Publication.
- 3. Abbas, K. Abul and Lechtman H. Andrew (2003.) *Cellular and Molecular Immunology*. V Edition. Saunders Publication.

50 Marks

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)	
Number of Credit	
Number of Hours of Lecture	

: Insect Vectors and Diseases (ZOM-9)

: 03 : 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Insect Vectors and Diseases:**

CO 1:	To conduct studies related to all aspects of ecology related to insect-borne diseases.
CO 2:	Study the major diseases caused by vector borne pathogens.
CO 3:	Understand the major concepts of Flea-borne diseases
CO 4:	Understand the basic biology of major insect vectors.
CO 5:	To learn about Hempitera as Disease Vectors.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		Objective (CSOs)	Hours		
UNIT 1	Brief introduction of Carrier and Vectors	CSO 1.1: To explain brief introduction of	9	20	
Concept of	(mechanical and	Carrier and Vectors			
Vectors and	biological vector),	(mechanical and			
Insects as	Reservoirs, Host-	biological vector). (U).			
Vectors	vector relationship,	CSO 1.2: To explain			
	Adaptations as	about Reservoirs, Host-			
	vectors, Host	vector relationship. (U).			
	Specificity. Detailed	CSO 1.3: To discuss			
	features of orders	about adaptations as			
	with insects as	vectors, Host			
	vectors – Diptera,	Specificity. (U).			
	Siphonaptera,	CSO 1.4: To explain			
	Siphunculata,	about detailed features			
	Hemiptera	of orders with insects as			
		vectors – Diptera,			
		Siphonaptera,			
		Siphunculata,			
		Hemiptera. (U).			
UNIT 2	Dipterans as	CSO2.1: To explain	18	38	
Dipteran as	important insect	about Dipterans as			
Disease Vectors	vectors –	important insect vectors			
	Mosquitoes, Sand	- Mosquitoes, Sand fly,			
	fly, Houseflies;	Houseflies. (U)			
	Study of mosquito-	CSO 2.2: To explain			
	borne diseases –	mosquito-borne diseases			
	Malaria, Dengue;	_			
	Control of	Control of mosquitoes.			
	mosquitoes Study of				
	sand fly-borne	CSO 2.3: To explains			
	diseases – Visceral	and fly-borne diseases -			
	Leishmaniasis,	Visceral Leishmaniasis,			

	Phlebotomus fever;	Phlebotomus fever;		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	Control of Sand fly	Control of Sand fly. (U)		
	Study of house fly as			
	important	house fly as important		
	mechanical vector,	,		
	Myiasis, Control of	•		
	house fly.	house fly (U).		
UNIT 3	Study of Flea-borne	CSO 3.1:to discuss	6	14
Siphonaptera as	diseases – Plague,	Study Flea-borne		
Disease Vectors	Typhus fever; Control	diseases – Plague,		
	of fleas.	Typhus fever(U).		
		CSO 3.2: To explain		
		about Control of fleas		
		(U).		
UNIT4	Study of louse-borne	CSO 4.1:to explain	6	14
Siphunculata as	diseases –Typhus	louse-borne diseases –	Ū.	
Disease Vectors	fever, Phthiriasis;			
Discuse vectors	Control of human	Phthiriasis(U).		
	louse.	CSO 4.2: To discuss		
	10050.	about Control of human		
UNIT 5	Dland quality a hugay	louse. (U) CSO5.1: To discuss	6	14
	Blood-sucking bugs;		0	14
Hempitera as	Chagas disease, Bed	about Blood-sucking		
Disease Vectors	bugs as mechanical	bugs. (U).		
	vectors, Control and	CSO 5.2: to		
	prevention measures	explainabout Chagas		
		disease (U).		
		CSO 5.3: to explain <i>Bed</i>		
		bugs as mechanical		
		vectors(U).		
		CSO 5.4: o discuss about		
		Control and prevention		
		measures. (U).		

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: Insect Vectors and Diseases, ZOM-9 (P)
Number of Credit	: 01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRACTICAL

50 Marks

1. Study of different kinds of mouth parts of insects

2. Study of following insect vectors through permanent slides/ photographs: Aedes, Culex, Anopheles, Pediculus humanus capitis, Pediculus humanus corporis, Phithirus pubis, Xenopsyllacheopis, Cimex lectularius, Phlebotomus argentipes, Musca domestica, through permanent slides/ photographs

3. Study of three diseases transmitted by insect vectors.

4. Submission of a project report on any one of the insect vectors and disease transmitted.

SUGGESTED READINGS 1. Imms, A.D. (1977).

- 1. A General Text Book of Entomology. Chapman & Hall, UK
- 2. Chapman, R.F. (1998). The Insects: Structure and Function. IV Edition, Cambridge University Press, UK
- Pedigo L.P. (2002). Entomology and Pest Management. Prentice Hall Publication 4. Mathews, G. (2011). Integrated Vector Management: Controlling Vectors of Malaria and Other Insect Vector Borne Diseases. Wiley-Blackwell

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE)	: Animal Diversity (ZOM 10)
Number of Credit	: 03
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 45

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs):

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Animal Physiology-I:
 CO1: This course gives a framework for understanding the diversity within different groups.
 CO2: To understand the importance of animal kingdom in the context of hierarchy and their role in ecological development.
 CO3: To provide an overview of the invertebrate and vertebrate animals including nematodes, flatworms, arthropods, Mollusca, fishes, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals.
 CO4: To give an overview of the general features of different classes of animals.
 CO5: To provide information on the different adaptation by different group of animals.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course specific outcome	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		(CSOs)	Hours		
Unit 1: Protista,	General	CSO 1.1: To learn the	9	20	
Porifera	characters of	fundamentals of animal			
	Protozoa; Life	classification. (K)			
	cycle of	CSO 1.2: To learn the			
	Plasmodium	basics of protozoa. (K)			
	General	CSO 1.3: To study the			
	characters and	general characteristics of			
	canal system in	protozoa. (K+U)			
	Porifera	CSO 1.4: To give an			
		introduction to			
		plasmodium. (K)			
		CSO 1.5: To study the			
		general features of			
		plasmodium. (K)			
		CSO 1.6: To understand			
		the life cycle of			
		plasmodium. (U)			
		CSO 1.7: To study the			
		pathogenicity of			
		plasmodium. (U)			
		CSO 1.8: To learn the			
		general characteristics of			
		porifera. (K)			
		CSO 1.9: To study the			
		canal system in porifera.			
		(U)			
Unit 2:	General	CSO 2.1: To give an	9	20	
Acoelomates,	characters of	introduction to helminthes.			
Pseudocoelomates	Helminthes; Life	(K)			
	cycle of Taenia	CSO 2.2: To study the			
	solium	general features of			

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	General	helminthes. (K)			
	characters of	CSO 2.3: To learn the			
	Nemathelminthes				
	Parasitic	(K)			
	Adaptation	CSO 2.4: To study the			
		general characters of			
		Taenia solium. (K)			
		CSO 2.5: To study the life			
		cycle of Taenia solium. (U)			
		CSO 2.6: To understand			
		the pathogenicity of Taenia			
		solium. (U)			
		CSO 2.7: To study the			
		general features of			
		nemathelminthes. (K)			
		CSO 2.8: To understand			
		the parasitic adaptations in			
		nemhelminthes. (U)			
Unit 3: Arthropoda,	General	CSO 3.1: To give an	9	20	
Mollusca	characters. Social	introduction to insects. (K)			
	life in insects	CSO 3.2: To learn and			
	General	study the general characters			
	characters of	of insects. (K)			
	mollusca; Pearl	CSO 3.3: To understand			
	formation	sociality in insects. (U)			
		CSO 3.4: To study the			
		different types of social			
		organisation in insects. (U)			
		CSO 3.5: To learn basics			
		on molluscs. (K)			
		CSO 3.6: To study the			
		general features of mollusc.			
		(K)			
		CSO 3.7: To understand			
		the phenomenon of pearl			
		formation. (U)			
Unit 4:	Salient features	CSO 4.1: To give an	9	20	
Protochordata,	Osmoregulation,	introduction to tetrapods.			
Pisces and	Migration of	(K)			
Amphibia	fishes	CSO 4.2: To learn the			
	General	basics of osmoregulation.			
	characters,	(K)			
	Parental care in	CSO 4.3: To study the			
	Amphibian	salient features of			
		osmoregulation. (K)			
		CSO 4.4: To understand			
		the different types of			
		osmoregulatory			
		mechanisms in different			

Unit 5: Reptiles, Aves and Mammalia	General characters of Reptiles Aves	animals. (U) CSO 4.5: To study the general features of fishes. (K) CSO 4.6: To learn the phenomenon of migration in fishes. (U) CSO 4.7: To study the general features of amphibians. (K) CSO 4.8: To understand the concept of parental care in amphibians. (U) CSO 5.1: To give an introduction to terrestrial animals. (K)	9	20	
Mammalia	Reptiles, Aves and Mammals Flight adaptation in birds Terrestrial adaptation in reptiles	animals. (K) CSO 5.2: To study the general features of reptiles. (K) CSO 5.3: To understand the poison apparatus and biting mechanism in snakes. (U) CSO 5.4: To study the general features of aves. (K)			
		CSO 5.5: To understand the flight adaptation and migration in aves. (U) CSO 5.6: To understand the terrestrial adaptations in reptiles. (U) CSO 5.7: To study the general characters of mammals. (K)			

NAME OF THE PAPER, CODE	: Animal Diversity, ZOM 10 (P)
Number of Credit	:01
Number of Hours of Lecture	: 30

PRACTICALS

- 1. Study of following specimens: Non-Chordates: Euglena, Paramecium, Sycon, Physalia, Tubipora, Metridium, Taenia, Ascaris, Peripatus, Limulus, Dentallium, Chiton, Millipeda, Centipede. Chordates: Balanoglossus, Petromyzon, Hippocampus, Salamander, Naja, Viper, any three common birds.
- 2. Study of following Permanent Slides: Ascaris (male and female), T.S. of Earthworm passing through Pharynx, gizzard and thyplosolar intestine. T.S and L.S. of sycon
- 3. Temporary mounts of Unstained mounts of Placoid, cycloid and Ctenoid scales.

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- 1. Barnes, R.D. (1992) Invertebrate Zoology. Saunders College Pub. USA.
- 2. Ruppert, Fox and Barnes (2006) Invertebrate Zoology. A functional
- 3. Evolutionary Approach 7th Edition, Thomson Books/Cole

50 Marks

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE): BEE-KEEPING AND ITS MANAGEMENT (ZOS 1)Number of Credit: 02Number of Hours of Lecture: 30

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

Management.

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Bee-keeping and its management:**

CO 1	To inculcate importance of Bee keeping and Honey processing.
CO 2	To teach techniques of construction of Bee Hives and its maintenance.

CO 3 To disseminate information on economic aspects of honeybee.

Unit & Title **Unit Contents Course Specific Objective** Lecture Marks LOs (CSOs) Hours CSO 1.1: To explain about 24 Unit1 14 History of Bee keeping – Scope and History of Bee keeping. (U) History, Biology importance and Rearing of CSO 1.2: To discuss about Classification Scope and importance. (U) Bees of honey bee species. CSO 1.3: То learn Biology and life classification of honey bee history of Honey species. (K) bee. Bee colony -CSO 1.4: To study Biology social organization, and life history of Honey bee communication, bee. (U) CSO 1.5: To explain Bee swarming. pheromone. colony, social organization, Selection of bee communication (U) Bee **Species** CSO 1.6: To define the for Apiculture, terms swarming and Bee Keeping Equipment. pheromone and its Bee hive – structure functions. (K) and types, Artificial CSO 1.7: To explain about Selection of Bee Species for Bee rearing (Apiary), Beehives-Apiculture. (U) CSO 1.8: To discuss Bee Newton and Keeping Equipment. (U) Langstroth CSO 1.9: To explain about Tools and extraction Bee hive – structure and of honey. types, Artificial Bee rearing (Apiary). (U) CSO 1.10: To study about Beehives-Newton and Langstroth (U) CSO 1.11: To illustrate Tools and extraction of honey. **CSO 2.1:** To explain about Unit 2 Site selection of 8 13

COURSE SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES (CSOs)

apiculture, flora of

Site selection of apiculture,

D'access 1		\mathbf{f}			
Diseases and	apiculture – nectar,	± , , ,			
enemies	non-nectar and	CSO 2.2: To define nectar,			
	pollen plants,	non-nectar and pollen plants			
	modern method of	(K)			
	apiculture, Care and	•			
	management of	economic importance of			
	apiary. Diseases of	nectars, non-nectars and			
	Honey bee –	pollen plants(U)			
	Symptoms and	CSO 2.4: To explain about			
	control measures.	modern method of			
	Bee enemies.	apiculture. (U)			
		CSO 2.5: To discuss about			
		Care and management of			
		apiary. (U)			
		CSO 2.6: To describe			
		diseases of Honey bee –			
		Symptoms and control			
		measures. (U)			
		CSO 2.7: To explain Bee			
Imit 2	Droducts and its	enemies (U)	8	13	
Unit 3	Products and its	CSO 3.1: To study about	8	15	
Economy and Entrepreneurship	uses: Honey, Bee	Products and its uses: Honey, Bee wax, Bee			
Entrepreneursinp	wax, Bee venom,	Honey, Bee wax, Bee venom, Pollen, Royal jelly,			
	Pollen, Royal jelly, Propolis – Chemical	Propolis. (K)			
	composition,	CSO 3.2: To explain about			
	nutritional and	Chemical composition,			
	medical value of	1 /			
	honey. Marketing				
	aspects of bee	CSO 3.3: To explain about			
	products.	Marketing aspects of bee			
	Bee Keeping	• •			
	Industry status in	-			
	India, Recent				
	Efforts.	India, Recent Efforts. (U)			
	Pollination support	CSO 3.5: To explain about			
	through beekeeping	Pollination support through			
	-Role of honeybees	beekeeping. (U)			
	in ecosystem	CSO 3.6 : To discuss the			
		role of honeybees in			
		ecosystem. (U)			
	L			1 1	

- 1. Bisht D.S., Apiculture, ICAR Publication.
- 2. Fundamentals of Bee keeping –Sathe. T.V., 2006, Daya Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 3. Bee Keeping in India, Ghosh. G.K., 1998, APH Publishing, New Delhi.

NAME OF THE PAPER (CODE): Introduction to Vermiculture (ZOS 2)Number of Credit: 02Number of Hours of Lecture: 30

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Introduction to Vermiculture:

CO 1:	To make the students understand the morphology and biology of earthworm
CO 2:	To inculcate knowledge in students about habitat ecology of earthworm and to understand the general vermiculture
CO 3:	To make the students understand the differences between <i>Eisenia eugeniae</i> and <i>Eudrilus eugeniae</i> . To make the students understand vermicompost technology.

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objectives (CSOs)	Lecture Hours	Marks	LOs
Unit 1: Morphology and Biology of earthworm	Taxonomic position, external features- shape, size, colour, segmentation, setae & clitellum, Body wall, coelom. Reproductive system - Male & Female, copulation, cocoon formation & fertilization, development of earth worm	taxonomic position of earthworm. (U) CSO 1.2: to describe the external features of an earthworm. (K) CSO 1.3: to describe on the male and female reproductive system of an earthworm. (K)	6	10	
UNIT 2 Habitat Ecology and General Vermicultur e	Burrowers, Casts, Nocturnal, Poikilothermal Ecological grouping – Epigeic species, Endogeic species and Anecics (self-study). Introduction to vermiculture: Definition, history, economic importance,	species with examples. (U) CSO 2.2: to define endogenic species with examples. (U) CSO 2.3: to define anecics species with examples. (U) CSO 2.4: to define Vermiculture (U)	12	20	

	their values in maintenance of soil structure Significance in biotransformation of the residues and production of organic fertilizers	CSO 2.6: to explain the value of earthworm in maintaining soil structure. (K)			
UNIT 3 Comparativ e study of Eisenia eugeniae and Eudrilus eugeniae,Ve rmicompost technology (methods and products)	Taxonomy, Anatomy. Physiology and Reproduction. Vermicompost technology (methods and products)- Construction of vermicompost pits. Large and small scale vermicompost for commercial and home gardens. Harvesting and processing of worm cast (Vermicompost) can be given as self-study (4hrs)	taxonomic position of Eisenia eugeniae and Eudrilus eugeniae. (U) CSO 3.2 : to describe the physiology of Eisenia eugeniae and Eudrilus eugeniae. (K) CSO 3.3 : to describe the reproduction of Eisenia eugeniae and Eudrilus eugeniae. (K) CSO 3.4 : to outline the construction of vermicompost pits. (K)	12	20	

1. Jordan & Verma.2009. Invertebrate Zoology, Chand & Company Ltd.

2. Bhatnagar & Patla.2007. Earthworm vermiculture and vermin-composting, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.

3. Edwards, C.A & P.J Bohlen. 1996. Biology and ecology of earthworms III Edn. Chapman & Hall N.Y.U.S.A.

4. Aravind Kumar, 2005. Verms & Vermi technology, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation, New Delhi.

5. Mary Violet Christy, 2008. Vermi technology, MJP Publishers, Chennai.

: SERICULTURE (ZOS 3)

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Sericulture:**

CO 1:	To impart knowledge to the students about Sericulture and make students understand the biology of Silkworms
CO 2:	To inculcate knowledge in students about rearing of Silkworms
CO 3:	To make students understand on pests and diseases affecting Silkworm and to inculcate knowledge in students about Entrepreneurship in Sericulture

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Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objectives (CSOs)	Lecture Hours	Marks	LOs
UNIT 1: Introduction and Biology of Silkworm	Sericulture: Definition Types of Silkworms, Mulberry and Non- mulberry Sericulture. Life- cycle of Bombyx mori Structure of silk glands and secretion of Silk	different types of Silkworms. (U) CSO 1.3: to discuss on Mulberry and Non- Mulberry sericulture. (U) CSO 1.4: to elaborate on the	8	12	
UNIT 2 Rearing of Silkworms	Selection of mulberry variety and establishment of mulberry garden; Rearing house and rearing appliances; Disinfectants: Formalin, bleaching powder Silkworm rearing technology: Early age and Late age rearing	CSO 2.1: To explain about Selection of mulberry variety and establishment of mulberry garden (U) CSO 2.2: To describe about rearing house and rearing appliances. (K) CSO 2.3: To explain about disinfectants: Formalin, bleaching powder. (U) CSO 2.4: To discuss about Silkworm rearing technology. (U) CSO 2.5: To explain about	10	18	

	Spinning, harvesting and storage of cocoons	Early age and Late age rearing. (U) CSO 2.6: To explain about Spinning, harvesting and storage of cocoons. (U)			
UNIT 3: Pests and Diseases and Entrepreneu r ship in Sericulture	silkworm diseases Control and Prevention of pest and diseases. Prospects of sericulture in India, Sericulture industry in different states. Potential in mulberry and non- mulberry	 CSO 3.2: To discuss about Control and Prevention of pest and diseases. (U) CSO 3.3: To explain about Prospects of sericulture in India. (U) CSO 3.4: To discuss about Sericulture industry in different states. (U) CSO 3.5: To describe about the potential in mulberry and non- 	12	20	

1. Rome. 1976. Manual on Sericulture; Food and Agricultural organization.

2. Director of Ptg., Stn. & Pub. 1956. Silkworm Rearing and Diseases of Silkworm. Govt. Press, Bangalore

- 3. Ed. M. S. Jolly, Director, CSR & TI, Mysore. Appropriate Sericulture Techniques.
- 4. M. N. Narasimhanna, CSB, Bangalore. 1988. Manual of Silkworm Egg Production.
- 5. Wupang—Chun and Chen Da-Chung. Rome 1988. Silkworm Rearing; Pub. By FAO,

: PISCICULTURE (ZOS 4)

: 02 : 30

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper **Pisciculture**:

CO 1:	To study and understand taxonomy and biodiversity of fishes
CO 2:	To understand the physiology of fishes and to make the students aware of how to construct
	fish farm
CO 3:	To make the students learn about preservation and processing of fishes and Biotechnology

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objective	Lecture	Marks	LOs
		(CSOs)	Hours		
UNIT 1	Classification of	1	6	10	
Taxonomy	living fishes (up to	classification of living fishes.			
and	orders), Fish	(U)			
Biodiversity	diversity in India,	CSO 1.2: To discuss about			
	Status of indigenous	Fish diversity in India. (K)			
	and exotic fish	CSO 1.3: To describe about			
	species,	Status of indigenous and			
	conservation of fish	exotic fish species. (K)			
	germplasm. Body	CSO 1.4: To explain about			
	form and	conservation of fish			
	locomotion:	germplasm. (U)			
	Morphological	CSO 1.5: To discuss about			
	adaptation to hill	Body form and locomotion.			
	stream and river.	(K).			
		CSO 1.6: To explain about			
		Morphological adaptation to			
		hill stream and river. (U)			
UNIT 2	Respiration:	CSO 2.1: To explain about	14	24	
Physiology	Mechanism of	1			
and Fish farm	gaseous exchange	CSO 2.2: To discuss about			
construction	and accessory	mechanism of gaseous			
	respiratory organs.	exchange and accessory			
	Excretion: Osmotic	respiratory organs. (K)			
	regulation, acid base	CSO 2.3: To describe about			
	balance, salt and	Osmotic regulation, acid			
	water balance in	base balance, salt and water			
	fresh water.	balance in fresh water. (K)			
	Reproduction:	CSO 2.4: to explain about			
	Gametogenesis,	reproduction (U)			
	reproductive system	CSO 2.5: to elaborate about			
	in teleosts. Pre-	gametogenesis.			
	stocking and post-	(U)			
	stocking	CSO 2.6: to explain			
	management,	reproductive system in			
	management of	teleost. (U)			

	nursery and rearing ponds, Composite fish culture, Integrated fish culture, Aquatic weeds and their control.	CSO 2.7: To explain about Pre-stocking and post- stocking management (U) CSO 2.8: To discuss about management of nursery and rearing ponds. (U) CSO 2.9: to describe about Composite fish culture. (K) CSO 2.10: To explain about Integrated fish culture. (U) CSO 2.11: To discuss about Aquatic weeds and their control. (U)		
UNIT 3 Preservation and processing of fishes and Biotechnology	Fish spoilage, Nutritive value of fish, value added products of fish, water pollution and its effect on fishes, fishing gears. Development and application of transgenic species, Induced breeding and cryopreservation of gametes, Hybridization.	 CSO 3.1: To explain about Fish spoilage. (U) CSO 3.2: To discuss about Nutritive value of fish. (K) CSO 3.3: To explain value added products of fish (U). CSO 3.4: To explain about water pollution and its effect on fishes, (U). CSO 3 .5: to explain on fishing gears (U). CSO 3.6: to define transgenic species (K) CSO 3.7: To explain about Development and application of transgenic species. (U) CSO 3.8: To discuss about Induced breeding. (K) CSO 3.9: to explain cryopreservation of gametes. (U) CSO 3.10: to explain Hybridization. (U) 		

1. Q Bone and R Moore, Biology of Fishes, Talyor and Francis Group, CRC Press, U.K.

2. J.R. Norman, A history of Fishes, Hill and Wang Publishers

3. S.S. Khanna and H.R. Singh, A text book of Fish Biology and Fisheries, Narendra Publishing House

4. C.B.L. Srivastava, Fish Biology, Narendra Publishing

5. R.J. and B.G. Kapoor. The Senses of Fish: Adaptations for the Reception of Natural Stimuli, Springer, Netherlands.

: FOOD, NUTRITION AND HEALTH (ZOS 5)

: 02 : 30

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The follow	The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Food, nutrition and health:				
CO 1:	To make students understand the basic concept of food and nutritional biochemistry.				
CO 2:	To gain knowledge regarding health and importance of food hygiene.				
CO 3:	To make the students, learn about food safety and standards.				

Basic concept of food and	Food Components and food-nutrients Concept of a	Course Specific Objective (CSOs) CSO 1.1: To explain about Food Components. (U).	Hours		
Basic concept of food and	and food-nutrients	1	11		
food and		Food Components (II)	11	18	
	Concept of a	rood Components. (0).			
Nutritional		CSO 1.2: To outline food-			
i (uti iti olititi	balanced diet,	nutrients (U).			
Biochemistry	nutrient needs and	CSO 1.3: To explain			
	dietary pattern for	Concept of a balanced diet			
	various groups-	(U).			
	adults, pregnant and	CSO 1.4: To outline			
	nursing mothers,	nutrient needs and dietary			
	infants, school	pattern for adults (U).			
	children, adolescents	CSO 1.5: to describe			
	and elderly.	nutrient needs and dietary			
	Carbohydrates,	pattern for pregnant and			
	Lipids, Proteins-	nursing mothers (K)			
	Definition,	CSO 1.6: to explain			
	Classification, their	nutrient needs and dietary			
	dietary source and	pattern for infants (U).			
	role Vitamins- Fat-	CSO 1.7: to explain			
	soluble and Water-	nutrient needs and dietary			
	soluble vitamins-	pattern for school children			
	their dietary source	(U)			
	and importance	CSO 1.8: to outline nutrient			
	Minerals- Iron,	needs and dietary pattern			
	calcium, phosphorus	for adolescents and elderly			
	and iodine: their	(K).			
	dietary source and importance, their	CSO 1.9: To explain about			
	biological functions.	Carbohydrates, Lipids, Proteins. (U)			
	biological functions.	CSO 1.10: To define,			
		Classify, their dietary			
		source and role (K)			
		CSO 1.11: To describe			
		Vitamins- Fat-soluble and			
		Water-soluble vitamins-			
		their dietary source and			

		•		
		importance. (K)		
		CSO 1.12: To explain		
		about Minerals- Iron,		
		calcium, phosphorus and		
		iodine: their dietary source		
		and importance, their		
		biological functions. (U)		
UNIT 2	Introduction to health-	CSO 2.1: to define health	13	22
Health and Food	Definition and concept	(U).	_	
hygiene	of health Major	CSO 2.2 : to explain		
nygiene	nutritional Deficiency	Definition and concept of		
	diseases- Protein	health. (U)		
	Energy Malnutrition			
		CSO 2.3: To explain about		
	(kwashiorkor and	Major nutritional Deficiency		
	marasmus), Vitamin A	diseases- Protein Energy		
	deficiency disorders	Malnutrition (kwashiorkor		
	and Iodine deficiency	and marasmus), Vitamin A		
	disorders- their causes,	deficiency disorders and		
	symptoms, treatment	Iodine deficiency disorders-		
	and prevention.	their causes, symptoms,		
	Common ailments-	treatment and prevention (U)		
	cold, cough, and	CSO 2.4: to discuss about		
	fevers, their causes and	Common ailments- cold,		
	treatment.	cough, and fevers, their		
	Potable water-	causes and treatment. (U).		
	sources and methods	CSO 2.5: To explain about		
	of purification at	Potable water- sources and		
	domestic level Food	methods of purification at		
	and Water borne	domestic level. (U).		
	infections: Bacterial	CSO 2.6: To discuss about		
	infection: Typhoid	Food and Water borne		
	fever, dysentery	infections: Bacterial		
	Parasitic infection:	infection: Typhoid fever,		
	taeniasis their	dysentery. (U)		
	transmission,	CSO 2.7: To explain about		
	causative agent,	Parasitic infection: taeniasis		
	sources of infection,	their transmission,		
	symptoms and	causative agent, sources of		
	prevention Brief	infection, symptoms and		
	account of food	prevention (U)		
	spoilage: Causes of	CSO 2.8: To outline brief		
	food spoilage and	account of food spoilage:		
	their preventive	Causes of food spoilage and		
	measures.	their preventive measures		
		(K).		
		(/-		
UNIT 3	Food quality	CSO 3.1: To explain about	6	10
Food Safety and	1 2	_	0	10
Standard	assurance-	1 5		
Stanuaru	Introduction to	(U).		

quality assurance;	CSO 3.2: To discuss about
1 2	
Principles of Quality	quality assurance. (U).
assurance. Food	CSO 3.3: To describe
packaging-Functions	Principles of Quality
of food packaging,	assurance. (K).
requirement for	CSO 3.4: To discuss about
effective food	Food Packaging-Functions
packaging, food	of food packaging,
packaging materials	requirement for effective
and forms, safety of	food packaging, food
food packaging.	packaging materials and
	forms, safety of food
	packaging (U).

1. Mudambi, SR and Rajagopal, MV. (2007). Fundamentals of Foods, Nutrition and Diet Therapy; Fifth Ed; New Age International Publishers

2. Srilakshmi B. (2007). Food Science; Fourth Ed; New Age International (P) Ltd.

3. Bamji MS, Rao NP, and Reddy V. (2009) Text Book of Human Nutrition; Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt Ltd.

4. Wardlaw GM, Hampl JS. (2007). Perspectives in Nutrition; Seventh Ed; McGraw Hill.

5. Lakra P, Singh MD. (2008). Textbook of Nutrition and Health; First Ed; Academic Excellence.

: MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS (ZOS 6)

: 02 : 30

COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs)

The following are the Course Objectives (COs) for the paper Medical Diagnostics

CO 1:	To make the students understand the importance of medical diagnostics and methods used in urine analysis.
CO 2:	To have developed the understanding of methods used in the analysis of blood
CO 3:	To impart knowledge to the students about non- infectious diseases and infectious diseases its diagnosis, symptoms and prevention

Unit & Title	Unit Contents	Course Specific Objectives (CSOs)	Lecture Hours	Marks	LOs
UNIT 1 Introduction and Diagnostic Methods Used for Urine Analysis	Introduction to Medical Diagnostics and its Importance. Urine Analysis: Physical characteristics; Abnormal constituents	CSO 1.1: to define medical diagnostics. (K) CSO 1.2: To discuss the importance of Medical Diagnostics. (U) CSO 1.3: to explain on urine analysis. (U) CSO 1.4: to list the physical characteristics of urine analysis. (K) CSO 1.5: to explain abnormal constituents of urine analysis. (U)	6	10	
UNIT 2 Diagnostic Methods Used for analysis of Blood	Blood composition, Preparation of blood smear and Differential Leucocyte Count (D.L.C) using Leishman's stain, Platelet count using haemocytometer, Erythrocyte Sedimentary Rate (E.S.R), Packed Cell Volume (P.C.V.)	CSO 2.1: to outline on blood composition. (K) CSO 2.2: to explain on the preparation of blood smear. (U) CSO 2.3: to explain on the preparation Differential Leucocyte Count (D.L.C) using Leishman's stain. (U) CSO 2.4: to describe Platelet count using haemocytometer. (K) CSO 2.5: to explain Erythrocyte Sedimentary Rate (E.S.R). (U) CSO 2.6: to explain Packed Cell Volume (P.C.V.). (U)	12	20	
UNIT-3 Non- infectious	Causes, types, symptoms, complications,	CSO 3.1: to define non- infectious diseases. (K) CSO 3.2: to explain on the	12	20	

Diseases and	diagnosis and	causes, types, symptoms,	
Infectious	prevention of	complications, diagnosis and	
Diseases	Diabetes (Type I	prevention of Diabetes (Type I	
	and Type II),	and Type II). (U)	
	Hypertension	CSO 3.3: to explain on the	
	(Primary and	causes, types, symptoms,	
	secondary), Testing	complications, diagnosis and	
	of blood glucose	prevention of Hypertension	
	using	(Primary and secondary). (U)	
	Glucometer/kit.	CSO 3.4: to understand testing	
	Causes, types,	of blood glucose using	
	symptoms,	Glucometer/kit. (K)	
	diagnosis and	CSO 3.5: to define infectious	
	prevention of	diseases. (K)	
	Tuberculosis and	CSO 3.6: to explain on the	
	Hepatisis.	Causes, types, symptoms,	
	Types	diagnosis and prevention of	
	(Benign/Malignant)	Tuberculosis. (U)	
	, X-Ray of Bone	CSO 3.7: to explain on the	
	fracture, MRI and	Causes, types, symptoms,	
	CT-Scan (using	diagnosis and prevention of	
	photographs)	Hepatisis. (U)	
		CSO 3.8: to explain on the types	
		of benign tumour. (U)	
		CSO 3.9: to explain on the types	
		of malignant tumour. (U)	
		CSO 3.10: to illustrate X-Ray	
		bone structure through	
		photographs. (A)	
		CSO 3.11: to illustrate and	
		demonstrate MRI through	
		photographs. (A)	
		CSO 3.12: to illustrate CT-Scan	
		through photographs. (A)	

1. Park, K. (2007), Preventive and Social Medicine, B.B. Publishers

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3. Guyton A.C. and Hall J.E. Textbook of Medical Physiology, Saunders

4. Robbins and Cortan, Pathologic Basis of Disease, VIII Edition, Saunders

5. Prakash, G. (2012), Lab Manual on Blood Analysis and Medical Diagnostics, S. Chand and Co. Ltd.